

Hello ! English Gulliver's Travels

الصف الثاني الثانوي الفصل الدراسي الثاني

By

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Listening

poem	قصيدة	jungle	أدغال	inspiring	ملهم
unforgiving	غير طيب / صعب	worth	قيمة / فائدة	a second	ثانية
achieve	ينجز / يحقق	develop	يطور	amount	كمية
childhood	طفولة	lists	قوائم	adults	بالغين
volleyball	الكرة الطائرة	teenager	مراهق	author	مؤلف
editor	محرر	nature	طبيعة	consider	يضع في الاعتبار

Reading

	•				
bear (v)	يتحمل	virtue	فضيلة	keep your head	يظل هادئ
foe	عدو	ability	قدرة	lose your head	ينفعل
impostor	محتال	aim	هدف	make allowances for	يعطي سماح لشخص له مشكلة
blame	يلوم	pretend	يتظاهر	worn - out	
trust	يثق في	thoughts (n)	أفكار	common touch	القدرة ان تكون ودود
master	سيد	triumph	نجاح / انتصار	understanding	متفهم
disaster	كارثة	treat	يعامل	opportunities	رص
the truth	الحقيقة	knave	مخادع / محتال	non-fiction	أعمال نثرية لا تعتمد علي الخيال
fool (n)	غبى	doubt	شك	stoop	يمشى حانياً رأسه للإمام
crowds	حشود	distance	مسافة	unforgiving	صعب
honest	امين	give way to	يسمح	friendly	ودود
painful	مؤلم	behaviour	سلوك	remain	يظل / يبقى
patient	صبور	wise	حکيم	school books	کتب مدرسیة
modest	متواضع	ambitious	شخص طموح	reliable	موثوق به
morals	اخلاق	a trap	کمین / فخ	twist	يشق طريقة بشكل ملتؤ

Grammar

amazed	مندهش	notice (v)	يلاحظ	drops	قطرات
form	شکل	crash	تصادم	hills	تلال
realise	يدرك	responsibility	مسئولية	lock (v)	يغلق بالقفل



Critical Thinking

calm	هادي	rhyme	قافية	verse	فقرة شعرية
brave	شجاع	revise	يراجع	imaginative	يستخدم الخيال
rules	قواعد	ladder	سلم	possess	يملك
fun	متعة	chips	شرائح	hyphen	علامة [-] للوصل في كلمة مركبة

Communication Skills

summarise	يلخص	blanket	بطانية	generous	كريم
lonely	وحيدأ	mountaineer	متسلق حبال	sensible	عاقل
tolerant	متسامح	ideal	مثالي	member	فرد / عضو
poet	شاعر	diplomat	دبلوماسي	poetess	شاعرة

Workbook

cupboard	دولاب	extremely	بشدة	diary	مفكرة / أجندة
exhausted	منهك	boring	ممل	coin	عملة معدنية
upset	منزعج	practise	يمارس	talk (n)	حوار / حديث
tools	أد <i>و</i> ات	brilliant	ذكي	old – fashioned	موضة قديمة
relax	يسترخي	draft	مسودة	description	وصف
castle	قلعة	inspiration	الهام	forgiving	غفور
worthless	عديم القيمة	incorrect	غير صحيح	open (adj)	مفتوح

OPPOSITES

h.				
fiction	أعمال أدبية بها خيال	Х	non – fiction	أعمال نثرية لا تعتمد علي الخيال
interesting	شيق	Х	boring	ممل
virtue	فضيلة	Х	vice	رذيلة
correct	صحيح	Х	incorrect	غير صحيح
	1	WB: 99)	
brave	شجاع	Х	frightened	خائف
calm	هادئ	Х	nervous	مضطرب
imaginative	لديه خيال	Х	unimaginative	ليس لدية خيال
kind	طيب	Х	cruel	قاسی
strong	قوي	Х	weak	ضعيف



GRAMMAR HINTS

enjoy + مصدر ing	enjoy writing	يستمتع بالكتابة
بدون حرف جر	trust himself	يثق بنفسه
مصدر decide to	decide to read	يقرر أن يقرأ
have the ability to + مصدر	have the ability to talk	لديه القدرة أن يتحدث
go for a / an اسم	go for a walk	يذهب في تمشية
ing مصدر + go	go walking	يذهب في تمشية
a / an لا تجمع ولا تسبق fun	fun (u)	متعة

تستخدم ألفصله (,) لأشياء في قائمة

- Kipling wrote children's books , books for adults and poems .
- I like poems about nature , science , sport and the family .
- My brother plays tennis , football , volleyball and squash .



