Main words				
Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	
bazaar	بازار - محل تحف	parades	عروض - مسيرات	
snorkeling	الغطس تحت الماء 🍗 🖕	costumes	أزياء	
windsurfing	ركوب الأمواج 💦 💦	lantern 🕠 📐 💆	مصباح - فانوس	
youth hostel	بيت للشباب 🧹 📞	decorate	يزين	
center	مرکز	traditionally	بشكل تقليدي	
review	مراجعة	preserve	يحفظ	
summary	ملخص	breeze	نسيم	
novel	رواية	police station	مركز شرطة	
title	عنوان كتاب - لقب	assistant	مساعد .	
celebrate	يحتفل بـــ	recommendation	توصية	
festival	مهرجان	directions	اتجاهات 🔪 🌈	
free	حر - مجانی	guidebook	د ٹیل	
special	خاص - مہیز	passport	جواز سفر	
represent	يمثل — ينوب عن	detective	محقق – مخبر سري	
historical	تاريخى	adventure	مغامرة	
weak	ضعيف	character	شخصية	
present	هدية	tremble	یرتعد – یرتعش	
afterwards	بعد ذلك	fireworks	ألعاب نارية 🚽 💫	

Unito (1 2 2)

Function Box (1)

Asking for recommendations	Giving recommendations
Do you recommend?	* I recommend
What/where do you suggest?	* I suggest
What is the best place to?	* The best place to is
Is there a good place to?	* You can

Function Box (2)

التعبير عن المشاعر Expressing feelings

- صفة + felt / felt ا
- -Did the story make you feel+ صفة ?
- -How did you feel when-----?
- -It made me feel-----?
- -How do you feel about-----?
- -I don't feel ------ .



Function Box (3)

Using Sequencing Words

- First of all _____
- Next _____
- Afterwards _____, After- Before _____ At
- The next day, ----

Exercise Unit (1) on Vocabulary/

1 – Finish the following dialogue:

- Al is talking to a tourist:
- Ali : Welcome to Egypt!
- Tourist: Thank you.
- Ali : (1)----?
- **Tourist: I come from England.**
- Ali: (2)-----?
- Tourist: No, this is my second visit.
- Ali: How do you like Egypt?
- Tourist: (3)-----
- Ali: I wish you good luck.
- Tourist:(4)-----

2 – Write what you would say:

- 1 Your recommend visiting the museum.
- 2 Your friend is going outside. It is raining.
- 3 You advise your brother not to smoke.
- 4 You meet a tourist for the first time.
- 5 You suggest watching a football match.
- 6 Your friend recommends writing an e-mail but you disagree.
- 7 You suggest a place to buy souvenirs.
- 8 Your friend suggests swimming and you agree.
- 9 You recommend studying English.
- 10 You are asked about the nationality of Mohamed Salah.
- 3 Read the following , then answer the questions:

Once a train stopped at a small station and a woman opened the window. There was a boy outside and the woman said to him, I don't want to get out of the train as I am old and I can't walk fast. Please, run to the station Cafeteria and get me an ice cream and get one for yourself, too. Here is one pound."

The boy came back before the train moved again. He was eating an ice cream. He ran to the woman's window, gave here fifty piastres and said, "I am awfully sorry



madam, there was only one ice cream in the Cafeteria. Here's the one fifty piastres."

