

رؤية جديدة (قواعد و كلمات بمنظور جديد)
و تمارين إبداعية تتماشى مع النظام التعليمي الجديد

التي توفر لك للاختبار بيان الله

The Expert

Series

سلسلة

الخبير

مكتبة الاختصاصية



Review on Units 4:6

الصف الأول الثانوي



First Year Secondary

By Mr. Ibrahim Al-Badry

معلم أول اللغة الإنجليزية بالثانوية العامة / د. ماجستير طرق تدريس الإنجليزية

01226797497

Revision Based On Units 4 : 6

Unit Four اهم كلمات

stressed	متوتر	friendship	الصداقة
for granted	مسلم به	merits	مزايا
conversation	محادثة	demerits	عيوب
personal	شخصي	instead of	بدلاً من
tips	نصائح - بقشيش	nasty	كريه - مؤذ
expressions	تعبيرات	bullying	باطجة
Optional	اختياري	bully	باطجي
Social media	وسائل التواصل الاجتماعي	rucksack	حقية
canteen	كانتين	reason for	سبب لـ
teenager	مراهق	cause of	سبب لـ
recipient	مستلم	discussion	مناقشة
connection	اتصال / ارتباط / علاقة	debate	مناظرة / يناقش
noticeboard	لوحة اعلانات	teammate	عضو فريق

Unit Five اهم كلمات

decision	قرار	scams	احتيال
smartphone	موبايل ذكي	credit card	فيزا
driverless	بلا قائد	embarrassing	محرج
collect	يجمع	creative	مبدع
experts	خبراء	virus	فيروس
flexible	مرن	software	برامج
bubbles	فقاعات	password	كلمة سر
cyberbullying	القرصنة الإلكترونية	hack	يخترق
details	تفاصيل	comment	يلق
malware	فيروس	account	حساب
phishing	خداع	properly	بدقة
advert	اعلان	security	امن

Unit Six اهم كلمات

literature	الأدب	publish	ينشر
treasure	كنز	publisher	ناشر
poem	قصيدة	determine	يحدد / ينوي
poetry	شعر	dedicate	يخصص
poet	شاعر	currant	زبيب
emotions	عواطف	current	جاري
pirates	قراصنة	plot	قطعة ارض / مؤامرة
verse	بيت شعر	fruitful	مثمر
rhyme	قافية	dig	يحفر
rhythm	وزن شعري	fair	عادل / جميل
adapt	يتكيف	comics	مجلة هزلية

gardener	بستاني	row	صف
hay	تبن / قش	imaginary	خيالي
gravel walk	طريق مرصوف بالحصى	attempt	يحاول / محاولة
candlelight	ضوء الشمعة	review	عرض نقدي
path	ممر	serious	جاد

language notes

vote for بصوت لصالح

vote against بصوت ضد

Busy + verb+ing مشغول بـ

I am busy doing my homework

bully : بلطجي

We called the police to arrest the bullies.

bully (v) يبلطج : يتنمر

Older children usually bully younger or weaker ones.

bully (... into) (v) يبتز / يساوم

The manager bullied me into leaving my. job.

bullying البلطجة / التنمر

Bullying is a big problem in slums.

cheat (V) يخدع / يحتال على

He was arrested because he cheated an old woman out of her money .

cheat : غشاش / نصاب

Don't trust this cheat.

cheating الغش / النصب

Cheating is a crime.

connected (to / with / by) (adj) – متصل / مرتبط

The computer is connected to the internet.

connection (to / with / between) = link ارتباط / علاقة / اتصال

The connection between the computer and the printer has failed.

Address(n) خطبة رسمية / عنوان

He changed his address.

The prime minister's address was clear and direct.

address (to) (v) يخاطب / يوجه الحديث او الطلب رسميا

Don't address these tourists in French. They are English.

You must address the application to the manager.

address (v) يلقي خطبة / كلمة

The President addressed the parliament.

address (v) يلقي الضوء على / يناقش

This essay does not address the real causes of the problem.

debate (over / about / between) مناقشة / مناظرة

The new law is still under debate in the parliament.

There's a debate over the solutions of the traffic problem on TV.

debate (with) (v) يتباحث / يناقش

He debates with his friends on how to spend the weekend.

nurse ممرض / ممرضة

She is still a student nurse in the local health care centre.

nurse (v) يُمرض / يرعى مريض

He was nursed by a good woman called Hana.

nurse (v) يرضع / تُرضع

Mothers nurse their babies until they are two.

Babies nurse until they are two.

nursing التمريض

She studies nursing at Assuit University.

nursery حضانة / مشتل

My wife had to find a nursery for our little son David.

He went to the nursery to buy some new kinds of plants

Police يفرض الأمن و الانضباط

The officer asked for more soldiers to police the city centre.

Policing فرض الأمن و الانضباط

Policing is the responsibility of the government.

Policy سياسة

You should agree to our selling policy.

advise (on / about / to) (V) ينصح

I advised her to work hard.

advice (on / about) (n) نصيحة (اسم لا يعد / لا يجمع)

I gave him advice about his future.

I gave him an / one advice. -I gave him some advice.

I gave him a piece of advice. -I gave him pieces of advice.

tip tips نصيحة / نصائح / بقشيش

I gave him a tip about his future.

He was delighted with the waiter, so he gave him good tips.

♣ **contact** يتصل (لا تأخذ حرف جر)

»» My friend contacted me yesterday

♣ **decide to** + مصدر

»» She decided to complete her post graduate studies.

♣ **decide on** + اسم

»» You should decide on your goals

♣ **make** صفة / مصدر + مفعول

»» He made me write the letter again.

He makes me nervous.

♣ **need + ing / need to be + pp**

»» The bins need (emptying) أو (to be emptied)

»» **electric** كهربائي / **electric**

(light / current تيار / wires اسلاك / guitar / generator / shock

»» **electrical** (متعلق بالكهرباء) كهربائي / **electrical appliances / equipment / power / storm**

»» **electrician** مهندس كهرباء

I get an electrician to fix the lights.

»» **collect** يجمع

We need to collect information(data) ct money / collect evidence / rubbish

»» **collect** يذهب ليأخذ

She has gone to collect her son from school .

Tap نقرة باللمس

Tap this link to get onto the website.

click (n) نقرة / طقطقة

With a single click on the mouse, you can get the information you need.

The door shuts with a click.

at the click of a mouse في غمضة عين

communicate (with) (v) يتواصل مع

People from all over the world communicate with each other using emails.

communicate to يبلغ الى

The manager communicated the decisions to the secretary by email.

communicate (to) (v) ينقل عدوى

His flu was communicated to all his friends.

direct communication اتصال مباشر

establish communication with يقيم علاقات مع

download ينزل ملف من الانترنت

upload (v) يرفع ملف الى الانترنت

Sama downloaded some educational videos from EKB.

He has uploaded some files on Google Drive.

hack (into) (v) يخترق

She was able to hack the password.

hack / hacking (n) اختراق الكمبيوتر

You need to protect your laptop against hack.

Hack سياسي مغمور / كاتب غير معروف

The meeting was full of hacks.

hacker قراصن / مخترق

I don't know how the hacker could get into the system.

link (v) يربط / يوصل

Friendship links Mr Nasser and me.