ينمو / يكبر (جزء من عملية طبيعية اطفال / حيوانات / نباتات) grew	ينضج (نمو الأطفال وانتقالهم من الطفولة للنضوج) grow up				
-Mona's little boy grew four centimeters last year					
- Many of these children grow up in an atmosphe	re of violence. مناخ من العنف				
2 blame on يستعمل حرف الجر On بعد شيء وقبل شخص	یستعمل حرف الجر for بعد شخص وقبل شيء blame for				
- When children behave يتصرفوا badly, people <i>blame</i> it <i>on</i> their teachers.					
- Nobody can <i>blame</i> you <i>for</i> telling the truth.					
اسم معدود یشیر إلى شخص احمق (n) 3 fool (n)	صفة تقال عن شخص أنه احمق (adj)				
- I was a <i>fool</i> to believe him.	- I was <i>foolish</i> to believe him.				
بمفردة (عدم وجود آخرین حوله) 4 - alone	وحيداً (حزين لأنه لا احد يهتم به أو يحبه) lonely				
- I have thought about getting married, but I prefer living <i>alone</i> .					
- I was <i>lonely</i> at first but then I made some friends.					
5 hear of / about يسمع عن	hear from يسمع من				
- Have you heard of EIKhateeb?	- It's ages since I <i>heard from</i> you.				
شئ تتمني أن تحققه عندما تفعل شيئا ما aim	شيء في غاية الأهمية تريد أن تنجزه من زمن بعيد ambition				
- Mohamed Salah's <i>ambition</i> is to play for Egypt	in the World Cup.				
- The <i>aim</i> of the course is to develop the student's writing skill.					
عاقل (شخص قادر على اتخاذ قرارات سليمة) sensible	حساس (شخص مضطرب أو مجروح في مشاعره) sensitive				
- Be sensible you can't wear high heels to a garden party.					
- Children are very sensitive, they all need love a	nd attention.				
8 forget ينسي	ينسي في مكان				
- I'm sorry, I <i>forgot</i> my book.	- I'm sorry, I <i>left</i> my book at home.				

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LANGUAGE NOTES

stay calm	ابقي هادئاً
come true	الجبي عاد المحالي محالي المحالي محالي محمحالي محالي مححا
make a trap	يصبع في (كمين)
drops of rain	يسبع مع (مدين) . قطرات المطر
black clouds	<u>سحب قاتمة</u>
trust yourself	ثق بنفسك
loving friends	ي . صديق محب
his dream job	يى . وظيفة أحلامه
children's films	میں أفلام أطفال
all of the poem	كل القصيدة
local newspaper	جريدة محلية
the top of the hill	قمة التل
do business with	يقوم بإعمال تجارية مع
run down the hill	يجري هابطأ أسفل التل
a story for children	قصة للأطفال
look like = take after	يشبه
left his pen at home	نسي قلمه في المنزل
do well at everything	يؤدي جيداً في كل شيء
a five – year – old girl	بنت عمرها ۵ سنوات
In the north of Europe	شمال أوروبا
look out of the window	ينظر خارج الشرفة
thirty kilometers an hour	۳۰ کیلو متر في الساعة
introduce an explanation	يقدم تفسير
have fun = enjoy yourself	يستمتع
make the most of your time	تستغل وقتك
easy – to – remember rules	قواعد سهل تذكرها
school magazine / newspaper	صحيفة / مجلة مدرسية
Don't make dreams your masters	لا تجعل الأحلام (تقودك) تسيطر عليك
a two – and – a – half – metre – long pole	قضيب طوله ۲٫۵ متر

PREPOSITIONS

add to	يضيف إلي	change into	يتحول إلي	crash into	یصطدم ب
rhyme with	تسير قافيتها مع	full of	مليء بـ	get on with	يكون على علاقة
pick up	يلتقط	find out	يكتشف	count on	يعتمد على
lie to	يكذب علي	deal in	يتاجر في	think of	يفكر في / يراعي الآخرين
instead of	بدلاً من	return to	يعود إلي	knock down	یصطدم ب





bear: bravely accept or deal with a painful or difficult situation

keep your head: remain calm in a difficult situation

lose your head: don't remain calm in a difficult situation

(make) allowances for: consider someone's behaviour in a kind way because they have a problem or disadvantage

