



3rd prep

مراجعة الصف الثالث الاعدادى



كيفية تكوين السؤال

يوجد نوعان من السؤال:

اولا : سؤال يبدأ باداة استفهام ويكون شكل السؤال كالاتي:

اداة استفهام	فعل مساعد او ناقص	فاعل	فعل أساسي	تكملة الجملة
Where	did	you	go	yesterday
How long	will	He	stay	in Cairo

← كلمات الاستفهام

What	ما / ماذا (فعل/حدث/مفعول)	How tall = what height	كم طول القامة
When	متى للوقت	How wide = what width	كم عرض/اتساع
Where	أين للمكان	How many	كم للعدد
Who	من للفاعل العاقل/ المفعول	How much= what price	كم للكمية/للسعر
Whom	من للمفعول العاقل	How often	كم (لعدد المرات)
Which	أي / أيهما	How many times	كم (لعدد المرات)
Why	لماذا (للسبب) / الغرض	How far = what distance	كم (لبعد المسافة)
What time	ما الوقت	How long = what length	كم (للمدة / الطول)
What size	ما المقاس	How fast = what speed	كم (للسرعة)
What colour	ما لون	How deep	كم (للعمق)
What kind / sort	ما نوع	How high = what height	كم (للارتفاع)
Whose	لمن / ملك من (للملكية)	How good	ما مدى اجادتك
How	كيف للحال / المواصلات/ الوسيلة	How old = what age	كم العمر
What number	ما الرقم	How big	كم الحجم

← الأفعال المساعدة والناقصة هي :

1. Verb to (be) ----- am - is - are - was - were

2. Verb to (do) ----- do - does - did

3. Verb to (have) ----- have - has - had

4. Modal verbs ----- can - could - will - would - should - must

← الفاعل ممكن ان يكون اسم او ضمير فاعل. وضمائر الفاعل هي:

→ I - we - you - they - He - she - it

← الفعل الاساسى ممكن ان يكون مصدر او تصريف ثالث او v+ing حسب الفعل المساعد

→ v+ing + فاعل + am/is/are/was/were + كلمة استفهام ?

→ What are you doing? ►► I am reading

→ what were you doing ? ►► I was playing tennis

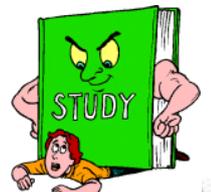
→ inf + فاعل + do/does/did + كلمة استفهام ?

⇒ How do you go to school? ►► I go to school by bus

⇒ Where did Ahmed go yesterday? ►► he went to the club

→ p.p./got + فاعل + has/have/had + كلمة استفهام ?

⇒ How long have you played football? ►► I played football for 3 years.



استخدام كلمات الاستفهام



- ما / ماذا لفاعل او مفعول غير عاقل (فعل / حدث / مفعول) ?
 What is he doing? / what gives us milk ?
- أين تسال عن المكان ?
 Where ?
- متى / للزمان ?
 When = how long ago ?
- كم الساعة ? / what time is it ?
 What is the time ? / what time is it ?
- It' s five o' clock
- ما الوقت ?
 What time do you get up ?
- I get up at six o clock .
- اي / أيهما للتفضيل بين اثنين
 Which ?
- اسم 1 or 2 اسم , صفة مقارنة + is/are + اسم ?
 Which vehicle is faster , plane or train ?
- اسم شخص بملكية / ضمير ملكية + is/are + اسم ?
 Which car is yours/ ahmed's ? it is the red one
- من الملكية + is this / are these ?
 Whose + اسم الشيء ?
- Whose pen is this ? whose books are these ?
- It/they belong/s to (اسم+صفة ملكية) او (ضمير مفعول) //
 It is/they are + (اسم شخص او & (ضمير ملكية) او (اسم+صفة ملكية) +)
- لماذا تسال عن السبب ولها إجابتين ?
 Why ?
- سبب .
 Why couldn't you catch the bus? Because I got up late .
- غرض .
 Why did he go to the market ? to buy vegetables .
- كم الكمية / كم الثمن اسم شى لا يعد ويعامل مفرد +
 How much + اسم شى لا يعد ويعامل مفرد +
- كم العدد اسم شى جمع +
 How many + اسم شى جمع +
- من للفاعل للعاقل ?
 Who painted this picture ?
- إذا بدأت الجملة بفاعل يحذف ويضاف كلمة الاستفهام
 My sister painted this picture →
- من للمفعول العاقل ?
 Who /whom did you go to Luxor with ?
- I went with my family
- ما المدة الزمنية تسال عن (for/since)
 How long have you stayed in France ?
- I have stayed in France for three weeks
- كم عدد المرات?
 How often = How many times..... ?
- أجابة ب (always –once – twice – three times – never- every week)
 How often do you go to the library ?
- I go to library twice a week .
- ما اللون → blue
 What color do you want ?
- ما المقاس → medium 35
 What size do you want / what is your size?



الاجابة



جمل للمحادثات

1- الاستشفي

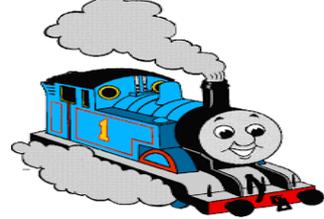
- 1-What is the matter/ wrong with you? مالك /مما تشكو ؟
- 2-I have/suffer from pain/ headache /toothache لدى/اعانى من الم/ صداع /الم بالاسنان
- 3-How do you feel? بما تشعر
- 4-I don't feel well اشعر بالمرض
- 5-How long have you had this? For two weeks منذ متى تشكو من هذا ؟
- 6-Is it serious doctor? هل الامر خطير ؟
- 7-Do I need an operation? هل احتاج عملية
- 8-No, don't worry لا تقلق
- 9-do you smoke? هل تدخن
- 10-Yes, about 30 cigarettes a day. نعم حوالي 30 سيجارة يوميا



- 11-How long have you been smoking ? for 5 years منذ متى تدخن
 12-you should give up smoking يجب ان تفلح عن التدخين
 13-You should take this medicine /have a rest يجب ان تستريح
 14-How often shall I take this medicine ? كم مرة يجب ان اخذ هذا الدواء
 15- Every day كل يوم
 16-I wish you speedy recovery . أتمنى لك الشفاء العاجل

