



1. My friend has recentlya prize in a poetry completion.
a. rewarded b. awarded c. won d. gained
2. The noise outside has made meso I couldn't concentrate.
a. confusion b. confusing c. confused d. confuse
3. It is important for people totheir work life from their home life.
a. separate b. mix c. join d. include
4. Ahmed is reallyabout his university course. He can't wait for the beginning of the term.
a. enthusiastic b. magnetic c. aquatic d. fanatic
5. Her work,had taken up much of her personal life, is still appreciated today.
a. which b. what c. that d. whom
6. My father always says that we should neverone while one is talking.
a. cut b. talk c. speak d. interrupt
7. If you want to see the doctor, you will need to make an
a. application b. department c. appointment d. employment
8. The ambassador is arepresenting his country in a foreign country.
a. journalist b. technician c. diplomat d. director
9. Ais someone who writes reports for a newspaper, a radio station or TV.
a. doctor b. correspondent c. secretary d. director
10. The teacher told us that the earthround the sun.
a. go b. went c. goes d. going
11. She asked him whatsince he left school.
a. had he been doing b. he was doing c. he had been doing d. he is doing
12. For me, a park with trees is theplace for a picnic.
a. ideal b. idealist c. idealistic d. idealism
13. Let's play a game in thebetween lessons.
a. break b. brake c. broker d. baker
14. I18 next Monday.
a. am going to be b. will be c. am being d. be
15. Many modern poems do not follow theof traditional poems.
a. roles b. rules c. rulers d. rollers
16. We ran to the station but it wasvain. The train had already left.
a. on b. in c. at d. of
17. It wasa boring film that I fell asleep before the end.
a. so b. such c. too d. enough
18. A space station willthe Earth.
a. turn b. spin c. move d. orbit
19. Theof the experiment surprised everyone.
a. result b. outlet c. insult d. conflict

20. Wait there and I'llsomeone to help you those bags.
 a. **have** b. **get** c. **let** d. **make**
21. I advised herstart revising for the test.
 a. **to** b. **not to** c. **don't** d. **doesn't**
22. The Pyramids are of the most famousin the world.
 a. **landfills** b. **landmarks** c. **landslides** d. **landlords**
23. Did you remembermy letter? -Oh, I completely forgot.
 a. **posted** b. **post** c. **to post** d. **posting**
24. Ito stay at home because I was ill.
 a. **had** b. **am able** c. **am going** d. **have**
25. Her watchhave cost a lot of money. It's made of gold.
 a. **must** b. **might** c. **could** d. **can't**
26. Agrows on a plant or tree and has seeds inside.
 a. **leaf** b. **bark** c. **fruit** d. **tube**
27. If you mix yellow and blue, yougreen.
 a. **would get** b. **are getting** c. **get** d. **may get**
28. I wish Iwhere my friends are.
 a. **know** b. **have known** c. **were knowing** d. **knew**
29. We cannot see ultraviolet, but they can still damage our skin.
 a. **pays** b. **trays** c. **rays** d. **lays**
30. Alexandria is in theof Egypt.
 a. **north** b. **northern** c. **northerly** d. **westerly**

15

1)

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Plants have been used for treating illnesses since primitive times. Paintings in the tombs of the pharaohs show that plants were being used by the Ancient Egyptians for medicinal purposes. Today, some modern drugs are still based on natural herbs. Aspirin, for example, is based on the bark of the willow tree.

Natural remedies are attracting increasing attention all over the world. The advantage of herbal medicine is that the whole of the plant can be used. The powerful substance in the plant cures the illness while the contents of the rest of the plant may help to prevent any harmful side effects. In this way herbal medicines may be safer than chemical ones.

Garlic is just one herb which has been used throughout the world as a cure for diseases as it is used treat hair problems, Similarly, henna, which is known to be good for the hair, can also be used in the treatment of cancer.

If you pay a visit to a herbalist shop. You will be struck by the different colours and smells. There are jars full of tree barks, roots, powders, oils and spices. The customer enters the shop and explains his symptoms to the herbalist, who will take notes, study medical reports and checks his reference books before writing out a prescription. However, about eighty percent of those who consult a herbalist have already been to a doctor. As a result of the worldwide interest in herbal medicines. Egypt has set aside 50,000 acres of land in Beni suef and Minya for the cultivation of herbs with medicinal properties, If this experiment is successful, lots of countries may import natural herbs from Egypt in the near future.