virtue: a good moral quality that someone has

deal in: do business with

give way to: allow

twisted: changed the meaning

knave: a man who is not honest

stoop: walk with your head forward and down

the common touch: the ability to be friendly to ordinary people

grows up : develops from being a child to being an adult

inspiring : making someone want to do or achieve something

unforgiving : difficult, not kind

worth : the amount that could be produced in that time



Mariam : Have you seen the film, The Jungle Book? It's about a boy who grows up in the jungle.
Soha : I've heard of it, but I haven't seen it.
Mariam : It's a really good story. It was written by an English writer called Rudyard Kipling. I liked the film so much that I decided to read a book about the author. He had an interesting life and wrote children's books, books for



- Soha : Did Kipling like India? Mariam : Yes. Growing up in India, he developed a love of the markets and Indian people.
 - Soha : Where did he go to school?

adults and poems. : When did he live?

Soha

Mariam

- **Mariam** : He went to school in England and became the editor of the school newspaper.
- Soha : When did he start to write books?

: He was born in India in 1865.

- Mariam : After he returned to India. He worked for a local newspaper, often thinking of stories in the evening.
- Soha : When did he write The Jungle Book?
- Mariam : That was a few years later. Kipling married an American woman and they built a large house in the American countryside. He wrote The Jungle Book there in 1894, a year after their first daughter, Josephine, was born. They then had a second daughter and a son. Kipling loved children, and children loved his books!

Soha : Did he stay in America?

Mariam : No. The family decided to return to England in 1896. They later lived in an old house in England with a big garden. Kipling enjoyed writing there. Writing stories and poems for adults and children, he became very successful.

Soha : Which is his most famous poem?

Mariam : It's a poem called "If".

Soha : What is it about?

Mariam : The speaker in the poem teaches his son what to do and what not to do to become a successful person. Reading the poem, you feel that you want to do well at everything! It's very inspiring! Shall I read you my favourite part?

Soha : Yes, please.

Mariam: If you can fill the unforgiving minute With sixty seconds' worth of distance run, Yours is the Earth and everything that's in it!" This means that you should use your time well. If you do this, you can achieve anything.

Soha: I'd like to read all of the poem!



READING



If you can keep your head when all about you Are losing theirs and blaming it on you; If you can trust yourself when all men doubt you, But make allowance for their doubting too: If you can wait and not be tired by waiting, Or, being lied about, don't deal in lies, Or being hated don't give way to hating, And yet don't look too good, nor talk too wise;





If you can dream – and not make dreams your master; If you can think – and not make thoughts your aim, If you can meet with Triumph and Disaster And treat those two impostors just the same: If you can bear to hear the truth you've spoken Twisted by knaves to make a trap for fools, Or watch the things you gave your life to, broken, And stoop and build'em up with worn-out tools;

If you can talk with crowds and keep your virtue, Or walk with Kings – nor lose the common touch, If neither foes nor loving friends can hurt you, If all men count on you, but none too much: If you can fill the unforgiving minute With sixty seconds' worth of distance run, Yours is the Earth and everything that's in it, And – which is more – you'll be a Man, my son!





- 1- Why do you think that the poem says you should not look too good?
- Because people might think you are trying to show them that you are better or more important than them.
- 2- Why do you think that dreams should not be "your master"?
- Because dreams do not always come true. You sometimes have to change your hopes for the future.
- 3- Do you think that it is important to be able to talk to all kinds of people in life? Why / Why not?
- Yes, because you can understand things better when you think about many other people's opinions.



