# Al-Manar Link (1) First Term Al-Manar Family

رقم الابداع بدارالكتب ۱۹۹۷ الناشر: دار المنار الحديثة للنشر والتوزيع أ/أحمد سعيد ۱۱٤٧٧٨١٦٣٣. المبيعات/ ۱۰۱۹۲۱۲۴۵۷ ماد دروب (احباء المنار) facebook

## Al-Manar



#### THIS UNIT INCLUDES

Reading : Dear Julie

Vocabulary: appearance-related words Grammar : be, have got / present simple Listening : multiple choice (pictures) Speaking : giving personal information

Writing : Paragraph (description – family members)

## Reading Link: Fam



	male	female	
grandfather	الجد	grandmother	الجدة
father	الاب	mother	الام
uncle	العم - الخال	aunt	العمة - الخالة
brother	וצל	sister	الاخت
nephew	ابن الاخ – ابن الاخت	niece	ابنة الاخ - ابنة الاخت
cousin	ابن (العم - العمة - الخال - الخالة)	cousin	ابنة (العم - الخال - العمة - الخالة)

married to	منزوج ب	share	يشارك
find out	بكتشف	argue	يجادل
glad		different kinds	انواع مختلفه
pen friend	صديق مراسلة	make-up	مكياج
sound	يبدو أصوت شئ	moustache	شارب (شنب)
unusual	غير عادى	The Control of the Co	اشقر اللون
together	معا ـ سويا	pretty	جميل
parents	والدين	listen to	يستمع الى

### Reading: (SB P. 4)

Dear Julie.

Thanks for your letter. I'm glad we're going to be penfriends. Your family sounds great. My family is unusual because we all live together- my grandmother and grandfather.

my parents, my brothers Peter, Arthur, Colin and Douglas, my sister Elaine, Uncle David, Aunt Mary and my cousin, Gemma.

We live in a big house in Bradford. It has got five bedrooms. My brothers share a bedroom, and they arque all the time because they all like different kinds of music. I share my bedroom with Elaine and Gemma. Gemma uses my make-up and Elaine sometimes

#### makes a mess!

My brothers have all got brown hair and brown eyes. I've got red hair, like my mum, and green eyes. My dad has got black hair, blue eyes and a big black moustache! Elaine is the baby of the family. She has got big blue eyes and blonde hair. She is very pretty.

My hobbies are listening to music and reading. Please write back soon and tell me your news.

Best wishes.

Paula

### Al-Manar



## Al-Manar

## Vocabulary Link: (SB P. 5) / (WB P. 4 - 5)

Word	Definitions					
glad	happy	مسرور - سعید				
unusual	different from normal	غير عادى				
share	use something that other people also use	يشارك				
argue	disagree with someone in an angry way	يجادل				
moustache	hair that grows under a man's nose	شارب				
hobbies	things you do in your free time.	هوايات				

beard	لحية	straight	مفرود ــ مستقيم
curly	مجعد	wear	يرتدى
glasses	نظارة	free time	وقت فراغ
go out		spend	يقضى وقَتًا / ينفق مالأ
twins	توام	each other	كلاهما - بعضهم البعض
café	مقهى	fun	متعه
puzzle	لغز	borrow	يستعير
fair	اشقر اللون		أصلع

## Listening Link: (SB. P6)

## ذكرى الزفاف Wedding anniversary

 $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{-First} & 1^{st} / 21^{st} / 31^{st} \\ \textbf{-Second} & 2^{nd} / 22^{nd} / 32^{nd} \\ \textbf{-Third} & 3^{rd} / 23^{rd} / 33^{rd} \\ \textbf{-Fourth} & 4^{th} / 24^{th} / 34^{th} \end{array}$ 

- Twentieth 20<sup>th</sup>
- Thirtieth 30<sup>th</sup>

## Speaking Link (SB . P 7)

partner weekend	شريك	spend	ال) – يقضي (وقت)	ينفق (ه
weekend	عطلة نهاية الاسبوع	everyone = everybody		كل فرد

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## Weiting Link: (SB P. 7)

describe (v.)	يصف	sports car	سيارة رياضية
description	وصف	stay at	يقيم في (مكان صغير)
look like	يشبه	stay in	يقيم في (مكان كبير)
in general = generally	بشكل عام		

### → How to write a paragraph about describing a person?

- Paragraph outline
- Say who your favourite uncle / aunt is.
- Describe what he / she looks like.
- Say something about him / her (age house etc.)
- Say how you spend your time together.



### My favourite aunt

My mother's sister, Olivia, is my favourite aunt. Some people say that we look like sisters because she has got long dark hair and brown eyes too. She is ten years younger than my mother, and she isn't married. She lives in a big flat in the city and she drives a red sports car. When I stay at her house, I always have a good time. We watch videos or go to the cinema together.

## Idioms & Expressions:

make a mess	يصنع فوضى	free time	وقت فراغ
find out	يكتشف (مطومة)	sports car	سيارة رياضية
look like	يشبه	each other	كلاهما - بعضهم البعض
make a mess find out look like make-up	مكياج	only child	طفل وحيد

### Prepositions:

married to	متزوج بــ	thank for	یشکر علی
fill in	يملأ (استمارة)	kind of	نوع من
fill up	يملأ (وعاء)	share in	يشارك في
listen to	يستمع إلى	share with	يشترك مع
different from	مختلف عن	in an angry way	بطريقة غاضبة
disagree with	يختلف مع	work with	يعمل مع
stay at	يقيم في (مكان صغير)	spend (time) with	يقضى وقتا مع
stay in	يقيم في (مكان كبير)	spend (money) on	ينفق مال على
in general	بشكل عام	say sth about	يقول شينا ما عن

## Al-Manar 6 Link (1) First Term

## Exercises 5

### 1) Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue:

#### Hani is at a clothes shop.

Can I change this shirt, please? Hani Assistant .....? It is the wrong size. Hani : .....? Assistant : Thirty six, please. Hani Assistant : What colour do you prefer? Hani Assistant : Anything else? Hani : ...... (4)..... (4)....... Assistant : .....(5).....