		and a to the second second				
A)Answer the following questions :						
1- Where did the train stop ?						
	<mark>voman ask the boy to</mark>		5.0	.1		
	the woman go to the (and the second		
	orrect answer from a					
4- the boy came	back a few seconds -					
a - when the tra	in moved	b – before the train d – the moment the tr	mo	ved		
c – after the trai	n moved	d – the moment the tr	ain n	noved)		
5- The boy boug	nt					
a – one ice creai	n t	o – two ice creams 🥄				
c – no ice cream	C	l – a cup of tea				
· · · Q						
5 – Choose the c	orrect answer:					
	a good					
a. place	b. hotel young, he stayed	c. studio	d.	palace		
2. When he was	young, he stayed	his family.				
a. at	b. for	c. in	d.	with		
3. There are mai	ny beautiful	in Hurghada for t	ouris	sts.		
a . desert	b. beaches	c. snakes		cups		
4. How about	SC	uba diving?				
a . going	b. go to find a comfo	c. to go	d.	went		
5. It is	to find a comfo	ortable hotel.		and the second second		
a. a best	b. best buy at b	c. a most	d.	besting		
6. Tourists can b	ouy at b	bazaars.				
a – prizes	b. bread	c. souvenirs	d.	food		
7. Some tourists	were I	ast week. The police o	didn'	t find them.		
a. lose	b – happy	c. energetic 🛛 🧹	d.			
8. The tourists w	vere looking	- a comfortable hotel.				
a – for	b – after	c. into	d.	like and		
9. Our	by plane was ve	ery long.				
a – voyage	b. picnic		d.	flight		
10. Basant sugg	ested that Ali	a holiday.				
a. take 👘 🧖		c. taking	d	– took		
11. Salma sugge	sted	diving.				
a. go			d.	went		
12. Ayman want	ed shopping	g on Friday.				
a. to go	b. go	c. going	d.	goes		
13. Ehab likes fis	sh . I like it	,				
a – either	b. neither	c. too	d.	as well as		
14. You can tak	e a boat to go					
a. fishing	_		d.	running		
-		Sile		-		
	-	3				

----- expensive than a hotel. 15. The youth hostel is ---a. as b. more c. many d. less 16. We went on a by plane. b. flight d. picnic to a. voyage c. walk 17. A museum is a good place to learn about --things a. future c. ancient d. new b. new 18. There are a lot of ------ buildings in Egypt. a. history 📲 b. historical c. historian d. historically 19. Tourists should visit the old sites, it means b. modern d. fashionable a. new c. ancient 20. Let's go to a ----- to hear some music. a. concrete **b.** concert c. funeral d. pharmacy -- a quiz about football. 21. I am ----d. did a. doing b. do c. does 22. The ----- of Egypt is the pound. b. currency c. flag d. song a. country - is a sport you can do on the water. 23. ----b. karate a. judo c. windsurfing d. football 24. A tourist------- is a building where tourists can find out about a place. b. information centre d. bazaar a. quide d. cinema 25. An inexpensive place to stay on holiday means b. youth hostel d. hotel a. bazaar c. museum 26. A ----- is a place where you can go shopping. b. carriage a. mosque c. tower d. bazaar 27. ----is an underwater activity. a. snorkeling b. table tennis c. picnic driving 28 – Do you recommend going to the--------- to buy souvenirs? a. hotel b. hostel c. museum d. bazaar 29 - Look! The tourists are-a. lose b. losing c. lost d. loses 30 - I want to - iudo. a. do b. go c. play d. swim

Exercise Unit (2) on Vocabulary

1 – Finish the following dialogue:	
Eman is going to the library	
Tamer: Where are you going?	
Eman: (1)	
Tamer : (2)	
Eman: I prefer historical books.	
Tamer: (3)	?
Eman: I go there three times a week.	S.L

Tamer: Have you learnt useful things? Eman: (4).....

2 – Write what you would say:

- 1 How did you feel when you read the story?
- 2 What is your opinion of the film?
- 3 –You suggest going to the library.
- 4 You want to invite your friend to your birthday party.
- 5 You ask your friend about the best way to revise before the exam.
- 6 A friend asks you what you thought of a scary film that has just finished.
- 7 You advise your younger sister not to watch too much television.
- 8 A friend asks you about the kind of novels you like to read.
- 9 Someone invites you to lunch. Refuse Politely.
- 10 You tell a friend what you did last Saturday at midday .