* Choose the correct an	<u>swer from a, b, c or d</u>	<u>:</u>	
1- When his wife died, h	e was very		
a- alone	b- lonely	c- loneliness	d- loyalty
2- Floods , earthquakes	and volcanoes are na	tural	
a- triumphs	b- opportunities	c- disasters	d- advantages
3- The thief got through	that window because	it was	
a- open	b- opened	c- opening	d- opens
4- His life has changed s	since an tea	acher came to his sch	ool.
a- imagine	b- imaginary	c- imaginative	d- imagination
5- Do we ask ourselves	why our children lie	us?	
a- on	b- to	c- at	d- by
6- He pretended to be a	policeman and nobod	y realised that. What a	a / an!.
a- ambitious	b- honest	c- generous	d- impostor
7- The police made a	to the terroris	sts, but they escaped	
a- trap	b- trip	c- troop	d- tribe
8- He was asked to	an explanation	for his carelessness .	
a-reduce	b- produce	c- induce	d- introduce
9- Every Friday , he goe			
		c- swam	d- swim
10- We should get			
a- for			
11- There was a loud ch			
a- out off			
12- Reading about the fa			
a- worse	b- wrath	c- worth	d- worthless
13- In the poem , the wo			
a- rhymes	b- rhythms	c- verses	d- non – fiction
14- He was sent to priso			
a- with	b- in	c- at	d- on
15- Her father is the only	one who has the abil		
a- make	b- making	c- to make	d- made
16- He's very	0		
a- sensible	-	c- sensation	d- sense
17- Mistakes in bank ac			
a- for	b- with	c- on	d- by
18- In the back garden v			5
a- grow	b- grow up	c- grown – up	d- grow in
19- I hope my son could	0 1	0	a grown
		c- in	d- at
	b- on	U- III	u- al
a- with	b- on top of the hill , so he r		
a- with 20- He saw a lion at the	top of the hill , so he r	an the hill	
a- with			
a- with 20- He saw a lion at the	top of the hill , so he r	an the hill	

21- I have heard that yo	ou are going to the Nort	th Coast	!			
a- Make fun of	b- Have fun	c- Do fun	d- Take fun			
22- Because he is a	, he cheated the old wo	oman by making her sig	gn a paper she didn't understand.			
a- composer	b- burglar	c- pickpocket	d- knave			
23- The teacher doesn't	let anyone come late but	he makes for Amin	because he lives in a remote part.			
a- triumph	b- allowances	c- crash	d- prevention			
24 doesn't	depend on imagination	۱.				
a- Fiction	b- Novel	c- Non-fiction	d- Poetry			
25- I have a four – metr	re ladder.					
a- tall	b- wide	c- length	d- long			
<u>* Find the mistake and</u>	<u>correct it:</u>					
A- 1- Don't be sensi	ble – he was only joking.					
5	s to put the blame for me					
	be a scientist when he gi					
	nyone in Luxor and felt v					
		3	4			
·	t should trust in himself.					
	d follow the roles of safe	5				
	d don't give away to hatr					
	t a dancer has been chos					
	e to make business with o					
	gone true and now he is					
3- I always advise my son to stay claim in difficult situations.						
	ed him that he should go					
	2					
	nean that it is going to ra					
	nd would like me to do w	, ,				
	ext week, so you should					
4- mere was a te	errible accident when the		ساحته . 4			
	s from a love friend.					
· · ·	n magic. What a foolish!					
	n in spending the evening	a doina nothina				
	l me about people I have		n			
1	· ·		····· 4- ····			
	to remember rules.		T			
	isham's poems as he is a	a nood poetess				
	difficult situation. He is l					
•	er should be misundersta	•	udents.			
	2					



Unit 17

* Translate into Arabic:

1- What makes poets differ from other writers is their tender feelings.

2- Nezar was not a mere poet, but a certain mark in the Arabic poetry.

.....

3- Some poets are obliged to use symbols if there are political restrictions.

4- Poets express their countries' hopes, ambitions and their own feelings.

.....

* Translate into English:

١- أيهم تفضل مشاهدته فيلماً تاريخياً أم أفلام المغامرات ؟

۲- اعتقد أن الأفلام أكثر إثارة من الكتب. أليس كذلك ؟

٣- عندما تتوقف ضمائر الناس أحياناً يصبح لزاماً أن يعمل القانون.

٤- ربما الوظائف العديدة التي قام بها هذا الشاعر أثرت في نوع القصائد التي كتبها.

conscience	ضمير	ambitions	طموحات	are obliged	يجبر
symbols	رموز	restrictions	قيود	mere	مجرد
certain mark	بصمة خاصة	differ	يختلف	tender	رقيق

5- Read the following passage, then answer the questions :-

Many people think that the dinosaur is the biggest animal that ever lived. They are wrong. The world's biggest animal is still living and it lives in the sea. It is called the Blue Whale. Blue Whales can be as long as 30 meters and weigh as much as 1.000 kilos. The largest dinosaurs weighed only 500 kilos.

The Whale is not only the world's biggest animal, it is also one of the cleverest. We know that whales can talk to each other, though we do not know what they are saying. We do not yet know how to "speak" to whales! One day, perhaps we shall learn to speak to whales and then they will be able to tell us about <u>themselves</u>.