#### 2) Choose the correct word(s) in brackets:

- 1- Carla is my (pen-friend nephew classmate colleague). She lives in Italy and we often write to each other.
- 2- Carla has got a sister, Maria, and they look the same because they are (strangers - foreigners - twins - different).
- 3- Maria and Carla (divide share spend go out) a bedroom. They live in it together.
- 4- In her (busy fare free fear) time, Carla likes to play tennis.
- 5- She (goes shares divides spends) time with her friends. They have a good time.
- 6- They usually (go share divide spend) out at the weekend to the cinema or a café.
- 7- Your father's sister is your (aunt sister niece grandmother).
- 8- You have no brothers or sisters. You are a (an) (only alone lonely single) child.
- 9- Your father's brother's child is your (brother nephew uncle cousin).
- 10- Your mother's brother is your (aunt uncle cousin nephew).
- 11- Your father's father is your (grandmother grandfather uncle parent).
- 12- Your mother's mother is your (grandmother grandfather mother sister).
- 13- Carla has got the same (height weight hobbies subjects) as me. We like football and swimming.
- 14- I really want to meet Carla soon so we can have fun (together each separately a way).

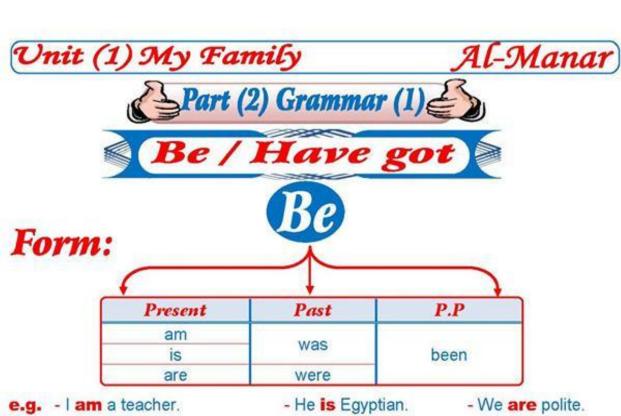
### (WB P. 5)

- 15- My uncle has got a moustache and (glasses beard bread bored).
- 16- The word "pretty" means very (ugly rude beautiful foolish).
- 17- My sister has got the full mark. She is very (glad displeased sad -angry).



- 18- She has got (black red brown blonde) hair. It's really fair.
- 19- My classmate and I argue a lot. He always (accepts disagrees encourages disappears) with me in an angry way.
- 20- His hair is long but it's (curly bald green short).
- 21- Thanks (to for on of) your letter. I'm glad we're going to be pen- friends.
- 22- Father and mother are called (grandfathers grandmothers husbands parents).
- 23- Gamma uses my make (off of at up).
- 24- Elaine sometimes (does makes takes has) a mess!
- 25- My brothers (agree argue accept admit) all the time because they all like different kinds of music.
- 26- Your family (sounds voices has makes) great.
- 27- My hobbies are listening (about on in to) music and reading.
- 28- The hair that grows under a man's nose is called (beard moustache eyebrow brow).
- 29- "Unusual" means different (about to from at) normal.
- 30- The things that you do In your free time are called (hobbies tasks missions jobs).

3) Write a paragraph of SIX sentences on ONE only of the following topic	s:
I- "A good friend"	
I- "A good friend"  2- "Your daily routine"	
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	ist:



- He is Egyptian.

- We are polite.

#### ⇒ We use the verb "be":

- To talk about someone's job, nationality, relationship or his / her name:
- e.g. My brother is a teacher.

- My cousins are Spanish.
- That lady isn't my grandmother.
- Hello! I am Robert.
- To describe people, animals and things:
- e.g. My father is tall and slim.

- Is your house big?

## Negative:

(am / is /are ) + not

### ⇒ To make "Be" in negative, we use "not" after it:

e.g. - He isn't good at English.

- We aren't native speakers.

## Question:

 $Am + I \dots$ 

Is + he / she / it / singular noun..?

Are + they / you / we / plural noun..?

e.g. - Are you happy?

- Yes, am. - No, am not.

#### Al-Manar Link (1) First Term

## Have got

### Form:

I / You /They/We/ Plural noun + have got

He / She / It / Singular noun + has got

e.g. - I have got a TV in my room.

Our house has got three bedrooms.

## Note:

"have got" that means "possess / own" doesn't have "past":

## Usage:

### ⇒ We use "have got":

1 To show what belongs to someone:

e.g. - Has your sister got a new car?

- Yes, she has got a new car.
- No, she hasn't got any cars.

To describe people, animals and things:

e.g. - Mr Smith hasn't got a beard.

Joshua's dogs have got a red ball.

## Negative:

(haven't / hasn't) + got

e.g. - I haven't got any money.

- He hasn't got a car.