- 1) Some modern drugs are still based on
 a. **chemicals** b. **ancient tombs** c. **herbs** d. **paintings**

- 2) Garlic is used for treating
 a. **skin problems** b. **hair problems** c. **eyesight** d. **hearing**
- 3) Chemical medicines areherbal ones.
 a. **safer than** b. **as safe as** c. **as dangerous as** d. **not so safe as**
- 4) The underlined word "it" refers to
 a. **henna** b. **garlic** c. **hair** d. **the world**
- 5) Aboutof those who consult a herbalist have been to a doctor.
 a. **80%** b. **18%** c. **90%** d. **88%**
- 6) Egypt is expected tonatural herbs in the near future.
 a. **import** b. **buy** c. **export** d. **manufacture**
- 7) What steps has Egypt recently taken concerning medical herbs?
 ✂

- 8) Why are herbal medicines attracting increasing attention all over the world?
 ✂

- 9) How can you prove that herbal medicine is not a modern phenomenon?
 ✂

- 10) Mention the four steps the herbalist takes when a customer explains his symptoms to him.
 ✂

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4- The novel (The Prisoner of Zenda)

A: Choose the correct answer:

- 1) **Who did the inn keeper in Zenda support?**
 a. Michael b. Johann
 c. The King d. Rassendyll
- 2) **Why didn't Sapt shoot Michael at the fork?**
 a. as he was afraid b. as he wasn't sure
 c. as he liked him d. as it wouldn't help the King
- 3) **Why did the poor people in the capital want Duke Michael to be the King?**
 a. They wanted things to change. b. They wanted things to stay as the same.
 c. They thought he was a lazy man. d. They wanted a war with the King.
- 4) **Why was Rassendyll very careful when he talked to Princess Flavia?**
 a. She might love him. b. She might realise that he wasn't the real King.
 c. She might know where the real King was. d. She might ask him for marriage.

7

B: Answer the following questions:

- 1) Rupert had no principles and was a bloody man. What do you think?
 ✂

- 2) How was Sapt frustrated by Michael's clever plan which Johann told them?
 ✂

3) Why did the Duke want to marry the Princess?

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.....

4 - Finish the following dialogue:

Maher asks his brother, Mustafa to lend him 100 pounds
to buy his friend a birthday present

6

Maher : Would you mind doing me a favour?

Mustafa : I don't mind at all dear brother, But (1)

Maher : I wonder (2)

Mustafa : One hundred pounds! What do you want that money for?

Maher : (3)

Mustafa : But our father gave you 150 pounds last week, (4)

Maher : Yes, he did, but I spent it all.

Mustafa : (5)

Maher : As soon as I can, Next month, perhaps.

Mustafa : Well, (6)

Maher : Oh! Thank you very much, that's very kind of you.

5. a. Translate into Arabic:

1) Peace gives us a golden chance to carry out useful projects with the money spent on wars.

.....

2) The press plays an important role in forming public awareness and an effective opinion in our country.

5

B- Translate ONE (1) sentence only into English:

١. تنشئ الحكومة مدن جديدة خارج القاهرة الكبرى لحل مشاكل الاسكان والمرور.

٢. العدالة هي احدى القيم الاساسيه الموجوده في كل النظم الاجتماعيه.



احذريا فاشل المكان مراقب بالكاميرات
واي محاولة غش هفضحك علي صوت و صورة



Write a paragraph of about 120 words on **ONE** only of the following:

- "Youth and spare time"
- "Never too old to learn"

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Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. c. won	2. c. confused	3. a. separate	4. a. enthusiastic
5. a. which	6. d. interrupt	7. c. appointment	8. c. diplomat
9. b. correspondent	10. c. goes	11. c. he had been doing	12. a. ideal
13. a. break	14. b. will be	15. b. rules	16. b. in
17. b. such	18. d. orbit	19. a. result	20. b. get
21. a. to	22. b. landmarks	23. c. to post	24. a. had
25. a. must	26. c. fruit	27. c. get	28. d. knew
29. c. rays	30. a. north		

Read the following passage, then answer

1. c. herbs	2. b. hair problems	3. d. not so safe as
4. b. garlic	5. a. 80%	6. c. export
7. Egypt has set aside 50,000 acres of land in Beni Suef and Minya for the cultivation of herbs with medical properties.		
8. The powerful substance in the plant cures the illness while the contents of the rest of the plant may help to prevent any harmful side effects and herbal medicines may be safer than chemical ones.		
9. Paintings in the tombs of the pharaohs show that plants were being used by the Ancient Egyptians for medicinal purposes.		
10. He takes notes, studies medical reports, checks his reference books before finally he writes out a prescription.		

The prisoner of Zenda

1. a. Michael	2. d. as it wouldn't help the King
3. a. They wanted things to change.	4. b. She might realise that he wasn't the real King.
5. I think he was a bloody man because he killed his master and tricked Rassendyll and stabbed him. He had no principles because he planned to betray his master and offered Rassendyll to get rid of Michael, Sapt, Fritz and the King.	
6. He told Rassendyll that he would stay the King as there wasn't a hope to rescue the King.	
7. To be a legal king as his mother wasn't royal.	

Finish the following dialogue

1. What favour do you need?	- How can I help you?
2. if you can lend me 100 pounds.	
3. To buy a birthday present for my friend.	
4. didn't he?	
5. When will you pay back it?	
6. Here you are.	- I will give you it.



Translate:

يعطينا السلام فرصة ذهبية لتنفيذ مشروعات مفيدة بالاموال التي تنفق علي الحروب.
تعلم الصحافة دوراً هاماً في تشكيل الوعي العام والرأي المؤثر / الفعال في بلدنا.

- The government establishes new cities outside Great Cairo to solve the problems of housing and traffic.
- Justice is one of the basic systems in all societies.