Whales are part of a family of animals called "cetaceans". These are animals that live in the sea but unlike fish, do not lay eggs. They have babies in the same way that cows and cats do, and give their babies milk. Sadly, there are not many kinds of whales left. Men have killed them for thousands of years for food and other things. However, there are now laws to stop people killing most kinds of whales, so perhaps there will be more of them in the years to come.

- 1- In what way are whales different from fish?
- 2- Why aren't there many whales left?
- 3- What are cetacean?
- 4- Do you think there will be more whales in the sea in the future? Justify?
- 5- The passage is about
- a- killing whales b- what whales eat c- the largest animals d- dangerous animals in the sea 6- The underlined word "themselves" in the second paragraph refers to
 - a- dinosaurs b- sailors

c- whales

d-people





Participle : هو شكل من أشكال الفعل يستخدم participle بدلاً من العبارة التي تبدأ ب. When - As aw two of her friends

- As Sara was walking to town yesterday, she saw two	of her friends.	
Walking to town, Sara saw two of her friends.		
- When they arrived home late, they found that the doo	r was locked.	
Arriving home late, they found that the door was lock		
	ن العبارة التي تبدأ بـ and	یستخدم participle بدلاً مر
- The bird flew away <i>and</i> made a very loud noise.		
The bird flew away, <i>making</i> a very loud noise.		
ملة الرئيسية	particij هو نفس فاعل الج	يجب أن يكون فاعل عبارة 9 10
- I heard the phone ring <i>and</i> I picked it up.		
Hearing the phone ring, I picked it up.		
* Find the mistake and correct it:		
A- 1- Drive into town, the man saw an accident.		
2- Seeing her cry, she gave her his handkerchie		
3- The car crashed into a garden and knocking		
4- Reading the poem, she feel that you want to		
	3	4
B- 1- She did the cooking and making the beds.		4
B- 1- She did the cooking and making the beds.2- As looking at my bed, I felt I wanted to sleep.		4
 B- 1- She did the cooking and making the beds. 2- As looking at my bed, I felt I wanted to sleep. 3- Running his own business, they lost a lot of r 	noney.	
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 B- 1- She did the cooking and making the beds. 2- As looking at my bed, I felt I wanted to sleep. 3- Running his own business, they lost a lot of r 4- Driven into town, we saw that the streets wer 1- 2- C- 1- Felt tired, she went to bed. 2- Suspect the man, the police arrested him. 3- Closing my bedroom door, I noticing that the 4- Playing football on the beach, the boys forgo 1- 2- D- 1- While he seeing his doctor, Ali fainted. 	noney. re full of people doing the 3 window was still open. t about the time and miss	eir shopping. 4
 B- 1- She did the cooking and making the beds. 2- As looking at my bed, I felt I wanted to sleep. 3- Running his own business, they lost a lot of r 4- Driven into town, we saw that the streets wer 1- 2- C- 1- Felt tired, she went to bed. 2- Suspect the man, the police arrested him. 3- Closing my bedroom door, I noticing that the 4- Playing football on the beach, the boys forgo 1- 2- D- 1- While he seeing his doctor, Ali fainted. 2- Hala searched for her ring and finding it. 	noney. e full of people doing the 3 window was still open. t about the time and miss 3	eir shopping. 4



* Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d : 1- that Juliet was dead, Romeo decided to kill himself. b- Believe d-Believed a- Believing c- Believes 2- Carrying a large box, a man out of the bus yesterday. a-getting b- get c-gets d- got 3- up in India, he developed a love of the markets and Indian people. b- Growing d- Grew a- Grown c- Grow 4- As the man into town, he saw an accident. a- driven b- driving c- was driving d- drives 5- The car crashed into garden, down the tree. b- was knocking a-knocks c-knocked d-knocking 6- He worked for a local newspaper often of stories in the evening. b- thankful a- thanking c- thinking d- thoughtful 7- Seeing his children grow up, was pleased and thanked his wife . b-he a-she C-I d-it 8- stories and poems for adults and children, he became very successful. b- Wrote c-Written d-Writina a-Write 9- Mike woke up early and to go for a walk in the hill . a- decides b- decided c- deciding d-had decided 10- the top of the hill , he was amazed by the wonderful view . b- Getting c- Reaching a- Arriving d- Going 11- there was going to be a storm , he closed all windows . a- He realised b- When realised c- As realising d- Realising 12- Looking out of my window yesterday, I hundreds of birds flying. a-see b- saw c-seeing d- seen 13- home late one night , Nasser saw a thief in a neighbour's house . b- Arrives c- He arrived a- Arriving d- Arrival 14- Checking his diary, Mr Karim that he had three meetings the following week. a- discovering b- discovers c- discovered d- discover 15- at the station at 12. Samir missed the train by just three minutes . b- When arrives c- As arriving a- Arriving d-Arrive 16- Rania wrote my address in her notebook the pen I had lent her . a- and using b- as used c-used d- using 17- Leaving the road at a corner, the car a tree and stopped. a- hitting b- hits c-hit d- was hitting 18- My grandfather often to sleep in the garden reading the newspaper. b- going d- gone a- goes C- Q0 19- a loud noise , the tourists looked up and saw hundreds of small birds . a- After heard b- Having hearing c- Hearing d- Heard 20- When the bus , I ran to the bus stop . a- I seeing b- seeing c-l see d-I saw