## Question:

Have + I / you / they / we / plural noun Has + he / she / it / singular noun

+ got ....?

e.g.

- Have you got a car?

- Yes, | have.

- No, | haven't.

- Has she got a doll?

- Yes, she has.

- No, she hasn't.

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## Be Perfect

1- I own a new car. (have got)

→ I have got a new car.

2- Do you posses any money in your pocket? (got)

→ Have you got any money in your pocket?

3- No, I am not good at Maths. (Are)

→ Are you good at Maths?

4- Yesterday was Monday. (Today)

→ Today is Tuesday.

5- Does she own a computer? (got)

→ Has she got a computer?

## Practice (1)

### 1) Choose the correct word(s) in brackets:

- 1- Jane's mum (is has have had) got a beautiful new dress.
- 2- (Is Has Have Had) you got any cousins?
- 3- My family (is isn't has hasn't) very big, there's only Mum, Dad and me.
- 4- Hello! I (am have has was) Jason's sister.
- 5- (Is Are Have Has) you an only child?

### 2) Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets:

1. I like listening to music and reading. (My hobbies)

2. She has prettiness. (pretty)

3. Today is Monday. (yesterday)

4. This car belongs to me. (got)

He owns a new house on the coast of Alex. (got)

## Al-Manar 11 Link (1) First Term



## Form:

(I / They / You / We / Plural noun) + inf

(He / She / It / Singular noun) + inf. + (s / es / ies)

e.g. - Gemma uses my make-up.

e.g. - We live in a big house in Bradford.

### Usage:

### We use the present simple:

- For things which are true in general.
- e.g. My uncle drives a BMW.
- 9 For the laws of science and nature.
- e.g. Water freezes at 0°C.
- For timetable and repeated actions.
- e.g. The plane takes off at 8 o'clock.
  - He goes to school every day.

## Spelling rules:

- ⇒ In the third person singular affirmative (he, she, it), we add (s) to the verb.
- walk → walks sit → sits
- ⇒ We add (es) to the verbs which end in (-ss, -sh, -ch, -x, -o and -z) in the third person singular affirmative.
- dress → dresses push → pushes catch → catches
  fix → fixes do → does quiz → quizes
- ⇒ When a verb ends in a (consonant + -y), we take off the (-y) and add (ies) in the third person singular affirmative.
- carry → carries study → studies
- ⇒ When a verb ends in a (vowel + -y), we just add (s) in the third person singular affirmative.
- play → plays obey → obeys

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## Time Expressions:

always	دائما	usually	عادة	often	غالبا	sometimes	أحياتا
never	أبدأ	rarely	نادرا	hardly	بصعوبة – بالكاد	every	کل
scarcely =	seldor	n = rarely	نادرا				

- They come before the main verb.
- e.g. My mother always goes to the supermarket on Friday evenings.
- They come after verb to be.
- e.g. My cousin is never at home when I telephone him!



every day	کل یوم	once a week	مرة في الإسبوع
every week	كل اسبوع	twice a month	مرتان في الشهر
every month	کل شهر	in the morning	في الصباح
on Fridays		at the weekend	في نهاية الإسبوع
at night	في الليل		

- They come at the end or beginning of the sentence.
- e.g. I visit my uncle every week. Every week I visit my uncle.

Negative:

(I / They / You / We / plural noun) + don't + inf.

e.g. - I don't revise all my lessons.

(He / She / It / Singular noun) + doesn't + inf.

e.g. - My brother doesn't go to bed early.



### ⇒ We can use "never" to form a negative.

e.g. - He doesn't study = (never studies) his lessons.

## Question:

(Yes - No) Questions:

Do + (I/you/we/they/plural noun) + inf....?

e.g. - Do you stay up late?

- Yes, I do.

- No, I don't.

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### Does + (he / she / it / singular noun) + inf....?

e.g. - Does he sleep early every night?

- Yes, he does.

- No, he doesn't.

### Wh- Questions:

## Q.W + (do / does) + subject + inf..?

e.g. - I live in Giza.

- Where do you live?

e.g. - She watches a play.

- What does she watch?

## Be Perfect

1- He doesn't wear a black suit

(never)

→ He never wears a black suit.

2- The arrival of the plane is at 8 o'clock.

(arrives)

→ The plane arrives at 8 o'clock.

3- He lives here for 3 years.

(How long)

→ How long does he live here?

4- He is always late for work.

(comes)

→ He always comes late for work.

5- Gemma arrives at her school early.

(late)

→ Gemma doesn't arrive at her school late.

## Practice (2)

#### 1) Choose the correct word(s) in brackets:

- 1- Water (boil boils boiled is boiling) when you heat it.
- 2- They (are always always are come always always comes) early.
- 3- The bus (arrive arrives is arriving has arrived) at the station at 9 o'clock.
- 4- My uncle (work is working has worked works) as a teacher.
- 5- Bob (isn't hasn't doesn't never) carries his heavy bags alone.