3 – Read the following , then answer the questions:

Samira is a clever girl. She is going to be a nurse. She is having classes at a nursing school near her home. She has to study hard. She is already helpful to other nurses because she can feed and wash a sick child. She can also change its clothes

One day her little brother Ahmed, .was sick. He had a bad cold and couldn't go to school.

Samira advised him to stay at home or other children would catch his cold. She gave him a glass of orange juice and opened the window wide to let fresh air in. Her mother smiled. "A sick child in the family is good practice for a nurse, isn't it Samira ?" she said

A)Answer the following questions :

- 1 What is Samira going to be?
- 2 How is Samira already helpful to other nurses?
- 3 Why couldn't Ahmed go to school?

B) Choose the correct answer:

- 4 Samira advised Ahmed to---
- a go to school
- c -stay at home

- b go to the park. d - eat ice cream.
- 5 Samira opened the window to -------
- a let fresh air in c - clean the room

b.- help Ahmed to sleep. d - catch cold

4 – Choose the correct answer:

1. If someone is ------ , he is shaking very hard.

a. laughingb. tremblingc. templingd. resembling

2. He is not strong, he is -----.

a. week b. weak c. leak d. peak

3.A ----- is the name given to a book or a person..



a . title	b. address	c. dress	d. site
4. A	is a long story th	at is written.	
a . novel	b. tale	c. poem	d. poet
<u>5 is writ</u>	ing which gives your	opinion about a book	k or a film.
a. view 💋	b. return 🍐 🎽	c. review	d. interview
<u>6. A give</u>	<mark>s th</mark> e main informatic	on about something.	5.0.
a – summer	b. hammer	c. title	d. summary
7. The story is hor	rib <mark>le, it make</mark> s me fee	el	10.1
a. happy	b – hopeful	c. frightened	d. jobless
	<mark>bout his count</mark> ry, he i		
a – care	b - careful	c. careless	d. car
9. This is a	story about the Ph	aroahs.	
a - historic	b. historical	c. modern	d. new
10.Ahelps	s the police in their w		
a. porter	b. farmer	c. detective	d <mark>– enginee</mark> r
11.The 0	<u>f the book you are us</u>		
	b. titles		d. address 🦵
12. I want to see th	nat film because the	says that it is v	very <mark>exciting.</mark>
		c. interview	
13. This is a	story about the pl	naraohs in ancient Eg	jypt.
a – historical	b. interesting	c. ancient	d. historian
14. Something that	at is unusual, exciting	and may be danger	ous, <mark></mark>
a. adventure	b. habit	c. custom	d. old
15. The main	in the story is	The Horse.	a.
a. title	b. theme	c. character	d. end
16. Mazin's mothe	r is a S	She helps old people.	
a. car	b. carer	c. careless	d. ought to
17. Let's	the new book.		
a. buying	b. buys	c. bought	d. buy
18.He spent 3 hou	rs		
a. revise	b. revising	c. to revise	d. revised
19. The camel is c	alled the sip of the		
a. desert	b. dessert	c. spaceship	d. river
20. The	match was between	Ahly and Zamalek.	A State
a. finally 🧹 🔨	b. final	c. funny	d. find
21.He has	to France.	He is still there.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
a. been	b. gone	c. went	d. goes
22. I did my homew	vork	No one helped m	е.
a. lonely	b. alone	c. loneliness	d. me self
23. The street is n	ot noisy, it is		
a. quit	b. quiet	c. quite	d. queue
24.This is a difficu	It problem I can't	it.	
	solve	d. read	d. eat
		6	

25. Black Beauty is a story about a black horse in the 19 th				
a. millennium	b. century	c. decade	d. era	
26. Grey was	so Beauty	was very happy.		
a. kind	b. greedy	c. weak	d. nervous	
27. Ali	friends with othe	r boys.		
a. makes	b. reads	c. does	d. do	
28 – We don't know	the reason for the a	ccident, it is a	······································	
a. secret 🚬 🔔 📜	b. mystery	c. clear	d. clean to	
29 – A story has a	,character	s and themes.		
a. title 🕥	b. tool	c. top	d. tyre	
30 – He has been the club, he is there now.				
a. to	b. in	c. by	d. from	