This road links Cairo to Alexandria

link ... to / with (v) يربط بـ

link / linkage (between and...) (n) رابط / علاقة

Friendship is the link between Mr Nasser and me.

link رابط (موقع)

I will send you the link of my blog.

lock (v) يقفل

I locked the front door. The front door is locked.

be locked in / into مقيد / محبوس فى

The player was locked into a three-year contract .

lock in يحبس

The policeman locked the criminals in a cell.

lock out يحجز خارج

I am locked out because I have lost my keys.

lock + شخص + up / away يسجن

The policeman locked the criminals up.

lock + شئ + up / away يضع ... فى مكان أمن

My mother locks up/ away her jewellery in the safe.

password-protected محمى بكلمة سر

All the data of the Central computer are password-protected.

phishing الإحتيال / النصب الإلكتروني

He was arrested for phishing.

phisher (n) نصاب / محتال عبر الأنترنت

He was arrested because he was a Phisher.

scam (n) عملية نصب أو احتيال

There was no flat for sale. It was just a scam.

scam(med) (v) ينصب على

It is easy for evil people to scam simple people.

scammer (n) نصاب / محتال

Don't believe him. He is a scammer. .

secure (v) يحمى - يؤمن

The police secure citizens and their property amt.

secure (v) يضمن

He used his farm to secure the loan

technologist (n) خبير تكنولوجيا

In our school, Mr Ibrahim is a real technologist.

technological (adj) تكنولوجي

Life has become faster thanks to technological development.

Advertisement / advert / ad (بصفة عامة) إعلان

Don't believe adverts. Ask people who have already bought the products

commercial إعلان تجارى (فى التلفزيون أو الراديو)

trailer إعلان عن فيلم

This web page is full of trailers.

promotion حملة دعائية (ترويج لسلعة ما)

The company spent 2 million dollars on promotions for the new product.

announcement إعلان / تنويه

We are waiting for the announcement about the decisions

software برنامج حاسوب

I bought this antivirus software.

hardware مكونات / أدوات الحاسب أو غيره

I need some kitchen hardware.

app = application تطبيق

Google play is full of free apps / applications.

application طلب التحاق

To join this club, fill in this application form.

- favour معروف - جميل **- favourite** مفضل

- Can you do me a favour?

- Tennis is his favourite sport?

favoured موهوب **- favourable** مفرح - سار

- She is favoured at acting.

- She heard favourable news, she must be happy.

- bare : كمتري **- bear** يتحمل **pear** عاري - أجرد

♣ **Road** طريق مبني بين بلدين **♣ route** طريق أو مسار في البر والبحر والجو

♣ Road accidents are dangerous

♣ The plane changed its route suddenly

verse: مقطع شعري (يحتوى على مجموعة من الايات)

This poem has five verses. Each verse includes six lines.

verse (n) : الشعر / النظم

The play is written in verse.

rhyme (n) القافية

Traditional poetry always has rhymes.

rhyme: شعر مقفى / نشيد

This poem is written in rhyme.

I liked rhymes when I was in primary school.

rhyme (with) (v) يسجع / يكون قافية

The word "night" rhymes with "White"

Plot (n) قطعة أرض

I have a small vegetable plot.

plot (n) مدفن العائلة

My grandfather bought this plot a short time before his death.

plot (against) (n) مؤامرة / مكيدة / حبكة الرواية أو الفيلم

There was a plot against the company to make it lose a lot of money.

The plot of the film was exciting.

walk(v) يمشى / يتنزه / يفسح (حيوان) سيراً

She always walks to school.

She walks her dog in the afternoon.

walk (V) يوصل (شخص ليطمئن على سلامته)

Don't worry. I'll walk you home.

walk(n) طريق مشاة

The walks around the park are covered with gravel.

poetic / poetical (adj) شعري / شاعري

My daughter has the talent of poetic expression.

literature الأدب (روايات / قصص / أشعار)

Poetry is the oldest form of Arabic literature.

literary (adj) أدبي (متعلق بالكتابة الأدبية)

I used to read literary criticism.

row صف (جنباً الى جنب) In class, I sit in the third row.

raw نيئ / غير مطهي People can't eat raw meat.

currant (n) نبات الكمشمش (له ثمار تشبه العنب أو الزبيب)

There are some Currant trees in the garden.

current (adj) حالي / جاري

I follow current events throughout the internet

strange (adj) غريب (مع الأشياء) People don't like strange things.

stranger غريب (مع الأشخاص)

I met some strangers while walking in the street .

feel different يشعر انه مختلف / متميز

His excellent skills make him feel different.

feel differently لديه شعور مختلف

Everyone enjoys their time. I don't know Why you feel differently.

ملخص سريع للقواعد

Countable / uncountable Nouns

الأسماء التي تعد هي الأسماء التي يكون لها شكل مفرد ويأتي قبلها (a / an) أو شكل جمع : a

man men / a girl girls / a teacher teachers / an ant ants / an egg eggs

جزأين

sandals / صندل / scales / ميزان / tongs / ملقاط / socks / شراب / shoes / حذاء / shorts / شورت

trousers / بنطلون / glasses / نظارة / pants / بنطلون قصير / gloves / جوارتي / scissors / مقص

My shoes are clean / The scissors are sharp / His pants are tight. لاحظ انها تأخذ فعل جمع.

A pair of Italian shoes is very expensive (a pair of shoes فعل مفرد)

كلمات دائما جمع

The police / الشرطة / the clothes / الملابس / people / الناس / goods / البضائع / troops / القوات / arms

الدواجن / poultry / الماشية / cattle / الأطلال / remains / الأسلحة

The police are looking for two criminals Our goods are going to compete foreign goods

خلى بالك من الكلمات دي

هذه الكلمات تأتي مع المعدود (في حالة الجمع) او مع غير المعدود

1- a lot of / plenty of	كثير من	We have a lot (plenty) of friends/ juice
4- some	بعض (إثبات)	She has bought some eggs/ meat.
5- any	أي (نفي - استفهام)	Have you got any sisters/ rice?
(more - most)	للمقارنة (كمية / عدد)	He has more money / apples than me.

هذه الكلمات تأتي مع المعدود (في حالة الجمع) فقط

2- many	عدد كثير من	Nada can't revise many poems
4- a few (fewer - fewest)	عدد قليل من	A few students are absent.

هذه الكلمات تأتي مع غير المعدود فقط

2- much	كمية كثيرة من	She has much sugar in her tea.
3- a little (less / least)	كمية قليلة من	She has little salt in her food.

يأتي بعد One of اسم جمع وتأخذ فعل مفرد

One of my colleagues doesn't like me .

هذه الكلمات تأخذ فعل مفرد أو جمع (حسب اذا كنا نتكلم عنها كمجموعة واحدة ام أفراد)

Staff / طاقم العمل / university / الجامعة / navy / الاسطول / population / السكان / group / مجموعة / army / الجيش / class / فصل / family / أسرة / committee / لجنة / فريق / Team / الحكومة / government / الجمهور / public / عصابة / gang / حشد / crowd / طاقم السفينة / الطائرة / crew / زوج من / couple / شركة / company

بعض الكلمات تبقى كما هي في المفرد والجمع مع حذف أداة النكرة عند الجمع

وسيلة	مسلسل	نوع	خروف	غزال
A means / Means	A series / series	A species / Species	A sheep / sheep	A deer / deer

الأسماء التي لا تعد ليس لها جمع وان كانت تعبر عن كمية و تعامل معاملة المفرد لكن لا نستخدم معها a/ an