#### 2) Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets:

 Tom never goes out every night. (doesn't)

Elaine usually arrives at her work late. (is)

My classmate does his best to achieve his goal. (Why)

My father is an engineer. (works)

Yes, he studies all his lessons every night. (Does)

### Al-Manar

## Al-Manar

## Exercises 6

#### 1) Choose the correct word(s) in brackets:

(SB P. 6 / 7)

- 1- Gemma (use uses is using has used) my make-up every day.
- 2- We (live lives living has lived) in a big house in Bradford.
- 3- My hobbies (is was are have) listening to music and reading.
- 4- Aunt Lily is my mother's sister. They look the same because they (are have were do) twins.
- 5- (Have Has Is Are) she got her own house?
- 6- Their grandparents (owns has have got are) fifteen grandchildren!
- 7- I (have got haven't got hasn't got don't have got) any brothers or sisters. I'm an only child.
- 8- My dad (has got is hasn't got isn't) much hair. He's bald.
- 9- My brother is a fireman. He (wear wears is wearing has worn) a uniform at work.
- 10- (Do Does Is Has) your sister borrow your clothes?
- 11- We (go usually usually go goes usually usually goes) out on Saturday night.
- 12- Do you (live lives lived living) with your parents?
- 13- My grandparents (drive drives don't drive doesn't drive) their car anymore.
- 14- Mary's sister (don't doesn't isn't hasn't) speak Italian very well.
- 15- Elaine (sometimes makes makes sometimes sometimes make make sometimes) a mess!

## (SB P. 104)

- 16-Water (freeze freezes is freezing has frozen) at 0 c°.
- 17- (Is Does Has- Are) your house big?
- 18- Mr. Smith (doesn't isn't haven't hasn't) got a beard.
- 19- My cousin (is never never is has never never has) at home when I telephone him!
- 20- My brother (isn't hasn't don't doesn't) go to bed early.

## (WB P. 6)

- 21-I (have got am has got are) lots of family news to tell you!
- 22- Tanya (go goes has gone going) to school. She really likes it.
- 23- Every day she and her friend Jessica (walk walks are walking walking) to school together.
- 24- Dad (have got has got is have) a new job now.
- 25- He (work works is working has worked) as a postman.

2) Rewrite the following sentences using the word(	s) in brackets:
1. It owns five bedrooms.	(got)
2. I possess red hair.	(got)
3. I enjoy listening to music and reading.	(My hobbies)
4. Does she have a new car?	(Has)
5. Tom doesn't write down his notes.	(never)
6. Where do you come from?	(are)
7. The arrival of the plane is at 6 o'clock.	(The plane
8. He is often happy when he watches TV.	(feels)
9. My aunt is a teacher.	(works)
10. I went to Alex yesterday.	(was)
11. Have you got any pet at home?	(Do)
12. This house belongs to my uncle.	(My uncle)
13. Bob is gentle at all times.	(always)
14. He drives his car slowly as usual.	(usually)
15. Harry, do you have a Spanish dictionary?	(have)
16. Elaine visits her relatives from time to time.	(sometimes)
17. He is fluent in English.	(Fluently)
18. My cousin has a new villa,	(not)
19. He has happiness when he meets his friends.	(happy)
20. He watches all the matches at home.	(Where)

## Al-Manar



#### THIS UNIT INCLUDES

Grammar

: Language Solutions Vocabulary : Prepositions, opposites

: Present continuous

/ present simple, present continuous

Listening Speaking

: multiple matching (pictures)

: asking and answering questions

: advertisement (language school)

Writing

## Reading Link:

Sentence	Language
1- Je ne t'aime pas.	French
2- Ich Liebe dich nicht.	German
3- Jag Lskar inte dig.	Swedish
4- Non ti voglio bene.	Italian
5- No te quiero	Spanish
These sentences mean (I don't love you)	

brochure	كتيب دعاية – اعلان	experienced	خبير – ڏو خبرة
advertise	يعلن	library	مكتبة (للقراءة والإستعارة)
foreign	اجنبي	fluent	طلق اللسان - فصيح
language solutions	حلول لغوية	fluently	بطلاقة – بقصاحة
feel left behind	يشعر بتخلف	beginner	مبتدئ
except	ما عدا	surprised	مندهش
courses	دروس - حلقات دراسية	fun	متعة
adults		wait for	ينتظر
levels	مستويات	classes	مجموعات طلابية
qualified	مه هل	further information	

## Reading (SB P. 8)

## **SOLUTIONS**

Do you think you're no good at languages? Are you feeling left behind because everyone speaks a foreign language except you? Language Solutions has the answer!

Here at Language Solutions we make learning languages simple and fun. We offer courses for adults in French, German and Spanish at all levels. Classes are small (no more than 6 students in each) and our teachers are all highly qualified and experienced. There are computers in every classroom and we have a library.

This is what two of our students have to say about Language Solutions:

"I'm really enjoying my course at LS. My teacher comes from Spain so we only speak Spanish in the lesson - that's why I can speak Spanish more fluently now!"

Anne Daley, aged 27

"I'm studying German at LS because I need it for my job. I'm a complete beginner and I'm surprised at how quickly I'm learning. I'm working hard but having a lot of fun too!" Julian Henderson, aged 41

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## Al-Manar

## Vocabulary Link: (SB P. 9)

word	definition	1
foreign	of a country that is not your own	أجنبي
courses	series of lessons	كورسات – حلقات دراسية
classes	groups of students	فصول _ مجموعات طلابية
qualified	trained	مؤهل ــ مُدرَب
library	room with a lot of books	مكتبة
fluently	easily and without mistakes	بطلاقة
complete	total	کامل ــ تام
further	more	اضافی - اُکثر

### (WB P. 7)

hard	صعب – جاد – بجد	dictionary	قاموس
bookcase series advanced	خزانه کتب – حقیبه کتب	teach	يعلم
series		learn	يتعلم
advanced	متقدم	full marks	درجات نهائية