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* Choose the correct ans	wer from a, b, c or d :		
1- It takes about sevented	en years for an elepha	nt to	
a- grow up	b- grow down	c- grow in	d- grow off
2- We all wanted to climb	a mountain after the i	mountaineer's talk be	ecause it was very
a- invention	b- motivation	c- inspiring	d- modified
3- Life in the desert can b	oe very	It is often ex	tremely hot and dry.
a- unrecognisable	b- understanding	c- upset	d- unforgiving
4- Each year, the teacher	puts a year's	of paper in the c	classroom cupboard. (wb:97)
a- value	b- useful	c- worth	d- view
5- I thought today's lesso	on was I r	eally want to find ou	t more .
a- inspiring		c- inspires	
6- The weather in some c	countries in the north o	of Europe is very	in winter . It can be cold
and dark for months.			
a- unforgiven	b- unforgiving	c- unforgave	d- unforgives
7- It was very difficult to			-
a- exhausts			
8- This book is very			
a- boredom			d- bores
9- Soha didn't want to wa	•		
a- frightened			
10- Grow up means to de	-		
a- a man		c- a child	
11- Worth means the amo			
a- deduced	b- reduced	c- introduced	d-produced
12- You shouldn't lie			
a- on		c- at	d- to
13- It is important to have			
a- ordinary	b- famous	-	d- known
14- We call a man who is	not honest as a		
a- brave	b- crane	c- knave	d- pave
15- A / An is s	someone who pretend	s to be someone else	e.
a- foe	b- imposter		d- poet
16- It is important to have	e the ability	to all people .	·
a- talk	b- talks	· ·	d- talking
17- An is wha	nt you are hoping to ac	hieve .	C C
a- inspiration	b- perspiration	c- ambition	d- aim
18 means da		been used so much	
a- wear – out	-		d- worn – out
19out of the I	vindow , Sara saw two	cats fighting .	
a- Looking		c- Looked	d- As looking
20- Needing to know wha	nt the homework was,	Hanya fri	0
a- phoning	b- phoned	-	
		•	•



21- Arriving at his school, found that he had left his pen at home.
a- Mona b- the children c- Amin d- Mona and Amin
22- Writing my name at the top of my work , gave it to my teacher .
a-he b-she c-you d-l
23- Knowing it a long and boring journey, she took a good book to read .
a- is b- was c- being d- been
24 on my computer , I saw a message which told me I had an email .
a- Turn b- Turns c- Turned d- Turning
25 up her pen , Samira started to write a letter to her friend in Italy .
a- Picking b- Packing c- Pickling d- Peaking
<u>* Find the mistake and correct it:</u>
A- 1- A grow up is another word for an adult.
2- Leila is a very unforgiving person. She is never unhappy with people for very long.
3- Young people often take a lot of inspire from watching athletes in the Olympic Games.
4- We took the ancient coin to the museum, but they told us it is worth, so we didn't keep it.
1 2
B- 1- We saw a one metre long snake.
2- The opposite of grave is frightened.
3- She lives in a seventeenth-centuries house.
4- In England, you can get sun, rain wind and snow all on the same day.
1- 2- 3- 4- 4-
C- 1- Soha has a three – years – old brother .
2- You all have an hour for the test, but I will do allowances for Tarek because he has been ill. He
has an hour and a half.
3- The book is a thousand pages long. If you can pear to read it until the end, you will realise it is
quite interesting.
4- I'm reading a book about a man who says he is the King, but people soon realise that he is an
composer who looks like the King.
1
D- 1- It is a vice to be kind to people.
2- The ambition of this lesson is to practise some of the new vocabulary.
3- The old man tried to repair the car, but he only had wear-out tools which did not work very well.
4- The King said that the people who lived in the castle used to be his toes, but now they were his
friends.
1
E- 1- Forgiveness means difficult and not kind.
2- You shouldn't make dreams your misters.
3- There was a thirty – kilometer – an – hours wind.
 Making someone want to do or achieve something means perspire.
<u>1-</u>
F- 1- Trust yourself when all men double you.
2- The poem consists of three poetry of eight lines.
3- The common touch means the possibility to be friendly to ordinary people.
4- The poem's advice includes: learning how to get on by different kinds of people.
1