School subjects المواد الدراسية	history / electronics / chemistry / biology / economics /
Abstract nouns الأسماء المجردة/ المعنوية	beauty / confidence / courage / enjoyment / honesty /
Sports الرياضات	football / dominos / billiards / tennis / gymnastics/
Gases الغازات	oxygen / nitrogen / hydrogen / carbon dioxide / carbon
Languages اللغات	English / French / Italian / Spanish / German / Greek /
Meals الوجبات	breakfast / lunch / dinner / supper
natural phenomena الظواهر الطبيعية	lightning / thunder / heat / snow / rain / light / weather/ cold
Fluids (liquids) السوائل	water / coffee/ oil / milk / soup / blood / tea / juice / petrol
Different activities الأنشطة المختلفة	shopping / studying / writing /smoking / reading / ironing / washing
Other nouns كلمات اخرى	meat / rice / oil / butter / macaroni / cheese / sugar / salt / bread / toast / beef / furniture / gold / silver / iron

يمكن استخدام أدوات تجزئة مع الكلمات التي لا تعد و في حالة الجمع تجمع أداة التجزئة فقط:

a piece of jewellery	a grain of sand	a packet of paper	an item of information
a slice of cake / meat	a loaf of bread	a jar of jam	a cup of coffee
a glass of lemonade	a tube of toothpaste	a bar of soap	a sheet of paper
a bottle of milk	a bar of chocolate	a piece of advice	a bag of flour

العبارات الدالة على الكمية و المبالغ المالية و الزمن و الثمن و المسافة و الوزن و درجات الحرارة تأخذ فعل مفرد:

- Ten million pounds is a lot of money.
- Fifty litres of petrol fills my car.

◆ المواد الدراسية والألعاب الرياضية المنتهية بحرف s يُستخدم معها دائماً فعل مفرد مثل :

- ♣ Athletics strengthens our bodies . ♣ Gymnastics is my favourite sport
- ♣ Mathematics helps me think ♣ Physics is a difficult subject .

أسماء تعد أو لا تعد حسب المعنى

لا يعد	تعد	لا يعد	تعد	لا يعد	تعد	لا يعد	تعد
paper	a paper جريدة	orange.	an orange	time	Three times	chicken	a chicken
Glass	a glass	iron.	an iron	cold	a cold	hair.	a hair
coffee	Two coffees	light	a light	air	an air مظهر	tin قصدير	a tin

- ♣ Give me a glass of water , please . -- My windows are made of glass. زجاج

a / an / the

نستخدم (a) قبل الاسم المفرد الذي يعد البادئ بحرف ساكن نطقاً :

a book / a car / a man / a child

كلمات تبدأ بحرف متحرك ينطق ساكن :

a uniform / a unit / European city / a one way street

خلى باللك : عندما يتشابه حرف u في نطقه مع حرف y يكون ساكن و كذلك حرف o عندما يتشابه مع حرف w

نستخدم (an) قبل الاسم المفرد الذي يعد البادئ بحرف متحرك نطقاً (a - e - i - o - u)

خلى باللك : أو حرف h عندما يكون silent

وريت an apple / an egg / an idea / an orange / an uncle / an hour / an honest man / an heir

للحديث عن وظيفة شخص My father is a doctor / She is a nurse / He's an engineer

مع بعض التعبيرات الدالة على العدد a couple / a dozen / a hundred / a thousand

في حالة التعبيرات الدالة على الثمن و السرعة Two pounds a kilo / sixty kilometres an hour

في الجمل الدالة على التعجب: What a/an+ adj + Noun + s+v

What a clever boy he is ! / What an interesting story it is

لا تستخدم a / an قبل أسماء الوجبات إلا إذا سبقها صفة وفي هذه الحالة تأتي الأداة قبل الصفة:

♣ I usually have lunch at 2 p.m. ♣ He gave us a good breakfast.

Definite articles (the) أداة المعرفة

في الحالات التالية تستخدم أداة التعريف the

قبل الاسم النكرة الذي سبق ذكره/ قبل الأسماء التي يوجد منها شيء واحد/ قبل الأسماء المشهورة أو المعروفة

أو الفريدة في نوعها / قبل أسماء الاختراعات و الاكتشافات و الآلات الموسيقية (مع الفعلين / play

practice / عندما نتحدث عن فصيلة أو اسم مفرد يصف مجموعة / قبل أسماء البحار والأنهار والمحيطات

والصحارى والسلاسل الجبلية والقنوات / قبل الصفات لتدل على اسم جمع (فتأخذ الصفة فعل جمع)

- مع الأرقام الترتيبية the first

- قبل جزئي المقارنة ← كلما ... كلما

(صفة مقارنة + the + صفة مقارنة + the)

لا تستخدم the في الحالات الآتية: no article

- مع الأسماء الجمع عندما نعبر عن أفكار عامة مثل الناس و الطعام و الوظائف والنباتات / مع

الأسماء التي لا تعد مثل الطعام و الشراب و المواد الخام و الأسماء المجردة و المواد الدراسية و

اللغات / قبل أسماء الوجبات / قبل أسماء القارات و الدول و المدن و القرى و أسماء الأعلام و

أسماء البحيرات المفردة و الجبال المفردة / / قبل school-prison-hospital

church-mosque عندما تستخدم في الغرض الذي بنيت من

خلى باللك (حالات خاصة)

- إذا كان اسم الدولة مركب أو جمع نستخدم قبله (the Philibines / the USA) the

- إذا كانت الوجبة بناء على دعوة نستخدم the He invited me to the dinner .

- نستخدم the إذا تم الذهاب إلى هذه الأماكن للزيارة school-prison-hospital-

- إذا اتت كلمة language بعد اسم اللغة , نستخدم the the Arabic language

- إذا كنا نقصد شيء بعينه نستخدم the The meat you bought is very fatty .

- ليس كل اسم معرف بـ (الـ) في اللغة العربية يأخذ the في الإنجليزية إنما نتبع القواعد السابقة.

The Simple Future Tense

يتكون المستقبل البسيط من:

Will / shall + inf

• In the future, we **will produce** more of our energy from wind power.

• لاحظ استخدام **will** مع كل الضمائر واستخدام **shall** مع **I / we** فقط:

• يستخدم المستقبل البسيط مع كلمات مثل:

Next (year/month/week...) / in the future / soon / in a year, month, week / tomorrow / this time next week / this time tomorrow

• I'll meet him tomorrow morning.

Will is used:

للتعبير عن أحداث متوقعة في المستقبل أو تمنى أو وعد أو تهديد أو حقائق مستقبلية أو عرض وطلب

am/ is / are + going to + المصدر

التنبؤ بدليل – التعبير عن خطة أو نية مستقبلية لعمل الشئ – شئ على وشك الحدوث

• I'm going to fail this exam. I haven't done much work.

- am / is / are + v-ing

للتعبير عن الاستعداد و الترتيبات الخاصة قد تمت للحدث (مناسبات اجتماعية)

• She **is travelling** to Cairo **at 7 tomorrow morning**.

- يستخدم المضارع البسيط للتعبير عن مواعيد وسائل المواصلات و الامتحانات و برامج التلفاز و السنيما المستقبلية

◆ The film **starts** at 9.

◆ The course **starts** in October.

المستقبل البسيط في المبنى للمجهول :

will / won't + be + pp

will get + pp

am/is/are going to be+PP

He **will buy some apples.** → Some apples will be / will get bought.

She **is going to make** a cake → A cake is going to be made.

will have + pp + مفعول (عندما يقوم شخص آخر بعمل الفعل بدلا من الفاعل)

He **will have** his car washed.

السؤال المزيب في المستقبل البسيط

-----, will / won't + ضمير فاعل ?