Country		Langi	uage
England	إنجلترا	English	إنجليزى
France	فرنسا	French	فرنسى
Italy	إيطاليا	Italian	ايطالي
Spain	أسبانيا	Spanish	أسياتي
Russia	روسيا	Russian	روسی

## Prepositions: (SB P. 9)

good at	جید فی	surprised at	مندهش من
in the classroom	فى القصل	ask about	يسال عن
need sth for	يحتاج شئ لـ	come from	یاتی من

## Opposites: (SB P. 9)

Word			Oppos	ite
no one	لا أحد	×	every one	كل فرد
difficult	صعب	×	simple	بسيط
big	ضخم	×	small	صغير
less	اقل	×	more	اکثر
slowly	بيطء	×	quickly	بسرعة

join friendly	یلتحق بـ - ینضم	college	كلية _ معهد
friendly	ودود		

## Al-Manar 18 Link (1) First Term

## Al-Mana

## (WB P. 7)

verb		adje	ective
qualify	يؤهل	qualified	مُؤهَل
surprise	يدهش	surprised	مندهش
train	يدرب	trained	متدرب - مدرب

adjective			ıdverb
quick	سريع	quickly	بسرعة
fluent	فصيح - طلق اللسان		بفصاحه - بطلاقة
easy		easily	بسهولة

### (WB P. 8)

mistake practise each other	خطأ	result	نتيجة
practise	يمارس	improve	يحسن
each other	كلاهما - بعضهم البعض		

## Listening Link:

### Listen to two mothers talking about people learning languages:-

Mum 1 : I really don't like Tuesdays! Billy's got his German lesson at 4 and then it's Ben's Spanish conversation class at 4.30. Mum 2 : I always rush on Tuesday too! I take Katie to Italian at 3, but I go shopping first, so we usually arrive late. The teacher's always complaining about it. : Oh, I can imagine. And can you believe that John, my husband, is Mum 1 learning Portuguese now?

1) Billy > German Katie → Italian 2) Ben → Spanish John → Portuguese

## Speaking Link:

- Two students are going to practise asking and answering questions about the language school.

Student 1	:	What is the name of the language school?
Student 2	:	The school's name is Planet Language School.
Student 1	:	What is the phone number of the school?
Student 2	:	The phone number is 2677734.
Student 1	:	Which languages do they teach?
Student 2	:	They teach (you can learn) English, French, German, Italian and Spanish.
Student 1	:	What are the lesson times? / When are the lessons?
Student 2		The lessons are daily from 11 a.m. to 9 p.m.
	-	What is the class size / What size are the classes?
Student 2		The classes are small / There are small classes.

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## Writing Link: (SB P. 7)

advertisement	اعلان	beginner	مبتدئ
experience	خبرة - تجربة	advanced	متقدم
levels	مستويات	helpful	متعاون
summer courses	دروس صيفية		

#### - Advertisement Outline:

- Introduce the language school and say which languages the school teaches.
- Say something about the teachers and the school's courses.
- Include comments from students.
- Say how to get further information.

## Example:

#### → Brighton School of Language

Are you looking for something different this summer? Brighton School of Language has the answer.

Learn: English, French, German, Japanese, Russian and Spanish.

All teachers **have** many years of experience. We **teach** all levels from beginners to advanced. "I'm studying Russian at the Brighton School of Language. The teachers are friendly and helpful.

Brian Cherry, aged 36.

"The Japanese course is fantastic. I'm learning very quickly." Sam Court, aged 20.

## Idioms & Expressions:

highly qualified and experienced	مؤهل و لديه خبرة عالية
have a lot of fun	يستمتع كثيرًا
improve language	يحسن لغة
practice language	يمارس اللغة

## Prepositions:

wait for		look for = search for	يبحث عن
class for adults	فصل للبالغين	from beginners to advanced	من المبتدئين للمتقدمين
wait for class for adults advertisement for		qualified for	مؤهل لـ

<sup>&</sup>quot;Special prices for full-time students! Further information:- www.brightonlang.co.uk

## Al-Manar

Exerc	Ses	
Committee of the Commit		

		2	EXERCISES
1-	Supply	th	e missing parts in the following dialogue:
		_	lking to Shady about his next exams.
	arim	:	Hi Shady, where are you going now?
	nady	:	I'm going to the library. I have to be ready for the exam tomorrow.
	arim	:	?
	nady	:	I didn't sleep much last night. I was studying all night.
	arim	:	Which is your first exam, Arabic or English?
	nady	:	(2)
	arim		?
	nady	:	English is the second exam after Arabic.
	arim		Do you find any difficulty in English?
	ady	•	
	arim		?
	ady		I'll finish on the first of July.
			I hope you'll get the full mark in your exams.
	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE		Thank you.
			ne correct word(s) in brackets: (WB P. 7) many (foreign – hard – difficult – foreigner) students at your school?
2-	chemis Mr. Mor	t's	anguage book from the (bookcase – library – pharmacy – s), but I don't have time to go today. hts' Spanish (classroom – periods – seasons – lessons) are ry good.
4-	The second secon		r wants to do a foreign language (series – serious – course – London.
5-	Maria is		new teacher, so she isn't (advanced – experienced – beginner – ce) yet.
6-	When I		on't understand a word, I find it in the (text book - book - workbook ary).
7-			ving hard because I want to get ( <b>total – full – low – normal</b> ) marks in nar test.
	German	n h	
(	BP.	9	)
	John ar	nd	narks in the test because I am good (at – in – on – of) maths.  Sally were already (at – in – on – of) the classroom when the
11	teacher	100	CONTROL CONTRO
12-	I am su I'm goir	rpr	eed a dictionary ( <b>at – for – about – to</b> ) this exercise. rised ( <b>at – in – on – for</b> ) how many books there are in the library. to ask at the college for some information ( <b>for – about – at – with</b> )
14-			courses. n teacher comes ( <mark>for – about – from – in</mark> ) Paris.