2-محطة القطار

- 1-Can/may I help you ? اى خدمه
 2-yes, I'd like a ticket to (Cairo) اريد تذكرة للقاهرة
 3-Single or return ? ذهاب ام ذهاب وعودة
 4-single , please ذهاب
 5-First or second(economy) class? درجه اولى ام ثانية
 6-How much is it/ how much does it cost? كم الثمن
 7-it's 15 pounds 15 جنيه مصرى
 8-How long does it take to (Cairo)? كم من الوقت تستغرق حتى القاهرة
 9-Which platform? من اى رصيف
 10-Platform 5 رصيف رقم 5
 11-When does the train to (Cairo) leave? متى يغادر القطار المتجه للقاهرة
 12-When does the train to (Cairo) arrive ? متى يصل القطار المتجه للقاهرة
 13- Have a nice journey اتمنى لك رحلة سعيدة



3.المطعم

- 1-can I help you/May I take you order sir? ممكن اساعدك /اخذ طلبك سيدى
 2-Yes, I'd like to have..... نعم اود
 3-What would you like to have/ drink ? ماذا تريد ان تأخذ/تشرىب
 4-I'd like to have -----(fish)/tea اريد سمك /شاي
 5- How do you like (food/fish/tea)? كيف تحب السمك/الشاي
 6-Fried/grilled , please / with milk
 7-What about the dessert? ماذا عن الحلو
 8-Ice cream, please
 9-anything else ? اى شى اخر  no, thanks
 10-How much is the bill? 19 LE كم الحساب
 11-here is the money ها هى الفلوس
 12-keep the change خلى الباقي علشانك



4-التليفون

- 1-Can/may I speak to Ali , please ? ممكن اكلم على من فضلك
 2-sure , hold on لوجوده بالتاكيد انتظر
 3-I'm sorry he is not in now اسف ، ليس موجود الان
 4-What time will he be back? متى سيعود
 5-I don't know لا اعرف
 6-who's calling ? من المتصل
 7-can I leave/you give him a message ? ممكن اترك رسالة/ تعطيية رسالة
 8-Please, ask him to call me back من فضلك اجعله يعاود الاتصال بى
 9-I'm sorry you have the wrong number اسف النمرة خطأ



5.محل ملابس

- 1-can/may I help you ? اى خدمة
 2-yes, I want('d like) to buy نعم اريد ان اشترى كذا
 3-What size? ما المقاس

- 4-size 50 50 مقاس
 5-What colour? ما اللون
 6-red, please احمر من فضلك
 7-Can I try it on ? ممكن أقيسه
 8-I want something longer / shorter / cheaper اريد شيئاً اطول - اقصر - ارخص
 9-How about this one ? ما رأيك فى هذا
 10-Can you show me some more ? ممكن ترينى المزيد
 11-Does it fit you?
 12-how much is it ? كم ثمنه ;
 13-Can I get a discount ? ممكن تخفيض
 14-How would you like to pay..? By credit card.
 15-Well, I will take it حسنا سأخذه
 16- Any thing else? أى شىء اخر
 17-No. thanks لا شكرا



6. سأج

- 1-Could/can you tell me the way to ممكن تقبرنى الطريق الى
 2-yes, go ahead then turn left امشى طوالى ثم استدر يسارا
 3-is it far from here? هل هى بعيدة عن هنا
 4-where are you from? من اين انت
 5-I'm from(England) انا من
 6-How do you like(Egypt)? ما رأيك فى
 7-it's fantastic/ wonderful رائعة
 8-How long will you stay here? كم ستبقى هنا
 9-I will stay for 3 weeks سأبقى لمدة 3 اسابيع
 10-Is this your first visit ? هل هى زيارتك الاولى
 11-No, I came here twice before لا جئت مرتين من قبل
 12-Why are you here ? لماذا انت هنا
 13-I'm here on business انا فى مهمة عمل
 14-I'm here for sightseeing انا هنا للفسحة
 15-Have a nice stay / trip . أتمنى لك إقامة / رحلة سعيدة ؟
 16-I wish you a happy stay /flight . أتمنى لك اقامة/ رحلة مم



7. فندق

- 1-can I help you ? اى خدمة
 2-yes, I want to book a room/suite نعم اريد ان احجز غرفة او جناح
 3-Single or double ? مفردة ام مزدوجة (للغرفة)
 4- double, please.
 4- How long will you stay here? كم ستبقى هنا
 6- I will stay for.....
 5- how much does the night cost/ How much is it per night? كم تكلفة الليلة
 8- It is per night.



Dialogues

1-Sally and Sofia talk about their favourite subjects.

Soha : Let's go to the computer room.

Sally : You always go to the computer room, ?

Soha : because it is my favourite subject. What about you?

Sally :

Soha : Why do you like English ?

Sally :

Soha:.....?



Sally : yes , I can speak English very well

2-Heba and salma are talking about their friend hend who is in hospital.

Heba: I haven't seen our friend hend for long time.

Salma:

Heba:?

Salma: because she had an accident.

Heba:?

Salma: she had an accident last week.

heba : are you going to visit her?

Salma:.....would you like to come with me?

3-Samy needs to do some work on the internet.

Samy : Would you buy me a computer, please, Dad?

Father :

Samy : I need to do some work on the Internet.

Father : Do you know how to use the Internet?

Samy : We use computers at school.

Father:.....?

Samy: my computer teacher has taught me how to use it.

Father : OK. Tomorrow.

Samy : Thank you.

4-hany meets his friend kamal in the street. Kamal tells hany that he is going to travel to france next week.

kamal : hello, hany!

hany : hi kamal! how are things with you?

kamal : I'm going to travel to France next week

hany :

Kamal : to visit my uncle who lived there.

hany

kamal : by plane.

hany Are you afraid of flying?

kamal :

hany : how long will you stay there ?

kamal :

5-Sami and Omar are talking about their favourite hobbies

Samy : what do you do in your free time, Omar?

Omar :it depends, but I often read.

Samy : really!

Omar :short stories

Samy :I have only one hobby.

Omar: fishing! Oh good for you. I may give it arty sometimes

Samy:.....