ملاحظة (يكون السؤال منفي اذا كانت الجملة مثبتة والعكس صحيح)

كذلك يجب استخدام الصيغة المختصرة من الفعل المساعد في حالة النفي

He **will attend** the party, **won't he?**

مع ملاحظة ان هناك كلمات اذا اتت في الجملة تكون منفيه وبالتالي يكون السؤال
ومن هذه الكلمات :

Hardly ever, rarely, scarcely, seldom, never, rarely / nothing /

no one/nobody

No one will apply for this silly job, **will they ?**

The future continuous: المستقبل المستمر

يستخدم للتعبير عن حدث سوف يكون مستمرا في وقت معين في المستقبل:

◆ I can't see the match tomorrow evening. I'll **be revising** for my exams then.

♣ تستخدم **may** بدلا من **will** في حالة عدم التأكد:

• I can't visit you because I **may be doing** my homework this evening.

ملحوظة هامة: المستقبل المستمر لا يبني للمجهول و السؤال المزيل به هو نفسه في المستقبل البسيط

She will be revising for the test tomorrow evening, **won't she?**

The Future Perfect Tense

◆ يتكون المستقبل التام من **will have / shall have + PP.** ويدل علي أن شيء سيكون قد تم قبل وقت معين أو خلال فترة معينة في المستقبل:

◆ ويستخدم هذا الزمن عادة مع الكلمات الدالة علي المستقبل مسبوقة بكلمة **by**

By (the year) 2100 / By tomorrow morning / by next October

المستقبل التام في المبنى للمجهول

will have been / shall have been + PP.

By the year 2100, millions of trees and hundreds of forests **will have been saved.**

ملحوظة هامة: السؤال المزيل في المستقبل التام هو نفسه في المستقبل البسيط

She will have revised for the test by tomorrow evening, **won't she?**

◆ يستخدم المضارع البسيط (أو المضارع التام) بعد الروابط الآتية والفعل الثاني يكون مستقبلي أو أمر:

After / Before / When / As soon as / the moment / till / until + مضارع بسيط
أو مضارع تام

♣ **After I write** the letter, **I'll go** out.

♣ **Before he goes** to bed, he **will have** dinner.

♣ لاحظ أنه يمكن استخدام فعل أمر بدلا من المستقبل البسيط:

◆ **After you finish** your work, **call** me.

Verbs+ to + inf / Verbs + V-ing

1- Verbs followed by (to + inf.) (to + inf.) أفعال يأتي بعدها

agree	يوافق	threaten	يُهدد	pretend	يتظاهر
arrange	يرتب	want	يريد	deserve	يستحق
decide	يقرر	wish	يتمنى	demand	يطلب

- **We are planning to live in Cairo.**

- **I don't want to buy a new house.**

- * **It + be + adj. + to + inf.**

- It is difficult to find a job nowadays. It was hard for him to recognize the criminal.

2- Verbs followed by (v. + ing)

Enjoy	يستمتع	miss	يفقد	fancy	يتخيل / يتصور
mind	يُمانع	involve	يتضمن / يستلزم	avoid	يتجنب
finish	ينتهي	prevent	يمنع	admit	يعترف بـ

- I'd advise waiting until tomorrow.

3- Verbs + object + (to + inf.)

(to + inf.) أفعال يأتي بعدها مفعول ثم

expect	يتوقع	teach	يُعلم	remind	يُذكر
want	يريد	tell	يُخبر	warn	يُحذر
order	يطلب	help	يساعد	inform	يُخبر / يُبلغ

- We ordered her to keep quiet.

4- Verbs + object + (inf.)

let	يسمح	make	يجعل	see	يرى
help	يساعد	would rather	يُفضل	had better	يُفضل

- The teacher let me leave early.

recommend	يوصي بـ	advise	ينصح	encourage	يُشجع
permit	يسمح	allow	يسمح / يأذن		

My teacher advises buying this book.

= My teacher advises us to buy this book.

5- Verbs + (to + inf.) Or (v.+ing)

أفعال يأتي بعدها أو (v.+ing) أو (to+ inf.) بدون حرف ضي المعنى أو وجود حرف بسيط

يستخدم Gerund إذا كان الكلام بصفة عامة و يستخدم to + inf. في المواقف المحددة

prefer	يفضل	hate	يكره	start	يبدأ
like	يحب	dislike	يكره	begin	يبدأ
love	يحب	intend	ينوي	continue	يستمر

6- Verbs + (to + inf.) Or (v.+ing)

مع وجود اختلاف في المعنى (v.+ing) أو (to+ inf.) أفعال يأتي بعدها

هذه الأفعال إذا جاء بعدها (Gerund) تدل على ان الحدث قد انتهى أما إذا جاء بعدها (to +inf.) فتدل على ان الحدث لم يتم بعد

remember + (to + inf.)

remember + (v. + ing)

stop + (to + inf.)

stop + (v. + ing)

forget + (to + inf.)

forget + (v. + ing)

try + (to + inf.)

try + (v. + ing)

regret + (to + inf.)

regret + (v. + ing)

يتذكر أن يفعل شيئاً ما ثم يفعله

يتذكر أنه قد فعل شيئاً ما في الماضي

يتوقف لغرض (لكي يفعل شيء ما)

يتوقف عن فعل شيء لفترة قصيرة أو بصفة دائمة

ينسى أن يفعل شيء ما (أي لم يفعل الشيء)

ينسى أنه فعل شيء ما (أي أنه فعل الشيء)

يُحاول (ببذل مجهود لكي يفعل شيء ما)

يُجرب شيء ما , وسيرى ما سوف يحدث

يأسف أنه مضطر أن يفعل شيء ما

يندم على شيء فعله في الماضي

Advanced Exercises on unit (4)

Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

- 1- You need to have legal by a lawyer in order to deal with this case properly.
a) device b) advice c) advance d) reason
- 2-The boy tried to the little kids into giving him their money.
a) bully b) holly c) pull d) respect
- 3- Who would do business with him after that? Everyone knows he's a
a) miracle b) loyal c) cheat d) cheerful
- 4-I He used some of his father's to get that job at a well-known company.
a) collections b) collocations c) corrections d) connections
- 5-There is no use with them; they've already made up their minds.
a) debating b) joking c) sharing d) chatting
- 6- The speaker's words the audience, who suddenly rose out of their seats and began to shout.
a) existed b) respected c) exerted d) excited
- 7- These apartments come with many..... , including free parking and use of the swimming pool.
a) exits b) extras c) passives d) additions
- 8- The store sells only the highest of clothes, so they are very expensive.
a) grade b) degree c) greed d) regard
- 9- Her sudden, strange behaviour gave us a , but she was only joking around.
a) scare b) score c) scarce d) soccer
- 10- The names of the honoured student will appear on the during the school party.
a) cardboard b) dashboard c) gate board d) noticeboard
- 11- Everyone likes talking about and what they have done.
a) himself b) herself c) ourselves d) themselves
- 12- I was so happy to see that my young daughter did her work her own
a) in b) on c) by d) at
- 13- Surprisingly, the crime was done by a 15..... -old boy.
a) years b) year's c) year d) years
- 14- The test was difficult for many students to be answered.
a) so b) too c) such d) very
- 15- strong he is, I can beat him at any time.
a) However b) Although c) As d) But
- 16- We all should avoid at by anyone.
a) laughing b) laughed c) having laughed d) being laughed
- 17- We usually spend much of our time for our work.
a) preparing b) prepare c) to prepare d) prepared

- 18- During the last holiday, I spent nearly hve pounds.
a) thousands b) thousand's c) thousand d) thousands'
- 19- Have you found the keys '?
a) which lost b) you lost c) you lost them d) were lost
- 20- My friend likes watching action films and I like them
a) either b) so c) to d) too

It is not allowed to park here, but in -----the place is never empty.