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Unit 17

ASKING ABOUT DREAMS AND IDEALS - What would your dream job be? - If you could have any job you liked, what would you choose? - Would you prefer to be (a leader) or (a member of a team)? **ANSWERS** - I'd choose to be ... - My dream job would be ... because ... - I'd definitely be - I'd really like to be ... - I could / couldn't be a ... because ... * Write what you would say in each of the following situations: -1- Someone asks your opinion about good holiday weather. 2- You want to know where your friend would really like to live. 3- Your friend wants to know where your dream house would be. 4- You want to know what type of home your friend would choose. 5- A friend thinks that travelling by plane is dangerous. Express your opinion. 6- Your friend asks you whether your dream house would be modern or traditional. 7- A friend asks you if you would like to find a job in the New Administrative Capital. 8- A friend asks your opinion about a film director he or she likes. You don't agree with your friend. 9- A friend wants to know where your dream holiday would be to. You really enjoy beach holidays. 10- A friend asks if they can interview you to find out your opinion on the environment. You are happy about this. * Write what you would say in each of the following situations: -1- You want to know if your friend would choose to be a doctor or a diplomat. 2- You want to know what type of job your friend would choose. What do you ask? 3- You want to know where your friend would really like to live. What is your question? 4- Your friend asks you where your ideal job would be. Say that you would like to work in Cairo.





A- Language Functions

<u>1- Finish the following a</u>	lialogue:	<u>lago ranotiono</u>	
Rafat : Do you like readi	ng poems ?		
Nader : (1)			
Rafat : (2)		?	
Nader : Hisham El-Jekh.	I like his poems very n	nuch.	
Rafat : What kind of poe	try does he write?		
Nader : (3)			
Rafat : I don't like blank	but l'm، الشعر الحر verse	n fond of traditional poetr	ту.
Nader : So you like Ahme	ed Shawky and Nezar	Kabany.	-
Rafat : (4)	-		
Nader : Yes, because Ne	ezar Kabany is like Hisl	ham.	
Rafat : (5)		?	
Nader : Hisham's last po	em is "The call"		
2- Write what you would	<u>I say in each of the fo</u>	ollowing situations: (4 i	<u>marks)</u>
1- Marwa wants to post a	letter but she is too bu	sy. You offer to help.	
2- You saw a boy trying to	pick flowers in a publi	ic garden.	
3- You invite your teacher	to your birthday party	but he is busy.	
4- You are buying a house	eplant. You are talking	to the salesman.	
	<u>B- Vocabu</u>	lary and Structures	
3- Choose the correct a	nswer from a, b, c or	<u>d (8.M):</u>	
1- He gave me a	plan to achieve r	my work earlier .	
a- sensible	b- sensitive	c- sensation	d- senses
2- Which lines of each v	erse rhyme	each other ?	
a- with	b- by	c- on	d- in
3 is the eart	h and everything that	t's in it .	
a- You	b- Your	c- Yours	d- Yourself
4- The poem's advice in	cludes : learning how	v to make ye	our time .
a- the most	b- most off	c- mostly	d- the most of
5- I find the poem inspir	ing because I can ima	agine myself	this advice .
a- follow	b- to follow	c- following	d- followed
6- The poem suggests t	hat you should posse	ess all the qualities	by these adjectives .
a- describe	b- to describe	U	
7- Shakespeare was	He often ch	nanged nouns into verb	DS .
a- imaginative			d- imagine
8- He can't revise at hor	ne when his brothers	and sisters are	fun .
a- doing	b- giving	c- having	d- make
9 up early , l	-		
a- Waking	b- Walking	c- Weakening	d- Working
	2	170	