1 – Finish the following dialogue:

Abdou and Sara are talking about festivals: Abdou: What are you reading? Sara: (1)------. Abdou: Festivals! Have you read about Spring Feast? Sara: (2)-----Abdou: (3)-----Sara: People do many things and eat eggs and FESEEKH. Abdou: Do all the Egyptians celebrate it? Sara: (4)-----2 – Write what you would say: 1 – You start to tell a story. 2 – You are asked to finish a story. 3 – You offer to help your sister. 4 - You want to go on a picnic . Make a suggestion 5 - Your sister gave birth to a baby boy .Express your feelings. 6 - Your friend invited you to his wedding . Accept . 7 - Your friend wants to know how to keep fit. 8 - Your friend wants to recommend a place to go on Friday.

- 9 You tell a friend what you did last Saturday at midday .
- 10 Your friend invites you to lunch . You accept his invitation .

3 – Read the following , then answer the questions:

Naguib Mahfouz was born in Cairo on December eleventh 1911. He began writing when he was seventeen. In 1945, he married an Egyptian woman with whom he had two daughters. His first novel was published in 1939. His works include the novels as well as several collections of short stories. He is the writer of more than thirty



novels, more than 350 short stories and a lot of movie scripts. Half of his novels have been made into films. He was the only Arabic language writer who won the Nobel Prize for Literature.

P <u>rize for Literati</u>	ure.							
	ollowing questions :							
1- How many daughters did Naguib Mahfouz have?								
2- When was th	2- When was th <mark>e first novel published?</mark>							
3 – What prize d	3 – What prize did Naguib Mahfouz win?							
B) Choose the o	correct answer from a,t	o, c or d :						
4- Naguib Mahf	ouz was born in							
a - Alexandria	b – Cairo	c – Giza 💦 🚽 🗸	I - Tanta					
5- Some of his r	novels have been made	into						
a - papers	b – prizes	c – films 💦 👌 d	- schools					
4 – Choose the	correct answer:							
1: A	is an important c	lay with lots of activ	vities.					
a. fes <mark>tival</mark>	funeral	c. earthquake	d. <mark>storm</mark> 💋 🖉					
2. You don't ha	ve to pay any money, it	is						
a. cheap	b. expensive	c. free	d. <mark>high</mark>					
3. То	is to enjoy activities on	an important day.						
a . celebrate			d. <mark>kill</mark>					
4. To	is to be a sign for some	thing.						
a . present	b. represent	c. interest	d. <mark>irrigate</mark>					
5. Many countri	ies have a	when it is th	e start of spring					
a. fes <mark>tival</mark>	b. funeral	c. match	d. <mark>prize</mark>					
6. When do peo	ple							
a – celebrate	🗧 b. buy	c. operate	d. <mark>kill</mark>					
7. There are	where people w	ear colourful costu	mes. 🔛 🔛 🦳					
a. parades	b - schools	c. hospitals	d. to <mark>mbs</mark>					
8.There are	and the sky is fille	d with colours.						
	b - fireworks		d. fine works					
9. We	our homes with red pa	aper lanterns. 🥢						
a - decorate		c. import	d. export					
10. Chinese Ne	w Year is an important-	in China. 🧎						
a. project	b. crop	c. goods	<mark>d – fes</mark> tival					
11. The red env	velopes given to childre	n contain						
a. messages 🦟	b. money	c. prizes	d. books					
12. My favourie	is Eid al-Fitr.							
a. hobby	b. festival	c. sport	d. game					
13. Eid al-Fitr is	s held to th	e end of Ramadan.						
a – investigate	b. invest	c. celebrate	d. reserva					
14. At some fee	stivals, children join a	and wear	costumes.					
a. parade	3	c. school	d. nursery					
15. Children	eggs by using	g natural colours.						
a. plant	b. decorate	c. record	d. scored					
		Sile						
		8						