- a. practise b. practice c. police d. policing**
2. Those bad people have bullied him taking drugs.
a. from b. off c. on d. into
3. The police the explosion with terrorism.
a. point b. points c. connect d. connects
4. Address your question the teacher and he will help you.
a. to b. off c. of d. with
5. Living in a new town so hard because you are away from friends and everything you know.
a. expresses b. feels c. tries d. informs
6. Getting the Nobel Prize was the of Naguib Mahfouz's life.
a. addressee b. project c. highlight d. punctuation
7. He is still what to do. It isn't easy for him to decide.
a. debating b. preferring c. expressing d. believing
8. The flowers and plants on my balcony have been bought from a nearby
a. contraction b. concern c. nursing d. nursery
9. It is the right of a baby to
a. contain b. nurse c. fight d. host
- 10- The use of guns and other weapons must be
a. connected b. closed c. policed d. listed
11. It is known to us all that are usually cowards. They only look strong against the weak.
a. bullying b. bullies c. teammates d. friendships
12. One can say that one or takes a practice.
a. sells b. makes c. practises d. does
13. A secretary is supposed to have the ability to with all staff members.
a. practise b. pronounce c. connect d. salute
14. We have to ourselves to the problem of water shortage.
a. address b. allow c. list d. practise
15. I used the cursor to the title of the essay
a. experience b. decide c. inform d. highlight

- 1- I buy some bread. I hardly have left in the kitchen.
a. much b. any c. many d. some
2. Two hundred pounds enough for today's spending.
a. are b. have c. is d. were
- 3- Try to reduce the of cups of tea you drink a day.
a. amount b. quantity c. number d. some
4. There is juice for everyone to drink a little.
a. too much b. too many c. little d. enough
5. There aren't in this town. Only two.
a. some hotels b. any hotels c. many hotels d. much hotels
6. The money of the books on the table.
a. are b. were c. has d. is
7. There aren't seats for everybody. Some people will have to sit on the floor or stand!
a. all b. much c. any d. enough
8. How are coming to the party?
a. many peoples b. many people c. much people d. any people
9. The police interviewing some people.
a. is b. was c. are d. have
10. He failed to carry out his duties as a manager as he didn't have
a. many experience b. many experiences c. enough experiences d. much experience
11. congratulations! I'm very happy to hear your good news.
a. A b. Any c. Much d. Many
12. There wasn't traffic on the road. Only a few private cars.
a. many b. much c. little d. a few
13. My are in my bag.
a. a glass b. pair of glasses c. glass d. glasses
14. How coffees do you want in your coffee?
a. much b. many c. little d. few
15. Those sheep fat
a. is b. are c. was d. had
16. There a lot of rubbish in the kitchen.
a. is b. are c. has d. were
17. My reading glasses missing.
a. had b. was c. is d. are
18. This poor woman has
a. child b. a few child c. little children d. much children
19. We hardly heard news of him since he left the company.
a. any b. some c. many d. much

20. Mathematics not very easy to understand.
a. are **b. were** **c. is** **d. has**
21. Knowledge of foreign languages necessary.
a. is **b. are** **c. have** **d. were**
-
34. Come on, Rodayna. It is time to go to bed.
a. a **b. an** **c. the** **d. no article**
35. We always go on holiday in July.
a. a **b. an** **c. the** **d. no article**
36. They all went to lunch organized by their aunt.
a. a **b. an** **c. the** **d. no article**
37. I remember day we went to the seaside.
a. a **b. an** **c. the** **d. no article**
38. A new spaceship will be sent into space next month.
a. a **b. an** **c. the** **d. no article**
39. space in my room is not enough for my bed.
a. a **b. an** **c. The** **d. no article**
40. The Sun went down horizon.
a. a **b. an** **c. the** **d. no article**
41. Britain is European country.
a. a **b. an** **c. the** **d. no article**
42. You will find the information you need at the top of page .
a. a **b. an** **c. the** **d. no article**
43. Fear is universal weakness.
a. a **b. an** **c. the** **d. no article**
44. I dislike towns, but I love the countryside.
a. a **b. an** **c. the** **d. no article**
45. pomegranates are good for health. a. A b. An c. The d. No article
46. Look at oranges on that tree.
a. a **b. an** **c. the** **d. no article**
47. My son has started this year.
a. a **b. an** **c. the** **d. no article**
48. My father went to school to meet my teachers.
a. a b. an e. the d. no article
49. youth play important roles in the progress l'iy of all nations?"[^]
a. A **b. An** **c. The** **d. No article**
50. teachers in my school work hard.
a. A **b. An** **c. The** **d. No article**
51. For this job, you need experience with the computer.
a. a **b. an** **c. the** **d. no article**
52. I asked professor Mohammed about his early life.
a. a **b. an** **c. the** **d. no article**

1. Most people think that politics sometimes a dirty business.
a. may **b. were** **c. are** **d. is**
2. Is there life on March?
d. a **a. no article** **b. the** **c. an**
3. A: Dr Alan earns 10,000 pounds a day. B: No. he doesn't earn as.... . . . as that.
a. many **b. much** **c. more** **d. the same**
4. Mum has a barn 3,3. where she raises
a. chicken **b. chickens** **c. some chicken** **d. the chicken**
5. To me, either answer acceptable.
a. are **b. were** **c. is** **d. has**
6. He is HIV patient.
a. no article **b. the** **c. an** **d. a**
7. The teachers, as well as the headmaster, to hold a meeting.
a. is wanting **b. want** **c. wants** **d. are wanting**
8. The team not in agreement on how to ask for their rights.
a. have **b. is .** **c. are** **d. has**
9. This species of animals in danger of being extinct nowadays.
a. is **b. are** **c. was** **d. has**
10. I apologize for being nuisance, but May I go out for a while, please?
a. no article **b. the** **c. an** **d. a**
11. Each student is doing best to pass the exam.
a. his **b. her** **c. their** **d. its**
12. is rich in Vitamin C.
a. Orange **b. An orange** **c. Oranges** **d. The oranges**
13. We didn't do shopping last week.
a. many **b. a** **c. some** **d. much**
14. Have you seen one-hundred-pound note on the floor?
a. no article **b. the** **c. an** **d. a**
15. The woman with the long boots on my neighbourhood.
a. live **b. lives** **c. have lived** **d. were living**
16. The dead man's include no will.
a. paper **b. a paper** **c. papers** **d. newspaper**
17. Everyone should depend on
a. itself **b. himself** **c. herself** **d. themselves**
18. Be patient, please. We will talk about the matter in just bit.
a. no article **b. the** **c. an** **d. a**
19. The poor from high prices.
a. suffers **b. suffer** **c. has suffered** **d. was suffering**
20. A: How television do you watch a week? B: About ten hours.
a. much **b. many items of** **c. many** **d. many items of**

21. He was sent to prison for a year for stealing only two
- a. slices of clothing b. pieces of clothing c. clothes d. clothings**
22. I think you can't sit in this row as there isn't room for you.
- a. no article b. the c. an d. a**
23. Mandela was in prison for before he became president.
- a. time b. a time c. a duration d. years' of time**
24. The new digital camera is a very complex
- a. item of technology b. technology**
c. technology pieces d. bar of technology
25. I can't go out with you today. I've got too and it all has to be finished by nine o'clock.
- a. many tasks b. much work c. many jobs d. many pieces of work**