Omar : ok. I will wait for your call then, bye.

Samy: bye

6-Reem asks her mother to visit her friend Marwa.

Reem : Can I go to visit Marwa, Mum?

Mother : Yes, of course. (1)

Reem : To do our homework and study together.

Mother : What time will you go?

Reem : (2)

Mother : (3)

Reem : I'll come back before dinner.



Mother : Don't be late home.

Reem : (4) Bye for now.

7-Omar and an assistant at a shoe shop:-

Assistant : (1).....?

Omar : (2).....?

Assistant : what size ?

Omar : Size 42, please.

Assistant : (3).....?

Omar : Black.

Assistant : What about these shoes? Do you like them?

Omar : Yes, they are wonderful..... (4)

Assistant : They are seventy pounds.

Omar : Here's the money. Thank you.

8-A tourist is asking a policeman for directions.

Tourist : Excuse me. Can you help me?

Policeman : Yes, of course.

Tourist : (1)

Policeman : The train station is over there opposite the bank.

Tourist : (2)

Policeman : No, it's very near. You needn't take a taxi.

Tourist : Ok. I'll (3)

Policeman : Have a nice time.

Tourist : (4)

9-Ayman: Hello. I'm pleased to meet you. Welcome to Egypt.

John : Me too. Thank you.

Ayman:

John : I come from England.

Ayman:

John : I live in London.

Ayman: How long will you stay in Egypt?

John

Ayman: Have a nice stay.

John :

10-Ali and Hany are talking about sports.

Ali : What are you going to do?

Hany : I'm going to exercise.

Ali : (1)

Hany : My favourite sport is tennis.

Ali : How often do you play it?

Hany : (2)

Ali : (3)

Hany : I play it with my friend.

Ali : Is it an exciting sport?

Hany : (4)



Unit (1) visitors to Egypt

Important vocabulary

youth hostel	نزل - بيت شباب	snorkeling	الغوص تحت الماء	traditional	تقليدي
spring	الربيع	scuba diving	الغوص تحت الماء	guide	مرشد
visitors	زائرون	wonderful	رائع	museum	متحف
souvenirs	هدايا تذكارية	do activities	يقوم بأنشطة	temple	معبد
definitely	بالتأكيد	attractions	اماكن ج	suggest	يقترح
bazaar	بازار سياحي	passport	جواز سفر	places	اماكن
hotel	فندق	ancient sites	مواقع أثرية	island	جزيرة
police station	قسم الشرطة	possessions	ممتلكات	Try food	يجرب طعام
Tourist information centre	مركز معلومات السياحي	historical building	مبنى تاريخي	interested in	مهتم ب
windsurfing	ركوب الأمواج	directions	اتجاهات	look for	يبحث عن
boat trip	رحلة بالقارب	recommendation	توصية	Go on a tour	يذهب فى جولة
windy	عاصف	recommend	يوصى	Look out	يحترس
guidebook	دليل سياحي	brochure	نشرة	far from	بعيد عن
breathe	يتنفس	encourage	يشجع	Find out	يكشف
advise	ينصح	assistant	مساعد	a tour	جولة سياحية
camp	يقيم معسكر	crafts	حرف مهنية	Go for a walk	يذهب للتمشية

تدريبات علي الكلمات

Exercises on Vocabulary

1- choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d

- An..... is a person who helps in a shop or in a ticket office. 2018 كفر الشيخ **WB**
a. assistant b. owner c. archaeologist d. actor
- If you do not know how to find a building, you can ask for **WB**
a. discoveries b. detectives c. directions d. diagrams
- Many tourists use a to learn about a city's history and places to visit **WB**
a. camera b. bookshop c. guidebook d. Ticket الجيزة 2019
- You need a when you visit another country. **WB**
a. passport b. tourist c. bazaar d. brochure
- The restaurant that your cousin told us about was a very good..... We loved it **WB**
a. recipe b. recommendation c. souvenir d. advice
- A / an is an office for people who catch thieves. **WB**
a. library b. station c. police station d. store
- is swimming with equipment so that you can breathe with your head in the water **WB**
a. fishing b. sailing c. windsurfing d. Snorkeling
- The restaurant in the guidebook was a very good..... **PT** 2019 اسوان
a. review b. information c. parade d. Recommendation
- I don't know how to get to your house. Can you give me.....? **PT** 2019 الفيوم/ جنوب سيناء
a. activities b. directions c. costumes d. conclusions
- The students usually stay in a youth when they visit the city. **PT**
a. hotel b. centre c. hostel d. office
- is an underwater activity. 2018 الدقهلية
a. Snorkeling b. Table tennis c. Picnic d. Driving
- Tourists should sun cream when it is very hot. 2019 الشرقية
a. give b. cover c. wear d. go

- 13.....are good places to buy souvenirs. 2019 بورسعيد
 a.Hotels b. Youth hostels c.Camps d. Bazaars
- 14.When tourists want to know something about the country they are visiting , they go to the..... 2019 المنوفية
 a.bazaar b. Youth hostel c.police station d. tourist information centre
15. tourists like todifferent activities when they visit sharm el-sheikh. LM
 a.go b. make c.do d. leave
- 16.Do yougoing to the park? LM
 a.advise b. ask c.recommend d. let
- 17.We worked for two hours, and then we took a WB
 a.brake b. break c.park d. walk
18. The best place to tradition English food is at a food market. WB
 a.stay b. drink c.catch d. try
- 19.Tourists like to.....scuba diving when they visit Hurghada. LM
 a.go b. take c.make d. buy
20.is a sport you can do on the water. 2019 الاقصر
 a.Tennis b. Diving c.Windsurfing d. volleyball
- 21.The youthis less expensive than a hotel. 2019 الاسكندرية
 a.office b. station c.hostel d. bazaar
- 22.Let's go.....by the Nile. LM
 a.for walking b. walks c.walk d. walking
- 23.You can go.....from a boat. SB
 a.running b. fishing c.shopping d. boxing

Grammar

- نستخدم **should / shouldn't + inf.** للنصيحة (advice)

←← نستخدم **should** بمعنى يجب ان للتحدث عن اشياء من الجيد ان نفعلها.

Ex-You **should** go now The bus goes in ten minutes.