16. On the beac	h, we could feel a	blowing from th	e sea.
a. please			
		at "%"	
		c. represent	d. mend
	nd a ticke		
a. reserve	b. preserve	c. water	d. invest
19 01	all, the two-day festiv	val is opened at 9 a.m.	and the second
a. Before	b. First	c. Next to hear some music. c. funeral	d. At
20. Let's go to a		to hear some music.	
a. concrete	b. concert	c. funeral	d. pharmacy
	sim is a	day for all of us	6 .
a. sad	b. special	c. hot	d. weak
22. You do not h	ave to pay to go into t	he museum. It is	
a. costly	b. agree	c. tree vith red paper lanterns	d. free
23. They	their homes v	with red paper lanterns	
		c. decorate	d. sell
MA 21	ummer are		
		d. seasons	d. subjects
25. Doctors and	nurses wear special-		
a. uniforms	b. helmets	c. cap	d. <mark>shoes</mark>
	an use		
a. lanterns	b. horses	c. carriages	d. <mark>buses</mark>
	sim means		
	b. smell		d. <mark>smelt</mark>
	started in about		
		c. 2700 AD	d. 2700 ADE
	food, we mix		5
	b. season	•	d. dry
	food which is		
a. habit	b. traditional	C. TAST	d. custom



Grammar

Units (1-2-3)



Grammar Unit (1)

اعطاء النصيحة Giving advice

- لإعطاء النصيحة نستخدم كل من (should shouldn't + inf) بمعنى يجب أن أو فكرة جيدة أن تفعل أو لا تفعل الشيء : _ 1 - You should go now. = it is a good idea to go now.
- 2 You shouldn't arrive late. = it is not a good idea to arrive late.
- 3 Tourists should wear sun cream when it is very hot.
- 4 You shouldn't watch too much Television.

٢ - التعبيرات الأتية تستخدم أيضا لإعطاء النصيحة بمعنى (should - shouldn't)

should	shouldn't
Ought to	ought not to
lf I we <mark>re you, I w</mark> ould	if I were you, I wouldn' <mark>t</mark>
It is a good idea to	it is not a good idea to
You had better + inf	You had better not + inf
I advise you to	I advise you not to
My advice is to	My advice is not to
The best thing is to	the best thing is not to

٣ - معلومه هامة عندما نتحدث عن النصيحة في الماضي نستخدم الشكل الأتي -

should + have + P.P. shouldn't + have + P.P.

He should have studied hard. = He didn't study hard. She shouldn't have lost her money. = She lost her money.

Exercise ON Grammar

1 – Choose the correct	answerf	from a,	b, c,	or d
-------------------------------	---------	---------	-------	------

1 – Youw	alk too much in the	sun. It is very dangero	ous.			
a. should	b. must	c. shouldn't	d. can			
2 – We	definitely try some	windsurfing. It is a goo	od idea.			
a. mustn't	b. should	c. shouldn't	d. can't			
3 – You	go now , the b	us goes in ten minutes	s			
a. would better	b. mustn't	c. shouldn't	d. should			
4 – Tourists should	d sun cre	eam.				
a. wore	b. wear	c. wearing	d. to wear			
5 – You	5 – Youwatch too much television it is bad for you.					
a. can	b. shouldn't	c. should	d. must			
6-1y	ou to come on time.					
a. advise	b. advice	c. advising	d. advises			
7 – You	to study hard.	-				
a. ought	b. should	🔔 c. had better	d. shouldn't			
_		Sile				