Advanced Exercises on unit (5)

- 1- The doctor gave me this medicine and asked me to take two after lunch.
- a) tablets b) bottles c) packages d) strips**
- 2- The photographer went into the darkroom to the film.
- a) evaluate b) print c) publish d) develop**
- 3- Dickens' novel are a on the hard conditions under which the poor were living at the time.
- a) connect b) ceremony c) comment d) concern**
- 4- Arguing with friends about small things only more problems.
- a) creates b) imagines c) vanishes d) prevents**
- 5- She keeps all of her in one folder.
- a) downwards b) Savings c) extracts d) downloads**
- 6- I She gave us help with our project.
- a) expert b) expect c) suspect d) defect**
- 7- He the wood into pieces to make a small chair.
- a) racked b) hacked c) restricted d) swallowed**
- 8- He did not realise he had been until after he had used his credit card.
- a) phished b) managed c) advertised d) announced**
- 9- The company any consumers before it was forced to close down.
- a) profited b) benefited c) scammed d) scanned**
- 10- There are twelve elementary schools in our city's school
- a)discipline b) system c) state d) nation**
- 11- The problem of unemployment worse these days.
- a) will get b) got c) is getting d) was getting**
- 12- some free time, Osama went for a walk.
- a) Have b) Having c) Has d) To have**
- 13- "Are you tired?" No, I to walking long distances.
- a) got used b) used c) am used d) am using**

- 14- We waved goodbye the car was out of sight.
a) while b) when c) until d) by the time
- 15- They had that he was still alive not dead.
a) feeling b) filled c) fallen d) a feeling
- 16- Some parents agree that their children should have a constant contact
..... the rest of the world.
a) to b) with c) by d) no word
- 17- The question wasn't for students to answer.
**a) so easy b) difficult enough
c) easy enough d) enough difficult**
- 18- I asked many people to use useful information to help them.
a) these b) there c) this d) those
- 19- I don't think he is trying his best, ?
a) is he b) do I c) isn't he d) doesn't he
- 20- Always speak with your parents if you bullied.
a) will be b) are c) have been d) are being

1. To join this club, fill in this
a. programme b. application c. malware d. bucket
2. A device is a machine or tool used for a purpose.
a. particular b. popular c. connected d. online
3. If I don't hear the of the lock, you know the door isn't locked.
a. comment b. possibility c. post d. click
4. His intelligence itself to us in everything he does.
a. contacts b. connects c. communicates d. receives
5. You are no more than a who frightens people online.
a. cyberbullying b. cyberbully c. phishing d. scam
6. is a giant digital library.
a. An internet b. Internet c. Net d. The internet
7. Love of beauty the two writers.
3. links b. uploads C. bullies d. provides
8. I can't leave the club. I'm..... in a five-year contract.
a. connected b. linked c. locked d. communicated
- 9 . My father refused to use the family house to my brother's loan
from the bank.
a. borrow b. lend c. secure d. endanger
10. Saudi Arabia buys military..... like tanks and missiles from the USA.
a. software b. hardware c. presentation d. prediction
11. Danger is antonymous with
a. Safe b. secure c. safety d. security

12. In a computer, what is the relation between software and hardware?

B: They are.....

a. not related b. malware C. complementary d. creative

13. The suffix means the study of something, especially something scientific.

a. -ist b. -ise c. -ology d. -ment

14. He his fear to us all and we soon started to run away.

a. communicated b. locked c. downloaded d. offered

15. Mum didn't say a single word. She only her tongue and looked away from me.

a. locked b. uploaded c. clicked d. shut

16. This research has many practical

a. evidence b. managements C. communications d. applications

17. The offer only to new members.

a. shares b. applies c. develops d. blogs

18. He looks really His appearance is attractive.

a. smart b. printed c. amazed d. interested

19. We the responsibility for the children.

a. comment b. signal c. shorten d. share

20. I have a good installed on my computer.

a. software b. softwares
c. piece of software d. pieces of software

1. He is going to catch the bus when it

a. arrives b. will arrive c. arrived d. arrive

2. When you arrive, me at once.

a. are going to call b. are calling c. will call d. call

3. Don't wash the dishes if you in a hurry.

a. were b. are being c. are d. have been

4. I can't go out with you this afternoon. I my homework.

a. do b. going to do c. will do d. am doing

5. A: When are you going to leave for Rome? B: I tomorrow on the 6:00 o'clock plane.

a. leave b. am leaving c. am going to leave d. will leave

6. It is raining heavily. Don't go out or you wet.

a. get b. will get c. are going to get d. are getting

7. A: Make a prediction about your life ten years from now. B: I married.

a. will be b. am . c. am getting d. am going to get

8. He is brave by nature. He the problem.

a. face b. is facing c. is going to face d. will face

9. You won't leave the office until the manager you.
a. called b. had called c. has called d. call
10. After the manager has called you, you the office at once.
a. will leave b. won't leave c. have left d. left
11. In ten years' time, my father even older.
a. will look b. is looking c. going to look d. looks
12. As soon as my son for school, I 'll do the housework.
a. will leave b. have left c. leaves d. had left
13. Before she returns home from work tomorrow, she the shopping as she has planned.
a. is being done b. is going to do c. will do d. does
14. After doing the shopping, she home.
a. has gone b. had gone c. go d. will go
15. I my aunt next Friday as I am welcoming some friends at home.
a. am not visiting b. won't visit c. can't visit d. don't visit
16. I'm afraid he his exams.
a. will pass b. won't pass c. is passing d. isn't passing
17. She is stubborn. It easy to make her agree to this plan.
a. won't be b. isn't going to be c. isn't being d. is

- 1- A: The windows are dirty. B: Yes, I know. I them.
a. clean b. cleaning c will clean d. am going to clean
- 2- A: The windows are dirty. B: Really? I them.
a clean b. cleaning c. Will clean d. am going to clean
- 3- The car I wonder what's wrong with it.
a. won't start b. isn't going to start c. shan't start d. is starting
4. She has invited all her friends. She her 26th birthday tomorrow.
a. will have b. is having c. is being had d. is being given
5. She has invited all her friends. Her 26th birthday tomorrow.
a. gives b. is having c. is being had d. is being given
6. She....to the park with us in the evening tomorrow. She knows all about it.
a. goes b. will go c. is going to go d. is going
7. I can see you are busy, so I long.
a. am not staying b. don't stay
c. won't stay d. am not going to stay
8. I some old friends at the club tomorrow evening.
a. will see b. am seeing c. am going to be seen d. see
9. I'll try to advise her but I know she
a. doesn't listen b. isn't listening
c. won't listen d. isn't going to listen
10. You so lazy. Stop it, please. It's annoying.
a. will be b. are being c. are going to be d. are to be

11. Being intelligent, she first next year.

- a. comes b. is coming c. is going to come d. will come**

12. I here until he returns to tell him the instructions.

- a. will wait b. won't wait c. waited d. didn't wait**

13. Not until the manager calls me the office.

- a. I leave b. I have left c. will I leave d. did I leave**

Advanced Exercises on unit (6)

1- He his entire savings on the project but he thinks it is hard to make profit.

- a) adventured b) earned c) gained d) owed**

2- I Please be and get to the point. We do not have much time for further details.

- a) shorten up b) brief c) shut up d) abbreviate**

3- People with skin are more likely to get a sunburn.

- a) dark b) black c) fine d) fair**

4- They came to the driveway today to make it available for walking.

- a) discover b) gravel c) ease d) prove**

5- I don't go to movies or watch much television, so my knowledge of is somewhat limited.