→Tourists **should** wear sun cream when it s very hot .

→You **should** definitely try some windsurfing.

←← نستخدم **shouldn't** بمعنى لا يجب ان للتحدث عن اشياء ليس من الجيد ان نفعلها.

*you **shouldn't** watch too much television.

→You **shouldn't** walk too much in the sun.

السؤال Question

عند تكوين السؤال ب Yes / No تنبع الاتى :

? تكلمة الجملة + مصدر + فاعل + Should +

→should I go now?

√- Yes, you should

√- No, you shouldn't

عند تكوين السؤال ب اداة استفهام :

? تكلمة الجملة + مصدر + فاعل + should + كلمة استفهام

√-when **should** we **go** to the beach?

-- what **should** I **do**?

تركيبات هامة تحفظ

If I were you, I would

It is a good idea to

You had better

Shouldn't =

It is not advisable to
I advise you not to
If I were you, I wouldn't
It is a good idea not to
You had better not

} + مصدر

e.g. - I advise you to study hard = You should study hard = if I were you, I would study hard

Drill exercises 1- I advise you to visit Aswan. (should)

You should visit Aswan

2-- When you go to Luxor, I think you should visit the museum. (recommend)

when you go to Luxor, I recommend you visit Luxor

3- you shouldn't watch too much television. (advise)

I advise you not to watch too much television

4-If I were you, I'd go to the doctor's. (should)

You should go to the doctor's

تدريبات علي القواعد

Exercises on grammar

1- choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d

1. When you go diving, you tell people where you are going. **WB**
a. shouldn't b. mustn't c. should d. Can't
2. you.....swim too far from the boat. **WB**
a. shouldn't b. must c. should d. Haven't
3. Youstay in the sun too long. **WB**
a. should b. must c. Shouldn't d. can
4. You.....look out for dangerous sharks. **WB**
a. shouldn't b. mustn't c. should d. Can't
5. Yougo diving if the weather is bad. **WB**
a. shouldn't b. must c. should d. Haven't
6. Look after your possessions. Youleave them on a bus or train. **SB**
a. should b. must c. have to d. shouldn't
7. You.....take photos of people unless you ask them first. **SB**
a. must b. shouldn't c. have to d. should
8. It is cold and windy today. When you go outside, you a coat. **PT**
a. wear b. should wear c. shouldn't wear d. are wearing
9. Youtoo much in the sun. اسوان 2019
a. walk b. should walk c. Shouldn't walk d. must walking
10. You should definitelywindsurfing. **SB**
a. try b. trying c. tries d. tried
11. The sun isn't very hot outside. you.....an umbrella. الاسماعيلية 2019
a. use b. Shouldn't use c. should use d. using
12. You.....revise for the exam. it's my advice. **LM**
a. must b. should c. Mustn't revise d. Shouldn't vise
13. You.....spend much time watching TV. It's a waste of time. **LM**
a. should b. must c. can d. shouldn't
14. Should we.....Mr. Khalid today?
a. meet b. met c. meets d. meeting
15. You follow my advice to improve your English. **LM**
a. should b. Mustn't c. Can't d. shouldn't
16. You go now. The bus goes in ten minutes. **SB**
a. Shouldn't b. must to c. Mustn't d. should
17. You read this new story; it's recommended.



- a. should b. must c. can d. mustn't
18. What should Ito lose weight?
- a. does b. do c. did d. doing
19. Youdrink water from the canal. **SB**
- a. Should b. must to c. may d. Shouldn't

2— Rewrite the following using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. When you go to Luxor, I think you should visit the museum.
..... | (recommend)
PT |
| 2. I advise you to visit Aswan.
..... | (should) PT
الشرقية/الاقصر 2018 |
| 3. I advise you to study hard for the final exam
..... | (should)
القليوبية 2018 |
| 4. My advice to you is to get up early.
..... | (shouldn't)
البحيرة 2019 |
| 5. You should study your lessons carefully.
..... | (advise)
قنا 2019 |
| 6. I advise you not to walk too much in the sun.
..... | (shouldn't)
المنوفية 2019 |
| 7. you should avoid bad friends.
..... | (shouldn't)
LM |
| 8. It is important that tourists try some egyptian food
..... | (should)
SB |
| 9. I advise you to wear heavy clothes because it's very cold outside.
..... | (should)
البحيرة 2018 |
| 10. He advises his friend to stop smoking.
..... | (should)
الوادى الجديد 2019 |
| 11. It's bad to spend so much time watching TV.
..... | (You)
LM |
| 12. If I were you, I'd read this book
..... | (should)
LM |

Language Functions

asking for recommendations طلب التوصيات

- (Where) do you suggest (we start)?
Do you recommend + noun /v ing.....?
Do you recommend (a tour with a guide / going to the bazaar)?
What's the best place to (buy souvenirs)?
Is there a good place to (eat near the museum)?

Giving recommendations اعطاء التوصيات

- I recommend (a tour / you buy a guidebook.)
I suggest that + فاعل + فعل (we start)
The best place to (try traditional Egyptian food/ buy souvenirs) isمكان
You can (buy a guidebook) at the tourist information centre..

Giving suggestions اعطاء اقتراح

- | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|------|
| > Let s + مصدر الفعل | * That's a good idea. | |
| → what /how about + v .ing....? | * It's a great idea. | قبول |

* I'm sorry. I'm busy.
* I'm sorry. I can't because...

رفض

1) Finish the following dialogue:

Heba is going to meet her friends today.

Mother : What are you going to do with your friends today?

Heba : We want to have a picnic but we don't know where to go, (1)

Mother : Garden Park is a nice place for a picnic.

Heba : Yes, it is. What can I take for the picnic?

Mother : (2)

Heba : That's a good idea. Do I need my hat today, Mum?

Mother : (3) The sun is very strong today.

Hoda (4)

Mother : you can go in the morning. The sun is not too hot

Heba: I'll take your advice and wake up early, then!

2-Salma and Sara are talking about the summer holiday.

Salma : Where are you going to spend your summer holiday ?

Sara :(1).....

Salma : Fantastic. Hurghada is a very nice place. (2).....?

Sara : I'll go with my family.

Salma : How will you go there ?

Sara :(3).....

Salma :(4).....?