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## Al-Manar

### (SB P. 8)

- 15- Are you feeling left (over above behind back) because everyone speaks a foreign language except you?
- 16- At language solutions we make learning languages (hard difficult tough simple) and fun.
- 17- We offer courses (to for about with) adults in French, German and Spanish at all levels.
- 18- Classes are (big large massive small). No more than 6 students in each.
- 19- Our teachers are all highly (qualify qualified weak lazy) and experienced.
- 20- My classmate speaks English (fluent fluency fluently good). He speaks with tourists easily.
- 21- My brother George is studying so hard at the moment that he doesn't have any free time for his (hobbies - courses - classes - events).

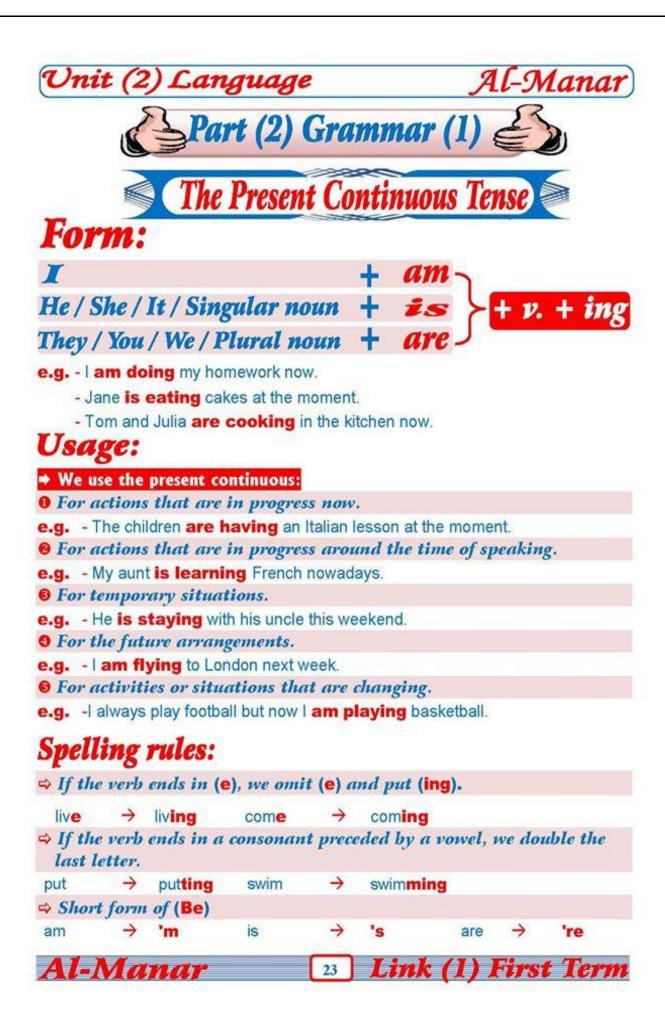
### (WB P. 8)

- 22- Japanese is a difficult language, but Tom says it's (difficult hard simple sample).
- 23- Tom is good at languages because he doesn't make many (advantages correction mistakes profits).
- 24- Tom always gets good (reasons results causes things) in the tests.
- 25- Tom is also thinking about going to Japan for a few months so he can (practise do make take) the language and improve.
- 26- The adverb of "easy" is (easy easily easiness easyly).
- 27- You should be qualified (at with for to) your future job?
- 28- They (do make have take) a lot of fun when they go to the countryside.
- 29- To get this job, you should (prove improve remove move) your language.
- 30- All his work is (complete losing partly old). Nothing is missing.
- 31- I'm waiting (for to with about) you. Please! Don't be late.
- 32- Mr. Jones has 5 years (experience experiment experienced) at his work.
- 33- He is over 25 years old. He is a / an (kid baby child adult).
- 34- He speaks a lot of (quantities amounts qualities languages).
- 35- Our classmates enrolled on النّحق بـ summer (courses holidays trips things) to improve their language.

3	) Write a paragrap	n of SIX	( sentences o	n ONE	only of	the fo	llowing top	ics:
			1 -"Language	e lessor	us"			

2- "Your hobbies"				
*******************************				
***************************************				

Al-Manar



## Al-Manar

## Time Expressions:

now	الأن	today	اليوم
at the moment	في هذه اللحظة	tonight	الليلة
at present	في الوقت الحاضر		هذه الأيام
Look!		this month	هذا الشهر
Listen!	استمع!	this summer	هذا الصيف
Hurry up!	أسرع	next week	الإسبوع القادم
tomorrow	غدا	still	مازال

- e.g. He is doing his homework now.
  - They are still writing their lessons.
  - Listen! He's singing well.

## Negative:

- e.g. I'm not telling you anything now.
  - She's not listening to music at the moment.
  - You're not helping me today.

## Question:

(Yes - No) Questions:

$$Am + I$$

Is + he/she/it/singular noun

+ v. + ing?

Are + they/you/we/plural noun

e.g. - Is he studying now?

Yes, he is.No, he isn't.