8 – Children...... drink water from dirty canals. b. should a. shouldn't c. can d. could 9 – Tourists...... try some Egyptian food. It is delicious. b. ought not to d. can't a. should c. shouldn't 10 - Westay in the sun for too long. b. shouldn't d. shall a. should c. must 11 – You..... buy a guidebook before you go to a city for the first time. a. would better b. ought c. shouldn't 12 – Kawthar study hard for her exams. c. shouldn't d. should b. shouldn't d. ought not to a. should c. mustn't 13 - You take photos of people unless you ask them first. b. can c. shouldn't d. should a. must 14 - You ------ leave your possessions on a bus. b. should c. shouldn't d. ought to a. must 15 - You ------ always carry your passport in other countries. a. should b. shouldn't c. couldn't d. doesn't 16 – When you go diving, you tell people where you are going. a. mustn't b. shouldn't c. should 17 – Youswim too far from the boat. d. ought a. should b. shouldn't d. had better c. ought 18 - Youstay under the water for too long a. shouldn't b. should d. ought c. must 19 – Youlook out for dangerous sharks. b. ought a. should c. would better d. shouldn't 20 - He hard last week. a. should study b. should have studied c. shouldn't have studied d. shouldn't study

2 – Rewrite the following sentences:

- 1 You ought to study hard. (should)
- 2 He didn't arrive early. (shouldn't)
- 3 You should work to a plan. (If I were you)
- 4 I think you should visit this museum. (recommend)
- 5 Hotels are more expensive than youth hostel. (less)
- 6 My advice is to take a taxi. (should)
- 7- The car is not expensive. (inexpensive/cheap)
- 8 You ought to give them the money. (should)
- 9 I advise you to read well. (ought)
- 10 My advice is to sell the old mobile. (should)
- 11 They should do their best. (ought)
- 12 If I were you, I would buy some souvenirs. (advise)
- 13 He didn't arrive on time. (should)
- 14 She lost her money. (shouldn't)
- 15 It is a good idea to buy a new car. (should)



- 16 I advise you to leave this city. (advice)
- 17 He shouldn't have taken the money. (took)
- 18 You should behave well. ('d better)
- 19 It is not a good idea to play with fire. (shouldn't)
- 20 He advised me not to come late. (advice)

3 – Write an e-mail about one of the following:

- an e-mail to your fr<mark>iend about your last trip.</mark>
- an e-mail to your friend about things he should and shouldn't do.

Grammar Unit (2)

Comparatives and superlatives

few-fewer- fewest_little- less- least

	as as	than	the		8
قليل للعدد	few	fewer	fewest	یأتی بعدها اسم جمع	
قليل للكمية	little	less	least	یأتی بعدها اسم لا یعد	
كثير للعدد	many	more	most	یأتی بعدها اسم جمع	
كثير للكمية	much	more	most	يأتى بعدها اسم لايعد	

I have <u>fewer books than</u> Ali. I have <u>less money than</u> Dina. Class four has <u>the fewest</u> students. That bottle has <u>the least</u> water. I want a book with <u>fewer pages than</u> this. He has <u>as much money as</u> me. She has <u>as many books as</u> her sister.

- Ali is as clever as Mona.

- Ali plays as cleverly as Mona.

er + than / more – less + صفة طويلة + than

- He is taller than his friend
- English is more difficult than French.

صفة طويله. + est / the most - the least + صفة + صفة

- She is the tallest girl in the house.

- He is the most intelligent boy in the class.

4 – as + صفة + as = the same + صفة

Ali is as old as Eman. (the same)

معلومات اضافية (<mark>مقارنة الصفات والأحوال</mark>)

عند التساوي في المقارنة نستخدم (as.....as)

عند عدم التساوي نستخدم الشكل الاتي :

مع صيفة التفضيل نستخدم الشكل الاتي :

Ali and Eman have the same age. The book is as expensive as the pen. (the same) The book and the pen have the same price.