Sara : We will stay in the city hotel.

Salma : I hope you will have a nice time there.

Sara :Thank you, Salma.

3-a reporter and a tourist:

Tourist: I-

A guide: Yes, there are some very good shops next to the market.

Tourist: Do you recommend a boat trip?

A guide: 2-.....

Tourist: What's the best place to see dolphins?

A guide: is near the island

Tourist:

A guide: I suggest that you stay at a youth hostel.

2- Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

1. A tourist asks you where he can buy a map. You know that the tourist information Centre gives out maps for free. **PT**

2. You drop a glass on the kitchen floor. Your younger sister walks into the room. **PT**

3. Your friend is going outside. It is raining give him/her advice. **SB**

4. Your younger brother / sister wants to look at the sun. **SB**

5. you ask your friend to recommend you a place to buy souvenirs. 2019 الشرقية

6. Your friend asks you to recommend a place to go on Friday. 2018 الشرقية

7. Recommend a nice place for your pen-friend to visit in Egypt. 2018 بورسعيد
8. Your sister wants to read a story and she asks you to recommend her one. 2019 جنوب سيناء
9. You suggest "Ali Baba" restaurant for having lunch with your friends. 2019 الاسماعيلية
10. A tourist wants to buy a guidebook. Recommend a place. 2019 بورسعيد
11. Your friend asks you to recommend a place to go on Friday. 2018 اسوان
12. you want to go on a picnic. make suggestion. 2018 القليوبية
13. you ask your friend about the best way to revise before the exam. 2018 القاهرة
14. You see people throw rubbish in the street.(give advice) 2018 الجيزة
15. You warn your younger brother not to walk in the middle of the road. 2019 القاهرة
16. Your younger brother starts eating his meal without washing his hands. 2018 سوهاج
17. You advise your brother not to walk too close to the busy road. 2018 قنا
18. Your friend wants to get high marks and asks for your advice. 2019 الدقهلية



Unit 2 Books and reading



Important vocabulary

story	قصة	tremble	يرتعش / يهتز	careful	حريص
review	مقال نقدي	weak	ضعيف	carefully	بحرص
popular	مشهور	excited	مثار - فرحان	desert	الصحراء
detective	محقق - مخبر سري	frightened	مرعوب	realize	يدرئ
title	عنوان (كتاب مسرحية)	adventure	مغامرة	die	يموت
problem	مشكلة	mystery	لغز غامض	living things	كائنات حية
amount	كمية / مقدار	summary	ملخص	Last for	يدوم ل
interest	اهتمام	character	شخصية	Stay warm	يبقى دافئا
Detective stories	قصص بوليسية	wind	الرياح	Go down	تغرب الشمس
historical	تاريخي	blow	يهب	abroad	خارج البلاد
solve	يحل	leaves	اوراق الشجر	fact	حقيقة
few	قليل العدد	carer	قائم بالرعاية	finally	اخيرا
little	قليل الكمية	describe	يصف	different	مختلف
novels	روايات	description	وصف	towards	نحو / اتجاه

تدريبات علي الكلمات

Exercises on Vocabulary

1- choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d

1. Theof the book you are using is New Hello!2019 الفيوم **WB**
a. reader b. address c. title d. dress
2.stories show us how to solve problems.2019 المنوفية
a. Adventure b. Historical c. Travel d. Detective
3. I read a.....of that book. it said it was very good. 2019 بنى سويف
a. revision b. revenge c. review d. letter
4. A.....helps the police in their work. 2019 دمياط **WB**
a. review b. detective c. title d. doctor
5. This is a.....story about the pharaohs in ancient Egypt. 2019 ازهر **WB**
a. history b. historical c. historically d. historian
6. Ilittle time to read this year because I have more schoolwork. **SB**
a. take b. spend c. have d. make
7. I want to see that film because the..... in the newspaper says that it is very exciting. **WB**
a. view b. review c. viewer d. interview
8. Did you have any finding your way to the new school? 2018 الدقهلية
a. tree b. trip c. tribe d. trouble
9. What is the of the book you are reading?2018 الشرقية
a. toilet b. address c. title d. dress
10. If a person feels,he is not strong. **WB** 2018 جنوب سيناء
a. week b. weak c. sad d. happy
11. "Robinson Crusoe" is a kind ofstories. 2019 اسيوط
a. Adventure b. Historical c. mystery d. Detective
12. Naguib Mahfouz was an Egyptian..... 2019 الاقصر
a. writer b. engineer c. doctor d. athlete
13. A/An.....is text that gives the most important information about something. **WB**
a. summary b. adventure c. title d. character
14. Mazin's mother is a/an.... She helps people who are very old. **WB**
a. carer b. teacher c. expert d. writer
15. A.....is a person in a book, play, film, etc. **WB**
a. channel b. character c. programme d. teacher
16. The teacher asked us to write a of our visit to the museum. **PT**
a. character b. title c. conclusion d. description
17. He is trembling; he is very hard. **LM**
a. shaking b. standing c. feeling d. falling
18. The story Amal read made hersad. **LM**
a. think b. do c. feel d. fall
19. Samir likes reading stories to know more about the work of detectives. **LM**
a. love b. crime c. short d. historical
20. I tried hard to the problem. **LM**
a. answer b. do c. accept d. solve
21. Few People have in historical stories. **LM**
a. interest b. interesting c. interested d. interestingly
22. A/An.....is Something unusual, exciting and maybe dangerous. **WB**
a. Adventure b. Historical c. mystery d. Detective

Grammar

Comparatives and superlatives (المقارنة والتفضيل)