- Are you doing your homework?

- Yes, I am. - No, I'm not.

## Wh- Questions:

Q.W + (am/is/are) + subject + v. ing?

- e.g. Why are Laura and Kate learning Italian?
  - Because they want to visit Rome.

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## Al-Manar

## Be Perfect

1- Tom revises his lessons every night. (tonight)

→ Tom is revising his lessons tonight.

2- Yes, I'm doing my homework now. (Are)

→ Are you doing your homework now?

3- They arranged to travel to London next week. (travelling)

→ They are travelling to London next week.

4- He hasn't finished reading the story yet. (still)

→ He is still reading the story.

5-1 am telling something now. (anything)

→ I am not telling anything now.

## Practice (1)

### 1) Choose the correct word(s) in brackets:

- 1- I'm (study studies studied studying) German at LS.
- 2- Where (do you go are you going have you gone did you go) now?
- 3- They are (now look still today) revising their lessons.
- 4- I don't understand that man. What language is he (speaks speak speaking spoken)?
- 5- Peter (does is doing isn't doing doing) very well in his Japanese lessons. He says the language is very hard.

2) Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s	s) in brackets:
<ol> <li>I haven't finished doing my homework yet.</li> </ol>	(still)
2. Ahmed visits his relatives every day.	(today)
3. I am travelling to Aswan next week.	(Where)
4. Yes, he's eating cakes at the moment.	(Is)
5. I arranged to fly to Paris next Monday.	(flying)

## Al-Manar





## Revision on 'Present Simple Tense' and 'Present continuous Tense' in units (1/2)



<b>The Present Simple Tense</b>	The Present Continuous Tense
► Talks about something that is true in general.	► Talks about something that is in progress at or around the time of speaking.
e.g. We offer courses for adults.	e.g. I'm working hard. I'm flying to Paris tomorrow.
<ul> <li>→ Talks about facts, timetable, permanent situations and repeated habits.</li> <li>e.gThe sun rises in the east.</li> <li>- The plane takes off at 8 o'clock.</li> <li>- I work as a teacher.</li> <li>- I go to school every day.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Talks about something that happens now only, arrangement and temporary situations.</li> <li>e.g They are studying their lessons now.</li> <li>- I am working for a new company nowadays.</li> </ul>

## Be Perfect

1- I do my homework every day.	(today)
→ I am doing my homework today.	
2- He is walking to school at the same time.	(usually)
→ He usually walks to school.	
3- Where do you go every night?	(tonight)
→ Where are you going tonight?	
4- Amgad listens to music in his free time.	(at the moment)
→ Amgad is listening to music at the moment.	
5- He arranges his bag to travel to Aswan.	(travelling)

→ He is travelling to Aswan.



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## Practice (2)

#### 1) Choose the correct word(s) in brackets:

- 1- Carmen (write writes is writing has written) a letter to her English pen friend now.
- 2- Water (boil boils is boiling has boiled) when we heat it.
- 3- John (go goes is going has gone) to school on foot every day.
- 4- What (do you do are you doing have you doing did you do) at the same time?
- 5- He (ask asks is asking has asked) the question in Spanish because Pedro doesn't speak English.

#### 2) Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets:

- I read a really good book.
   (at the moment)
- Yes, Andr lives with an English family. (Does)
- 3. Do you look for something different? (this summer)
- 4. He prepares himself to travel to Paris next week. (is)
- They are leaving tonight. (arrange)



#### 1) Underline the correct word(s) in brackets:

(SB .P.10)

- 1- Why are Laura and Kate (learn learns learned learning) Italian?
- 2- He's (take takes taking took) a photograph of the language school for the new brochure.
- 3- They (don't give aren't giving haven't given won't give) the results of our vocabulary test today.
- 4- I (read am reading have read will read) a really good book in French at the moment.
- 5- Andr is French. He (visit visits has visited is visiting) Britain so that so that he can improve his English).
- 6- He's (do does did doing) a course at Colston college.
- 7- Andr (live lives is living has lived) with an English family nowadays.

### (SB P. 21)

- 8- Jason (play plays is playing has played) the guitar at the moment.
- 9- Why (are you leaving do you leave have you left did you leave)? The race is starting now?
- 10- My son (watches sometimes sometimes watches watching sometimes sometimes watched) football on TV.

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11- Wimbledon is an important tennis competition that (take - takes - is taking - has taken) place every summer in England.

### (WB P. 8)

- 12- Many people think that animals (don't talk aren't talking haven't talked didn't talk).
- 13- Dr Rose Braun (comes is coming come came) from Germany.
- 14- Dr Rose (work works is working has worked) with animals every day.
- 15- Dr Rose thinks animals (are speaking speak speaks have spoken) a language that is their own.
- 16- Dr Braun (visit visits is visiting has visited) Britain this month.
- 17- Dr Rose says, "it (is is being was has been) a mistake to think that animals can't speak just because we don't understand them.
- 18- Most animals (move moves are moving have moved) their bodies to talk to each other.
- 19- Some animals can even learn to talk to us. At the moment, I (teach teaches am teaching have taught) chimpanzees.
- 20- Chimpanzees are very clever and they (do does are doing did) very well now
- 21- One of these chimpanzees Gabby (is learning learn learns learned)
  English, and she knows about 20 words already!