- a) similar b) infamous c) popular d) unknown**

6- Language is a/an for communicating.

- a) tool b) equipment c) instrument d) machine**

7- his friendship. He is my best friend.

- a) treason b) treasure c) build d) make**

8- I was against the idea at first, but I to it eventually.

- a) refused b) accepted c) disagreed d) warmed**

9- Scientists have come up with a/an way of catching fish. I think this will help in food shortage.

- a) electronic b)literate c) novel d) ancient**

10- The weather authority a warning to people living near coastal areas.

- a) restricted b) told c) issued d) quoted**

11- I like playing tennis and my son likes it

- a) either b) neither c) too d) so**

12- He finished his last book while he ill in bed.

- a) is b) was c) was being d) had been**

13- You must stop other people. I think they would be annoyed.

- a) criticising b) criticise c) to criticise d) to criticising**

14- the age of modern technology, everything seems possible.

- a) At b) On c) By d) In**

15- The information you are looking for on the internet.

a) finds b) is found c) are found d) can be finding

16- They don't want to travel to Canada and

a) so do I b) Neither am I c) Nor I do d) Neither do I

17- She was lying in bed about the exam.

a) thinking b) to think c) to thinking d) thought

18- Mona is the of two friends, but she is the wisest.

a) young b) youngest c) more younger d) younger

19- You'd better wait here until they come, you?

a) didn't b) wouldn't c) hadn't d) don't

20- Sorry, I didn't mean on your feet. It was a mistake.

a) to step b) stepping c) to stepping d) steps

1. A: The street is dark and empty. B: No problem. I'll you home

a. pinch b. walk c. plot d. lock

2. The desert is the of a lot of animals.

a. house b. hole c. home d. nest

3. He always in front of the mirror.

a. dresses b. wears c. puts on d. takes

4. The each measure 20 metres by 30 metres.

a. land b. plots c. area d. ground

5. A: Do you mind helping me? B: What would you like me to do?

a. Sure b. Yes, not at all c. Yes, of course d. No, not at all

6. what way will you pay back your debts.

a. On b. In c. With d. At

7. The word 'time' rhymes with

a. rhythm b. rhyme c. verse d. poet

8. Our parents are to thank for the they do to us.

a. harms b. favours c. damages d. vowels

9. Terrorists against their countries.

a. bare b. hop c. profit d. plot

10. "He has a pleasant character". In this sentence, 'pleasant' means

a. naked b. happiness c. joy d. friendly

11. The criminal was locked up ." This means

**a. the he was killed b. he was put in prison.
c. he was arrested d. he managed to escape.**

12. The play was written in It has rhymes and rhythms.

a. verse b. poem c. English d. poets

13. They plotted the new manager fail.

a. to make b. against making c. to making d. making

14. When I lost my keys in the street, I was locked until my Wife hemmed home.

a. on b. in c. out d. with

15. The rhythm of the poem makes it easy to

a. speak b. talk c. tell d. say

16. He feels This means he has a different feeling.

a. different b. differently c. difference d. differ

17. At school, the thing I boring is the too many lessons without outdoor activities.

a. dislike b. hate c. love d. find

18. Farmers use a plough to break the soil

a. in b. down c. up d. out

19. Time goes and nothing changes. I have to try another solution.

a. past b. out c. in d. to

1- I regret but it is the law. Tomorrow is my last day at work.

a. to retire b. retiring c. to retiring d. retire

2. Stop You are giving me a headache.

a. to shout b. shouted c. shouting d. to shouting

3. He found the film quite frightening, so he stopped .

a. to watching b. to watch d. to shouting c. watching d. watched

4. I'm really sorry that the underground is dirty.

a. see b. to seeing c. to see d. seeing

5. Do you know this tablet?

a. use b. how to use c. how use d. how using

6. I stopped a shower to refresh myself.

a. to take b. to taking c. taking d. being taken

7. If you want to stay healthy, you should try more exercise.

a. did b. to doing c. to do d. do

8. Try the mobile over there, it might get a better signal.

a. to put b. will put c. putting d. put

9. I tried some medicine but I found that the only Chemist's in our area was closed.

a. bought b. buying c. to buy d. to buying

10. I have a stomach-ache, so I tried some medicine.

a. taking b. to take c. to be taken d. taking

11. Please, remember your books with you next time.

a. to bring b. bring c. bringing d. brings

12. I remember the zoo every year when I was young.

a. visiting b. to visit c. visited d. visit

13. Don't forget bread on your way home, Ashraf.

a. buying b. bought c. to buy d. to buying

14. I don't forget my wife for the first time.
a. seen b. I see c. to see d. seeing
15. The gardener let us in the bark.
a. cycle b. to cycle c. cycling d. to cycling
16. The gardener allowed us in the bark.
a. cycle b. to cycle c. cycling d. to cycling
17. I can't stand to him singing.
a. listened b. to listen c. listening d. to be listened
18. After I had written the essay, I went on some maths problems.
a. to solve b. to solving c. being solved d. solving
19. I went on the maths problems for two hours
a. to solve b. to solving c. being solved d. solve
20. She got used on her own.
a. living b. to living c. to live d. live
21. Can you help me my luggage, please?
a. packing b. pack c. to pack d. b & c
22. It was the third time for Sama to the zoo.
a. goes b. going c. to go d. to going
23. I'd rather at home in this rainy weather.
a. stay b. to stay c. staying d. not stay
24. Mum me tidy my room before I went out.
a. asked b. advised c. allowed d. made

- 1- I suggested stopping him that old film as it was a waste of time
a. watching b. watches c. watched d. to watch
2. Why do you go on the same lies again and again?
a. to tell b. telling c. to telling d. be told
3. I recommend meals at home.
a. have b. to have c. having d. to having
4. I recommend my children meals at home.
a. have b. to have c. having d. to having
5. I don't allow anyone in my office.
a. smoke b. smoking c. to smoking d. to smoke
6. I don't allow in my office.
a. smoke b. smoking c. to smoking d. to smoke
7. I go out late at night.
a. wouldn't rather b. would rather to
c. would rather didn't d. would rather not
8. I was made my room before I went out.
a. to tidy b. to tidying c. to tidying d. not tidy
9. It is starting again.
a. raining b. to rain c. rains d. to raining

10. Fancy you here.

- a. seeing b. is seeing c. was seeing d. see**

11. He took

- a. smoke b. to smoke c. smoking d. to smoking**

12. It's a waste of money that house.

- a. buy b. to buy c. buying d. to buying**

13. The robbers were made themselves up.

- a. give b. to give c. giving d. to giving**

14. Try the aerial over there, it might work better.

- a. to put b. putting c. will put d. put**

15. Your grandmother needs help some bags into her flat.

- a. carries b. to carrying c. carrying d. carried**

16. I suggest Rodayna engineering like her mother.

- a. studies b. studying c. have studied d. study**

17. It is no use at him now. It's over.

- a. shouting b. to shouting c. to shout d. shout**

18. You eat too much salty food.

- a. hadn't better b. had not better c. had better not d. would better**

19. The thief was seen away.

- a. running b. to run c. to running d. a & b**

20. He asked Malak lunch.

- a. prepares b. prepare c. to prepare d. preparing**

Fill in the gaps with word (s) :

Some people find it difficult to make friends. They usually avoid (a) and taking to other people. They prefer (h) on (c) own to going out and (d) used to being among others.

- a b. c d.**

My sister and I had a job to do at home yesterday. My mother had asked us (a) make (b) beds and (c) to make any noise (d) , my baby sister was asleep.