10- When he reache	d the top of the hill , he wa	s by the	wonderful view .	
a- amazing	b- amazed	c- amazes	d- amazingly	
11- He took out his ı	notebook and to	o write a poem .		
a- beginning	b- begun	c- begins	d- began	
12 his w	riting , he didn't notice the	black clouds .		
a- Continuing	b- continual	c- continuous	d- continue	
13- He arrived at his front door and discovered that he to take his key with him .				
a- forgetting	b- forgot	c- forgotten	d- had forgotten	
14 the f	irst drops of rain , he bega	n to run back down	the hill .	
a- He felt	b- When feeling	c- As feeling	d- Feeling	
15- Packing his bag	s , went to the a	nirport .		
a-he	b- she	C-	d- they	
16 for tl	he exam , he fell asleep .			
a- Revises	b- Revised	c- Revision	d- Revising	
4- Find and correct	the mistake in the following	<u>g sentences:</u>		

- 1- Meeting her at a party, she admired her.
- 2- Confessed the crime, he was sent to prison.
- 3- My immediate ambition is to publish this book.
- 4- Helping his friend to pass the last exam, he is happy.
- 5- I was all by myself in the house, but I didn't feel alone.
- 6- Most people around him love him because he has the common catch.

C- Reading comprehension

5- Read the following passage , then answer the questions :

Mrs. Wilson and Mrs. Smith are sisters. Mrs. Wilson lives in Duncan and Mrs. Smith lives in Victoria. One day Mrs. Wilson visited her sister. When her sister answered the door, Mrs. Wilson saw tears in her eyes. "What's the matter?" She asked. Mrs. Smith and she said, "My cat Sammy died last night and I have no place to bury him. She began to cry again. Mrs. Wilson was very sad because she knew her sister loved the cat very much. Suddenly, Mrs. Wilson said, "I can bury your cat in my garden in Duncan and you can come and visit <u>him</u> sometimes." Mrs. Smith stopped crying and the two sisters had tea together and a nice visit.

It was now five o'clock and Mrs. Wilson said it was time for her to go home. She put on her hat, coat and gloves and Mrs. Smith put the dead Sammy into a shopping bag. Mrs. Wilson took the shopping bag and walked to the bus stop. She waited a long time for the bus so she bought a newspaper. When the bus arrived, she got on the bus, sat down and put the shopping bag on the floor beside her feet. She then began to read the newspaper. When the bus arrived at her bus stop, she got off the bus and walked for about two minutes. Suddenly, she remembered she had left the shopping bag on the bus.

1- Why is Mrs. Smith upset?

- 2- What did Mrs. Wilson do?
- 3- Who did Sammy the cat live with?
- 4- Who do you think him in "you can come and visit him sometimes." refer to?



- 5- Mrs. Wilson forgets
 - a- the newspaper b- her handbag c- the shopping bag d- her dog

6- Sammy dies in

a- Mrs. Smith's house in Duncan b- Mrs. Wilson's garden c- Victoria d- the bus

6- Answer only THREE (3) of the following questions:

1- Would you like to be a poet ? why (not) ?

- 2- What do you think makes a successful poet ?
- 3- Poets are the mirror of society , Do you agree ?
- 4- Do you think it is necessary to have the common touch ? why ?
- 5- Do you think that you have the right الحق to lie to people if they lie to you ?

D-The Novel

7- Answer the following questions :

- 1- What explanation did Gulliver give to the captain for speaking loudly?
- 2- How did captain Thomas Wilcocks see Gulliver's adventures?
- 3- Although Gulliver liked to explore the world, he didn't leave Captain Thomas's ship at parts. Why?
- 4- Why did Gulliver want the captain to keep his things for some time?
- 5- Gulliver's trousers were made from the hair of a mouse. How big do you think that mouse was?

"I want you to show some of the things that you say you're kept in your box."

- 6- Who said these words? To whom?
- 7- What things did the speaker want the listener to make?
- 8- Why did the listener agreed to that promise?

E-Writing

8- Write a paragraph about ONE HUNDRED (100) words on only one (1) of the following:

- 1- People enjoy reading poetry.
- 2- Poetry is used in both war and peace.

F- Translation

9- A) Translate into Arabic: (3 marks)

- 1- Mass media play a vital role in forming the public opinion.
- 2- The internet and TV inform us of what happens in the world in the very moment.

B) Translate ONE (1) sentence only into English:

١- إن الشعراء يعيشون في عالم خيالي.

٢- إن قرأة القصائد تريح المشاعرو تثرى اللغة.

very moment	enrich نفس اللحظة	vital تثری	حيوى
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