Exercise ON Grammar

1 – Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d 1 – students read magazines. a. little b. few c. much d. a little 2 – There is water in the lake because it was very dry this year. b. few c. little d. fewer a. many 3 – I have got books than you. c. fewer d. few a. little b. less 4 – You have got..... meat than I have. a. little b. few c. fewer d. less 5 - Class 4 has the students. a. fewest b. few c. fewer d. least 6- That bottle has the water. d. few a. fewest b. little c. least 7 – There are..... than 20 people on the bus today. b. less c. little d. much a. fewer 8 – The number of tourists visits the museum early in the morning. b. fewest a. fewer c. least d. little 9 – Students often have...... sleep during school time than during holidays. a. fewer b. less c. many d. few 10 – The Antarctic is the place in the world that has therain a. few b. fewest c. least d. little 11 –people think that English is not a useful language. c. less b. little d. much a. Few 12 – He is as as his friend. c. well a. good b. better d. badly 13 – Ali plays football asas Ayman. b. good c. well a. bad d. clever 14 – When is the time of the year in Egypt? b. drier c. driest a. drv d. as dry 15 – There are lots of historical stories in this library, but there aredetective stories b. little a. few c. less d. least 16 – People have..... interest in historical stories



a. many	b. <mark>few</mark>	c. less	d. as few				
17 – I have	time to read	I this year bec	ause I have more schoolwork				
a. many	b. much	c. few	d. little				
18 – I want a book withpages than a detective story							
a. fewer	👝 🛛 b. little 🛸 🎽	c. less	d. few				
19 – It will take you the amount of time to read.							
a. fewest	b. least	c. less	d. few				
20 – This book l	nas the	number of	f pages				
a. fewest	b. least	c. little	d. few				
6 – Rewrite the	following sentences:						
1 – Ali has fewer books than Mona. (more)							
2 – I have got many friends. (few)							
3 – Not many people like films. (few)							
4 –I don't have much time to read. (little)							
5 – Rodayna has fewer books than Malak. (more)							
6 – I don't have	as much interest in filn	ns as I do in m	atches. (les <mark>s) 🦷 🦯 🦯</mark>				
7- How much money do you have? (many)							
8 – I don't have much information. (little)							
9 – No boy is taller than Ali. (tallest)							
10 – I want a book with fewer pages. (many)							
11 – March ha <mark>s m</mark> ore days than February .(fewer)							
12 – Dina and Fatma have the same age. (as as)							
13 – She doesn't have many friends. (few)							
14 – Zeinab has more books than Salma .(fewer)							
15 – Not many girls like football. (Few)							
16 - The blue bottle has more water than the green bottle. (less)							
17 – Ali is 10 years. Mona is 10 years. (the same)							
18 – I don't have much news. (little)							
19 – He didn't score many goals. (few)							
20 – The computer is as expensive as the mobile. (The same)							
7 – Write a paragraph about one of the following:							
- The importance of reading - Your favorite player.							
- rour ravorite p	nayer.						



Grammar Unit (3)

Present and past simple Passive

المضارع البسيط والماضي البسيط في المبنى للمجهول ملاحظات عامة

١ – نستخدم المبنى للمجهول عندما لا نعرف الفاعل اوعندما يكون الفعل او الحدث هو الاهم وجملة المبنى للمعلوم هي التي تبدأ بالفاعل وجمله المبنى للمجهول تبدأ نائب الفاعل

٢ - المضارع البسيط هو المصدر بدون أي اضافات اذا جاء الفاعل I - we - you - they او اسم جمع ويتكون من المصدر مضاف اليه s - es - is اذا جاء الفاعل He - she - it أو اسم مفرد

- They watch TV every Friday.
- •He sometimes plays football.
- She always studies hard.

٣ – يتم نفي المضارع البسيط باستخدام كل من (مصدر + don't – doesn't)

- They don't like ice-cream.
- She doesn't write English.

٤ - الماضي البسيط هو التصريف الثاني للفعل اي المصدر مضاف اليه d - ed - ied مع وجود أفعال شاذة

- People celebrated the last festival well.
- She studied her lessons yesterday.
- Last week, he went to the library.
- •He didn't go to school.
- They didn't buy the books.