- a b. c d.**

I had a bad headache this morning. I (a) taking an aspirin (b) I didn't feel any better. My brother offered (a) take me to the doctor's. (d) the doctor examined and gave me some medicine.

- a b. c d.**

I have a fixed daily routine. I get up at six (21) morning. I (b) doing exercises soon after getting up. After I shower, I (c) prefer to take (d) tea out in the garden.

- a b. c d.**

My mother has a list of instructions to tell me before I leave for school every day. "Remember (a) take your sandwiches", she says. "(b) forget (c) check your school bag and don't (d) your friends have a bad effect on you". I am a good swimmer.

a **b.** **c** **d.**

When I was young, I wasn't used (a) swimming. I used to (b) very frightened of the sea. My father sent me to a swimming school. There. I learnt (c) to swim well. Now. I (d) swimming nearly every day.

a **b.** **c** **d.**

Our school manager is strict pp. (a) late for school more than five minutes, you (b) be allowed (0) (d) , you won't be able to take part in the school activities.

a **b.** **c** **d.**

I like going on holidays. I met so (a) old friends during the summer holiday. Each of (b) had (c) to talk about. Most of us have achieved their goals, but (d) haven't.

a **b.** **c** **d.**

The Novel Revision Chapters (4-6) Exercises

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1- People who suffer from starvation usually need food

a) supplies b) surveys c) reviews d) analysis

2- Our brave army soldiers our country against enemies.

a) offend b) defend c) attack d) fight

3- When did you to your office?

a) stay b) reach c) arrive d) get

4- I usually my friends by using my mobile phone.

a) communicate b) connect c) contact d) control

5- A is a heavy metal weapon.

a) knife b) cannon c) pistol d) gun

6- What are the and disadvantages sides of the internet?

a) advantages b) points c) sides d) demerits

7- My mother down to take the little girl into her arms.

a) broke b) fell c) knelt d) raised

- 8- I used to depend on myself and do the homework my own.
a) on **b) of** **c) from** **d) with**
- 9- The young man behaved foolishly, so people believed he was
a) wise **b) Polite** **c) active** **d) crazy**
- 10- Captain Smollett had a to save the ship from Silver and his men.
a) plane **b) plan** **c) plain** **d) pain**
- 11- Archaeologists try to look for the of the pharaohs.
a) pleasures **b) pressures** **c) treasures** **d) sessions**
- 12- The referee blew his to end the match.
a) whistle **b) fire** **c) gun** **d) voice**
- 13- If you have a , you should see your doctor.
a) habit **b) disease** **c) review** **d) custom**
- 14- I saw a lot of boats near the sea
a) shore **b) bank** **c) valley** **d) canal**
- 15- We our friend Ali because he never tells lies.
a) disagree **b) agree** **c) trust** **d) distrust**
- 16- In the morning, I usually see a lot of birds on the of trees.
a) roots **b) branches** **c) seeds** **d) trunks**
- 17- Children played on the and made sandcastles.
a) beach **b) bank** **c) shore** **d) mud**
- 18- Can I the poetry competition, please?
a) take place **b) take part** **c) go** **d) join**
- 19- At work, the team has a great who tells each one what to do.
a) fool **b) captain** **c) leader** **d) fellow**
- 20- The worker used a to make a hole on the ground.
a) saw **b) spade** **c) knife** **d) hammer**

General Exam

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d: (16 Marks)

1. The company has presented me two options, but I preferred the
a. later **b. another** **c. latter** **d. other**
2. The project will be carried out in a of five years.
a. part **b. place** **c. space** **d. timing**
3. Good swimmers their powers for the last distance.
a. save **b. send** **c. do** **d. make**
4. The printer has stopped due to paper in it.
a. cover **b. button** **c. jam** **d. socket**
5. The repeated patterns of sound in music are known as
a. verse **b. metaphor** **c. rhyme** **d. rhythm**
6. His new book shot to the top of the bestseller
a. row **b. test** **c. queue** **d. list**

7. It is bad for young people to in the streets at night.
a. fly **b. tender** **c. wonder** **d. wander**
8. He did a lot of exercises in the club. What a day!
a. long **b. hard** **c. heavy** **d. short**
9. Charitable organizations should help those who are forced to fall in
a. debt **b. shift** **c. drift** **d. gift**
10. "Ambiguous" is the opposite of
a. difficult **b. courageous** **c. obvious** **d. vague**
11. He and she offered to help by
a. herself **b. himself** **c. yourselves** **d. themselves**
12. When mother entered the supermarket, she realized that she of her money.
a. is robbed **b. was robbed** **c. had been robbed** **d. had robbed**
13. You panic and try again if you fail to solve any problems.
a. must **b. should** **c. shouldn't** **d. can't**
14. If I you, I'd agree to go with them.
a. were **b. did** **c. had** **d. should**
15. He to the club every day when he was young.
a. has gone **b. is going** **c. goes** **d. went**
16. We have finished the message.
a. to read **b. reading** **c. to reading** **d. read**

2. Fill in the gaps with one word. (4 Marks)

Love is (a)most elevated emotion in life. It is a requirement of all creatures because it controls (b) relationships. It is given (c) parents to their children. True love is (d) sacrifice for others.

a: **b:** **c:** **d:**

3. Read the text and answer the questions: (10 Marks)

Dolphins have become a popular attraction at zoos in recent years. They are more and more interesting than lions and tigers because they are livelier and perform tricks like circus animals. But although they are more willing to cooperate with the trainer than other mammals in captivity, they get bored if they are asked to do the same trick twice. This is one reason for believing they are very intelligent.

Dolphins are regarded as the friendliest creatures in the sea and stories of them about helping drowning sailors have been common since the Romans. We now have more reliable evidences of their usefulness than sailors' tales. In South Africa, two dolphins have been trained to help swimmers in difficulties and drive sharks away from the beach. The more we learn about dolphins, the more we realize that they are better organized and their society is more complex than people have previously imagined. They look

after other dolphins when they are ill, care for pregnant mothers and protect the weak as we do.

Some scientists have suggested that dolphins have a language system which is similar to bats' one and man cannot hear. It is much more probable that they have an echo-location. Could any of these mammals be more intelligent than man? The question cannot be answered.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: (4 Marks)

1. Most sharks are
a. man's friends b. man's enemy
c. dolphins' friends d. as friendly as dolphins
2. Dolphins communicate with each other by using
a. words similar to man's ones b. sounds like other animals
c. the language of birds. d. movements of the body
3. Dolphins are
a. as intelligent as man b. more intelligent than man
c. more intelligent than sea animals d. the most intelligent of all
4. In South Africa, two dolphins were trained so as to
a. drown swimmers b. organize society
c. give a hand to others d. tell tales to sailors

B. Answer the following questions: (6 Marks)

5. Do you think bats can live with dolphins together? Why / Why not?

6. Summarize in TWO sentences what you learn from the passage about dolphins' life.

7. Do you like dolphins? Why / Why not?

4. Translate into Arabic: (2 Marks)

1. Building personality of human beings is the axis of progress and development. We must take care of youth to make more progress in the future.

5. Translate into English: (2 Marks)

كل مواطن يجب أن يلعب دورا فعالا و بناءا لصالح بلده، و يجب ان يفكر في مشاكلها ويعرض حولا لحلها و يساعد في تطبيقها.

6. Write an essay of about 150 words on one of the following the topics: (6 Marks)

1. An essay or short story about the statement: "For every joy, there is a price to be paid".
2. Setting a goal for yourself is the first step to achieve your ambition.