- a. few b. fewer c. little d. less
4. I want a book withpages than a detective story. **SB**
- a. few b. fewer c. fewest d. less
5. This book has the.....number of pages. **SB**
- a. least b. fewer c. little d. less
6. There are than 20 people on the bus today. **SB** 2018 اسيوط
- a. least b. fewer c. fewest d. little
7. Thenumber of tourists visits the museum early in the morning. **SB**
- a. least b. fewer c. fewest d. less
8. Students often havesleep during school time than during the holidays. **SB** 2019 بنى سويف
- a. least b. fewer c. little d. less
9. The Antarctic is the place in the world that has therain. **SB**
- a. least b. fewer c. fewest d. less
10.people think that English is not a useful language. **SB**
- a. least b. few c. fewest d. less
11. This book has..... pages than that book. **PT** 2018 الدقهلية/البحيرة/السويس
- a. little b. less c. fewest d. least
12. People often drink..... water in hot weather than when it is cold. **PT**
- a. most b. less c. more d. least
13.students in our school have visited England. **PT**
- a. few b. less c. little d. The least
14. this car uses..... petrol than the old car, so it is not so expensive. **WB**
- a. fewest b. less c. little d. least
15. 1.6 litres is the.....amount of water that women should drink every day. **WB**
- a. fewest b. less c. fewer d. least
16. The hotel was noisy, so they had sleep last night. **WB**
- a. few b. many c. little d. least
17. The bottle has.....orange juice in it. 2018 الجيزة/كفر الشيخ **SB**
- a. fewer b. the fewest c. least d. the least
18. What is the.....time you have spent playing computer games? 2018 الاسماعيلية
- a. fewer b. fewest c. less d. least
19. Fridays have thenumber of cars on roads. 2019 اسيوط
- a. fewer b. fewest c. less d. least
20. People drink.....when it is hot. 2019 المنيا
- a. many b. few c. a few d. much
21. Howmen were presented at the meeting? 2019 مطروح
- a. much b. many c. lots of d. fewer
22. There's.....water in this lake because it was very dry this year. 2019 بورسعيد
- a. few b. little c. many d. fewer
23. there ismilk in the fridge. I can't make the cake. 2018 دمياط
- a. few b. little c. many d. fewer
24. Do you know the animal with the teeth? **SB**
- a. few b. less c. fewest d. least
25. you should usesalt in your food than you do now. **LM**
- a. less b. little c. few d. fewer
26. Sami is the poorest boy. He has the..... money of his friends. **LM**
- a. few b. less c. fewest d. least

2— Rewrite the following using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. The blue bottle has more water than the green bottle

(less)

PT

2. March has more days than February

(fewer) **PT**

3. Not many people like historical novels.

4. I would like to read this detective story, but I don't have much time

5. Rodayna has more books in her bag than Malak.

6. I don't have as much interest in adventure stories as I do in mysteries

7. Travelling by ship is cheaper than travelling by plane.

8. Mona has more books than Soha.

9. No other girl in our class has fewer books than Elham

10. Ali drank three glasses of water, but Rami drank only one.

11. Ahmed has five books. Yara has three books

12. Manal always helps people.

الشرقية 2018

(few)

القلوبية 2018

(little)

البحيرة 2019

(fewer) WB

الاقصر 2018

(less) WB

الاسماعيلية 2019

(less)

البحيرة 2019

(fewer)

المنيا 2019

(the fewest)

(less)

LM

(fewer)

LM

(helpful)

PT

Language Functions

التعبير عن المشاعر Asking for feelings

How do you feel when (you win a prize)? مضارع How do you feel about(the story/ the trip) now? مضارع Did the (story) make you feel .. (frightened - happy)? ماضي How did you feel when(you read Robinson Crusoe)? ماضي	كيف تشعر عندما..... كيف تشعر ب.....الآن هل القصة جعلتك تشعر ب..... كيف شعرت عندما
التعبير عن المشاعر Express feelings	
I feel ... (frightened - quite happy) مضارع I don't feel.....(sad / hungry / thirsty ... , etc) مضارع It made me feel.....(excited / happy / proud ... , etc). ماضي I felt (nervous / disappointed / frightened .. , etc) ماضي	اشعر ب..... لا اشعر ب..... انه جعلني اشعر ب..... شعرت ب.....

1—finish the following dialogue

1- Seif has just watched a film at Yassin's house.

PT 1 b

Self : That was a very good film.

Yassin : Yes, it was. (1)

Self : I was frightened when Detective Zaki was in the desert. Why did he go there?

Yassin : (2)

Self : Now I understand. Do you recommend watching his other detective films?

Yassin : (3)

Self : OK, I'll take your advice. ((4)

Yassin : you can find many of his films on the internet

2-Tamer : Where are you going, Omar?

Omar : (1)

celebrate	يحتفل به	midnight	منتصف الليل	bright	لامع /ساطع
for free	مجانى	traditionally	تقليديا	Fresh air	هواء نقي
represent	يمثل - يرمز له	traditional	تقليدي	neighbours	الجيران
sign	اشارة - لافتة	breeze	النسيم	relatives	اقارب
spring	الربيع	preserve	يحفظ	Filled with	مملوء ب
hold - held	يقيم - يعقد	decorate	يزين	meals	وجبات
month-long	لمدة شهر	prepare	يجهز	good for	مناسب او مفيد لـ
Have a picnic	يقوم بنزهة خلوية	paint	يرسم ويلون	Try food	يجرب طعام
million	مليون	Dried fish	سمك مجفف	At midnight/	في منتصف
hundred	مائة	boiled eggs	بيض مسلوق	In different ways	بطرق مختلفة
thousand	الف	fireworks	العاب نارية	Date back to	يعود الى زمن
appear	يظهر	envelopes	اظرف	colourful	زاهى الالوان
across	عبر/فى انحاء	lantern	فانوس - مصباح	competition	مسابقة

