



ARAB REPUBLIC OF EGYPT [٧٩] ث.ع / أول / ج
Ministry of Education
General Secondary Education Certificate Examination, 2011
[Second Stage – First Session]

PHYSICS

Time: 3 Hours

الفيزياء [باللغة الإنجليزية]

تنبيه هام : يسلم الطالب ورقة امتحانية باللغة العربية مع الورقة المترجمة [الأسئلة في أربع صفحات]

Answer FIVE questions only from the following:

Question[1]

A- Mention one use for each of the following:

- 1- The mercury barometer.
- 2- Dewar's flask
- 3- The electric motor.
- 4- The multiplier resistor in voltmeter

B- Explain the scientific idea on which the function of the following is based:

- 1- The optical fibers
- 2- Laser
- 3- Induction furnaces

C- A light ray falls on the face of a triangular prism with a 45° angle and emerges from the other side with a 52° angle. Given that the refractive index for the prism material is 1.5, calculate the angle of the prism.

Question[2]

A- What's meant by each of the following:

- 1- Coefficient of viscosity of a liquid.
- 2- The dispersive power for a triangular prism.
- 3- Hologram.
- 4- Work function.

B- Write down the equivalent unit of the following and mention the physical quantities that are measured by each of them:

- 1- Henry
- 2- N/m^2
- 3- weber/ m^2

C- A step down transformer of 100% efficiency, has 600 turns on its secondary coil used to operate a device of power 48 watt and potential difference 24 volt, using an electric source of e.m.f 200 volt. Calculate:

- 1- The number of turns in the primary coil.
- 2- Current intensity in the secondary coil.
- 3- Current intensity in the primary coil.

[بقية الأسئلة في الصفحة الثانية]

[2]

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Question[3]

A- Write down the scientific concept for each of the following:

- 1- The ratio between the cross-sectional area of large piston to the cross-sectional area of small piston in hydraulic press.
- 2- Scale deflection per unit current intensity through the coil of the galvanometer.
- 3- The wavelength at maximum radiation intensity is inversely proportional to temperature.
- 4- Superposition between two waves of same amplitude, but their frequencies are slightly different.

B- Mention the factors affecting the force acted on a straight wire carrying current in a normal magnetic field then:

- 1- Write the mathematical relation between the force and these factors.
- 2- Deduce a definition for magnetic flux density.

C- A gas of volume 30 cm^3 , its pressure 75 cm Hg and its temperature 300k. Concerning the laws of gases, complete the shown table.

Pressure in cm.Hg	Volume in cm^3	Temperature in Celsius
76	27
74	20
.....	30	57

Question[4]

A- Mention the necessary condition for the occurrence of each of the following:

- 1- The equality of the incidence angle for a light ray and the angle of emergence on a triangular prism.
- 2- Vanishing of the electric resistance in some metals.
- 3- The release of electron out of the metal surface when light falls on it.
- 4- Vanishing of the induced current in a straight wire moving in a uniform magnetic field.

[بقية الأسئلة في الصفحة الثالثة]

[3]

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B- Compare between each of the following:

- 1- Fleming's left hand rule and Ampere's right hand rule (with respect to application).
- 2- Spontaneous emission and stimulated emissions (with respect to occurrence).
- 3- Destructive interference and constructive interference (with respect to path difference).

C- A spherical balloon of volume 4000 cm^3 contains helium at an (inside) pressure of $1.2 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa}$. How many moles of helium are in the balloon if the average kinetic energy of helium atoms is $3.6 \times 10^{-22} \text{ J}$? (given that Boltzmann constant = $1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/k}$ & universal gas constant = 8.31 J/mole.k)

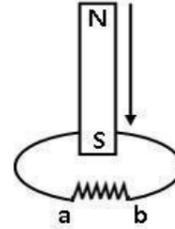
Question[5]**A- Choose the correct answer from those between brackets:**

- 1- The wavelength of the fourth harmonic tone for a vibrating string is given from the relation. $\lambda = \dots\dots$

$$\left(\frac{2\ell}{5} - \frac{\ell}{2} - \frac{2\ell}{3} \right)$$

- 2- Monochromatic means that laser has
(one wavelength - a band of wavelengths - doesn't obey inverse square law)

- 3- In the opposite figure, if the bar magnet is being moved towards the loop, the potential of point (a) should be the potential of point (b).
(greater than - less than - equal to)



- 4- The ratio between the photon energy after collision to its energy before collision is in Compton Effect.
(greater than one - equal one - less than one)

B- Prove that; in steady flow, the velocity of the liquid at any point in the tube is inversely proportional to cross-sectional area of the tube at that point.

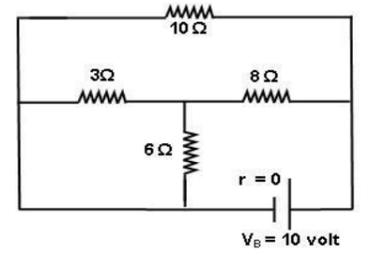
[بقية الأسئلة في الصفحة الرابعة]

[4]

تابع [٧٩] ث.ع / أول / ج

C- From the shown circuit, calculate:

- 1- The equivalent resistance of the circuit.
- 2- The total current intensity passing through the circuit.
- 3- The electric current intensity passing through 6Ω .

**Question[6]****A- What are the implications of each of the following?**

- 1- The transfer of sound waves from a gas medium of less density to a denser gas medium.
- 2- The increase of the distance between the two slits in Thomas Young's experiment for interference of light.
- 3- Passing of electric current in the same direction in two parallel wires.
- 4- The replacement of two metallic rings by a metallic cylinder split into two insulated halves in dynamo.

B- Explain **with drawing** an experiment to show that equal volumes of different gases expand equally when heated through the same of temperature rise at constant pressure.

C- The following table illustrates the relation between the pressure (**P**) at a point inside the water of a lake and the depth (**h**) of this point below the water surface.

P (bar)	1.4	1.8	2.2	2.6	3
h (meters)	4	8	12	16	20

Draw a graph between the pressure (**P**) on the Y-axis and the depth (**h**) on the X-axis. From the graph, **find:**

- 1- The value of the atmospheric pressure in Pascal.
- 2- The density of lake water given that $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$.

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[انتهت الأسئلة]