٦ - المضارع البسيط في المبنى للمجهول (PASSIVE) يتكون كالأتسسسسى : -

ه – يتم نفى الماضى البسيط باستخدام (مصدر+ didn't)

am – is – are + P.P انائب فاعل

- People cook eggs in big pans. (active)
- Eggs are cooked in big pans. (passive)
- They play football every day. (active)
- Football is played every day. (passive)

٧ - الماضي البسيط في المبنى للمجهول (PASSIVE) يتكون كالأتسبب

was – were + P.P + ئائب قاعل

She cooked lunch. (Active)

- Lunch was cooked.
- Ali wrote the e-mails. (Active)



•The e-mails were written.

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(not) يتم حذفهم عند التحويل ونضع (don't – doesn't – didn't) يتم حذفهم عند التحويل ونضع (not)
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- •He doesn't eat meat.
- Meat isn't eaten.
- I didn't send the e-mail.
- The e-mail wasn't sent.

٩ – في حالة السؤال يكون المبنى للمجهول كالأتى:



c. was celebrated 9. Where are cars		d. are celebrated					
9. where are ca	b. making	c. made		d. makes			
a. makeb. makingc. maded. makes10. The bookin 2015.							
	b. wasn't written	c. didn't write	•	d. doesn't write			
11. Coatsin winter. a. wear b. wore c. is worn d. are worn							
a. wear	b. wore	c. is worn		d. are worn			
12. Many photos of the Pyramids areevery day.							
a. take 🛛 🔪 🐴	b. took	c. taking		d. taken			
13. Orangesgrown in hot weather.							
a. are 🧹 👘	b. is	c. was		d. has			
a. are b. is c. was d. has 14the car made? – in 2018.							
a. How	b. Where	c. When		d. Who			
a. Howb. Wherec. Whend. Who15. The boyhis homework.							
a. did	b. was done	c. is done		d. are done			
16. Oil is	in Egypt.						
a. find	b. finds	c. finding		d. found			
17. Ali	b. finds c. finding d. found to hospital because he was ill by his father.						
a. was taken	b. took	c. was taking	d.	takes			
	Special foods at the festival.						
a. eat	b. is eaten	d. are eaten	d.	eat			
19. The Pyramic							
a. are built	b. are building	c. were built	d.	were building			
a. are builtb. are buildingc. were builtd. were building20. In the past, fishevery day.a. is caughtb. caughtc. catchd. was caught							
a. is caught	b. caught	c. catch		d. was caught			

2 – Rewrite the following sentences:

- 1 Farmers grow crops well. (grown)
- 2 We make books of paper. (are made)
- 3 How do people celebrate Sham el-Nessim?. (celebrated)
- 4 An Italian invented the first pizza. (was)
- 5 The ancient used papyrus. (passive)
- 6 We give sweets to children. (given)
- 7- Cars are made in Cairo. (People)
- 8 Where did he buy the books? (bought)
- 9 She didn't send the letters. (sent)
- 10 They didn't see Ali at the station. (seen)
- 11 People wear jackets in winter. (worn)
- 12 farmerd grow mango in Egypt. (Mango)
- 13 People speak English all over the world. (spoken)
- 14 The Ancient Egyptians built the Pyramids. (were)
- 15 Basnat cooked fish and rice. (by Basant)
- 16 Nabil sold his car. (Nabil's car)
- 17 Where do people make cars? (made)

- 18 Who invented fireworks? (were invented)
- 19 My parents gave me new clothes for Eid al-Fitr. (I was)
- 20 She didn't send the photo. (wasn't)

3 – Write an e-mail about one of the following:

- a special day people celebrate.
- reading

انتظرونا في الجزء الثانى الوحدات ٤-٥-٦ هذا العمل متاح للجميع صدقة جارية على روح أمي