تدريبات علي الكلمات

Exercises on Vocabulary

1- choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d

- The flowers and eggs.....all the new life that we can start to enjoy after the winter months have ended. 2018 جنوب سيناء
a. represent b. present c. preserve d. save
- WeMother's day on 21st march every year. 2019 البحيرة
a. decorate b. hesitate c. Celebrate d. mark
- spring begins when flowers.....on tree.2019 المنيا
a.appear b. disappear c.preserve d.decorate
- A/An.....is an important day with lots of activities. 2019 الفيوم
a. storm b. earthquake c. festival d. muscle
- My favourite.....is Eid al fitr.2019 كفر الشيخ
a. festival b. celebrate c. decoration d. custom
- When do people new year in your Country? **WB**
a. decorate b. represent c. celebrate d. play
- The teacher asks the children what "%"..... **WB**
a. presents b. represents c. celebrates d. paints
- You do not have to pay to go into the museum. It is..... **WB**
a.old b. special c.paid d.free
- sham el Nessim is a.....day for all of us. **WB**
a.usual b. special c.private d.free
- Children like to wear colorful.....at some festivals.2018 البحيرة
a.breeze b. parade c.tradition d.costumes
- On the beach, you can feel a.....blowing from the sea. 2019 قنا
a. fish b. ship c. wave d. breeze
- Salt is often used to fish and other food. **PT** 2019 اسوان
a.preserve b. celebrate c.decorate d. pack
- In the past, our grandparents used to wear.....clothes. 2019 البحيرة
a.fashionable b. traditional c.modern d. recent
- It is not too hot on the beach because there is a nice **PT** 2018 الدقهلية/القاهرة
a. cloud b. storm c. wave d. breeze
- Many people like to freeze food to it. **WB**
a.preserve b. celebrate c.decorate d. paint
- At there were fireworks to welcome the new year. **WB**
a.midday b. midnight c.Mid-year d. morning

17. There was no electricity on the farm, so the farmer used so that he could read. **WB**
 a. fireworks b. lights c. lanterns d. lamps
18. We walked up the street in a to celebrate the start of spring. **WB**
 a. queue b. line c. group d. parade
19. When we eggs for Sham el-Nessim, we try to use natural colours from plants. **SB**
 a. preserve b. celebrate c. decorate d. Freeze
20. The children wore historicalfor the school play. **LM**
 a. uniforms b. clothes c. costumes d. suits
21. at 12 o'clock, there are colorful.....it's very noisy.
 a. fireworks b. envelopes c. relatives d. costumes
22. We decorate our homes with red paper **SB**
 a. clothes b. bags c. lanterns d. walls
23. In Egypt, people use salt on fish to preserve it. 2018 القليوبية
 a. bad b. fresh c. dirty d. boiled
24. Who was the first pizza by? **LM**
 a. discovered b. invited c. found d. invented
25. I would like to eat eggs for breakfast. 2019 الدقهلية
 a. boil b. boiling c. boiled d. boils

Grammar

المبنى للمجهول فى زمن المضارع البسيط passive

هو الجملة التى نبدأ فيها بالمفعول فربما لا نعرف من الفاعل او لا نريد ذكره او معروف جدا:

- * in Bosnia, the people cook eggs in a big pan. (مبني للمعلوم)
- * in Bosnia, eggs are cooked in a big pan. (مبني للمجهول)

1. التكوين Form:

مفعول + am / is / are (not) + P.P + by + noun

Ex- spring is celebrated in different ways all over the world.

⇒ oranges are grown in hot countries. The match isn't played

Am/is /are + مفعول + p.p ?

festival ? yes, they are

عند تكوين السؤال ب Yes / No نتبع الآتى :

Am/is /are + مفعول + p.p ? أداة استفهام

Ex- why is fish sometimes kept in special freezer?

* Where is sham el nessim celebrated today?

ملاحظات عند التحويل من المعلوم الى المجهول

مفعول به + s + مصدر/مصدر + فاعل → مفعول به + is /are + pp

مفعول به + مصدر + don't/doesn't + فاعل → مفعول به + isn't /aren't + pp

مفعول + مصدر + فاعل + Do /Does + (أداة استفهام) → مفعول + Am/is /are + (أداة استفهام) + p.p ?

المبنى للمجهول فى زمن الماضى البسيط passive

هو الجملة التى نبدأ فيها بالمفعول فربما لا

نعرف من الفاعل او لا نريد ذكره او معروف جدا

- * I didn't send the email. (مبني للمعلوم)
- * the email wasn't sent . (مبني للمجهول)
- ♦ She cooked lunch. (مبني للمعلوم)
- ♦ Lunch was cooked (by her). (مبني للمجهول)

1. التكوين Form:

was / were (not)+ P.P +by + noun + مفعول

Ex- the car was cleaned yesterday. / The letter was written last week.
These cakes were made this morning. / Toothpaste wasn't invented in Europe.

was / were + مفعول + p.p ?

عند تكوين السؤال ب Yes / No تتبع الآتي :

Ex-were stamps invented by Egyptians ?
Was that toy made in Egypt? Yes, it was

عند تكوين السؤال ب أداة استفهام :

was / were + مفعول + p.p + أداة استفهام

Ex-how was fish cooked in the past?
Who was the first pizza invented by ?

ملاحظات عند التحويل من المعلوم الى المجهول

- مفعول به + was / were + pp → مفعول به + ed + مصدر / فعل شاذ + فاعل
مفعول به + wasn't / weren't + pp → مفعول به + مصدر + didn't + فاعل
مفعول + was/were + (أداة استفهام) → مفعول + مصدر + فاعل + did + (أداة استفهام)

Ex- (drill) Rewrite

1- Farmers grow crops well. (grown)

Crops are grown well by farmers

2- How do people celebrate Sham el-Nessim?. (celebrated)

How is Sham el-Nessim celebrated?

3-Who invented the first pizza? (was)

Who was the first pizza invented by ?

4-I didn't send the letter. (sent)

The letter wasn't sent by me

5-People take Many photos of the Pyramids every day. (many photos)

Many photos are taken of the Pyramids every day.

6-Heba cooked lunch yesterday.(was)

Lunch was cooked yesterday by heba

تدريبات علي القواعد

Exercices on grammar

1- choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d

1. This hat.....in England. 2018 الجيزة
a. made b. make c. was made d. making
2. When is Sham el-Nessim in Egypt? 2018 الاسكندرية
a. celebrated b. celebrate c. celebrates d. celebrating
3. Ito my friend's party and it was a good chance to meet my old friends. 2018 سوهاج
a. am invited b. was invited c. am inviting d. invited
4. The museum by thousands of tourists every day. 2019 اسوان
a. visited b. visiting c. is visited d. was visited
5. The first Olympic gamesin Greece in 776 BC. 2019 القليوبية