## (WB P. 9)

- 22- David (teach teaches teaching -taught) French at Sorbiton College. He is a good teacher.
- 23- (Do you walk Are you walking Have you walked Did you walk) to your language class today?
- 24- Spanish (is is being being been) my favourite language.
- 25- Look! That man (stand stands is standing has stood) on my German notebook!
- 26- (Do Does Are Is) Harry and Fred speak French?
- 27- My son (work works is working has worked) in a language school this vear.
- 28- Do you (know knows knowing known) the students in my Spanish class?
- 29- Betty and David (go goes going gone) to the same Portuguese class.
- 30- The bus (leave leaves is leaving has left) at 8 o'clock.

2) Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s)	in bracket
The arrival of the train is at 9 o'clock.	(The train)
2. She arranges to travel to London next month.	(travelling)
3. Do you revise your lessons every evening?	(this evening)
4. Tom hasn't finished studying English yet.	(still)
5. He goes to school on foot.	(How)
6. Yes, he's having his lunch now.	(ls)
7. I'm doing my homework with my brother.	(Whom)
8. He visits his relatives on Monday.	(This Monday)
9. He sleeps early as usual.	(usually)
10. He is always late for work.	(comes)
11. I play the piano from time to time.	(sometimes)
12. He stays up late every night.	(this night)
13. Do you walk to your language class every day?	(today)
14. My son works in a language school.	(this year)
15. I am a teacher.	(work)
16. Betty and David go to the same Portuguese class.	(at the moment)
17. John doesn't listen to his German teacher.	(now)
18. Fiona speaks French.	(at the moment)
19. My mother is going to the supermarket now.	(every week)
20. My cousin doesn't revise his lessons.	(never)

## Test Based On Units (1 & 2)

## Test Based On Units (1 & 2)

1) Supply the	missing parts in the following dialo	gue:
Interviewer	: Hello! Ahmed. So,	(1) ?
Ahmed	: I've been teaching for six years.	
Interviewer	:(2)	?
Ahmed	: At Tanta language school	
Interviewer	: Why do you want to leave it?	
Ahmed	:(3)	from home.
Interviewer	: When can you start?	
Ahmed	: (4)	if it's Ok for you.
Interviewer	: Ok, we'll wait for you next month.	
Ahmed	: (5)	
Interviewer	: Not at all.	
2) Choose the correct word(s) in brackets:		
3- Maria is a ne novice) yet. 4- (Do - Does - 5- He (always of 6- He can spea 7- Thanks (to - 8- Where (do y 9- My family (is 10- Our teachers	- am - has got - had got) lots of famile w teacher, so she isn't (advanced - e - ls - Has) your sister borrow your clock comes - always come - comes always k Spanish (fluent - fluently - fluency for - on - of) your letter, I'm glad we you go - are you going - have you go - isn't - has - hasn't) very big; there is are all highly (qualify - qualified - we following sentences using the work	experienced – beginner –  othes?  s – always is) late for school.  y – good).  're going to be pen-friends.  one - did you go) now?  is only Mum, Dad and me.  eak – lazy) and experienced.
Yesterday		(Today)
2. This new h	ouse belongs to me.	(got)
3. She usually		(is)
4. Do you wa	lk to your school every day?	(today)
5. He hasn't fi	inished doing his homework.	(still)

#### 4) Read the following passage, then answer the question:

A dictionary is very important for all learners of English. It gives them the different meanings of a word. Most dictionaries help them to pronounce a word correctly by using pronunciation symbols. Moreover, it shows the learner how to use the word by giving him examples in sentences. However, when you find a new word, it isn't a good way of learning a language to think of using a dictionary all the time. It is better for you to try to understand the ideas of the passage and guess the meaning of the difficult word. You

## Test Based On Units (1 & 2)

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can look at letters of spelling of the word and try to remember other similar words which may help you get the meaning you want. If these two ways are not helpful, get your dictionary and look it up; some books have a mini-dictionary at its end. The computer dictionary is the latest dictionary that has many advantages over older ones. It's important to use trusted dictionaries which give you the accurate meaning because there are some dictionaries which are very weak or not trusted. Some words have more than one meaning, so be careful to decide which one is appropriate to the context you are reading.

#### A) Answer the following questions:

- 1- Do you agree that we shouldn't use a dictionary all the time? Why? Why not?
- 2- Think of another ways to know the meaning of new words if you don't have a dictionary.
- 3- Do you prefer using a paper dictionary or a computer dictionary? Why?.....

#### B) Choose the correct word(s):

- 4- When you find a new word you don't know, you should first (guess its meaning forget it look it up ask someone about it).
- 5- A good dictionary helps you to pronounce a new word by knowing (its different meanings – its parts of speech – the pronunciation symbols – the sentences in which it is used).

### 5) Write a paragraph of SIX sentences on ONE only of the following topics:

1-"Your hobbies"

2- "The computer"

#### 6) The Novel:

### A) Comment on TWO only of the following quotations:

- 1- "She looks like a lady. I wonder who she is."
- 2- "Please sir. I want some more."
- 3- "I'll take the boy. I need a new apprentice."

### B) Answer THREE only of the following questions:

- 1- How did Mrs Mann deal with orphans?
- 2- How did Oliver celebrate his ninth birthday?
- 3- What food served for the children in Mr. Bumble's workhouse?
- 4- Who was chosen to ask for more food by the boys?

#### 7) Poetry: (Day)

#### A- Answer the following questions:

I am busy, said the sea I am busy, think of me Making continents to be I am busy, said the sea

- 1- Paraphrase the previous stanza.
- 2- Pick out the figures of speech in the previous stanza.