- a. were holding b. are holding c. were held d. are held
6. What are special foods.....at the festival? 2019 القاهرة
a. eating b. ate c. eat d. eaten
7.this email sent by Mona?-Yes, Mona always does. 2019 الفيوم
a. Were b. Are c. Does d. Is
8. His passport.....when he was running to catch the train?2019 دمياط
a. lost b. was lost c. was losing d. lose
9. The bridge.....fifty years ago. 2019 مطروح
a. was built b. is built c. was building d. is building
10. lots of fish that we buy nowadays..... 2019 الاسماعيلية
a. froze b. is frozen c. are frozen d. frozen
11. Many photosof the pyramids everyday.2019 الاسكندرية
a. take b. took c. are taken d. are taking
12. Who was the first pizza by ? SB
a. invent b. invents c. invented d. inventing
13. in Bosnia, eggs in a big pan. SB
a. cook b. are cooked c. is cooked d. are cooking
14. oranges in hot countries WB
a. is grown b. grow c. are grown d. are growing
15. Jam is in that cupboard.. WB
a. keep b. kept c. keeping d. keeps
16. In the past, fishevery day. WB
a. was catching b. is caught c. was caught d. caught
17. In Australia, the start of spring in September every year. 2019 الدقهلية
a. is celebrating b. was celebrated c. is celebrated d. is being celebrated
18. he papyrusfor writing by the ancient Egyptians. SB
a. is used b. used c. was used d. using
19. Howfish preserved in the past?
a. is b. was c. are d. did
20. Sham el-Nessim was first to celebrate the start of spring.
a. held b. hold c. holding d. holds
21. Egyptian bazaars to be the best in Africa. SB
a. thought b. think c. is thought d. are thought
22. There's.....water in this lake because it was very dry this year. 2019 بورسعيد
a. few b. little c. many d. fewer

2— Rewrite the following using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. Did they make this car in Egypt?
.....
(Was)
البحيرة 2018
2. Tourists take Many photos of the Pyramids
.....
(taken)
جنوب سيناء 2019
3. Do people eat special food at this festival?
.....
(Is)
المنوفية 2019
4. How do people celebrate New Year in china?
.....
(celebrated)
بنى سويف 2019
5. people give sweets to children at new year.
.....
(given) WB
الاقصر 2018
6. I didn't send the email.
.....
(The email)
اسوان 2018
7. They didn't tell us the bad news.
.....
(weren't)
البحيرة 2019
8. Who invented fireworks?
.....
(were)
SB

9. My parents gave me new clothes for Eid al Fitr.

(New clothes)

SB

10. Thousands of people watch the parade every year

(The parade)

SB

11. How did people cook fish in the past?

(cooked)

SB

12. The children made their wonderful costumes

(were)

SB

13. Who invented the first pizza?

(was)

SB

14. You do not have to pay to go into the museum

(free)

PT

Language Functions

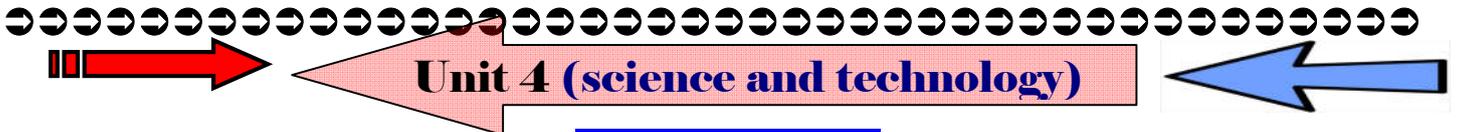


Using sequencing words استخدام الكلمات التسلسلية

- First of all, (we clean our houses). Next, (we decorate our homes).
- Afterwards, (many people go shopping).
- After / Before / At (dinner, children are given envelopes).
- At midnight / midday (there are fireworks).
- The next day / morning / afternoon (we wear our new clothes)

I- Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

- You tell a friend what you did last Saturday at midday. **PT**
- A friend asks you what you do before and after dinner. **PT** 2019 ازهر القاهرة
- you tell you friend how you celebrate sham el Nessim
- You're asked how you celebrate the New year.
- You tell your friend what you do after school



Unit 4 (science and technology)

Important vocabulary

STEM schools	مدارس المتفوقين	hardworking	مُجد - مجتهد	cause	يسبب
technology	تكنولوجيا	texts	نصوص	pollution	تلوث
essential	ضروري / هام جدا	scientific	علمي	connect to	يتصل بـ
data	معلومات - بيانات	Make a graph	يخطط رسم بياني	polluted	ملوث
expert	خبير	Different	مختلف عن	Good at	جيد في
special	خاص - مميز	rewarding	مجزي / مكافئ	Win a prize	يفوز بجائزة
encourage	يشجع	skills	مهارات	device	جهاز/ اداة
focus on	يركز على	laptop	لاتوب	Do well	يؤدي جيدا
latest	الأحدث	e-book	كتاب الكتروني	competition	مسابقة
develop	يطور	Smartphone	تلفون ذكي	Around the world	حول العالم
ability	قدرة	Wi-Fi	واي فاي	achieve	يحقق - ينجز

graph	رسم بياني	amazing	مذهل	remove	يزيل
check	يفحص	achievement	انجاز	produce	ينتج
results	نتائج	award	جائزة/تكريم	Fresh water	مياه عذبة
engineering	هندسة	Do project	ينجز مشروع	dirty	متسخ

تدريبات علي الكلمات

Exercises on Vocabulary

1- choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d

- English and technology are for getting a good job. 2018/2019 الاسماعيلية
 a. useless b. essential c. harmful d. difficult
- I can'ton two things at the same time. 2018 الشرقية
 a. encourage b. offer c. focus d. represent
- Mohammed Salah showed amazing.....during the match. 2019 الاقصر
 a.silk b. skills c.slums d.awards
- Teachers..... STEM Students to enter Competitions.2019 البحر الاحمر **WB**
 a. encourage b. entertain c. interrupt d. invent
- The students used the to draw a graph. 2019 الاسماعيلية
 a. electricity b. e-book c. Wi-fi d. data
- If something is essential, it is..... **WB** 2019 كفر الشيخ
 a. quite difficult b. very important c. not important d. very easy
- The Scientists have..... a new medicine to help fight heart disease. **WB**
 a.developed b. dropped c.dried d. done
- Ali's cousin is studying at university. **WB**
 a. engineer b. engine c.engineering d. engineers
- The students studied a which showed the number of tourists who visited Cairo in different months. **WB**
 a. goal b. data c. future d. graph
- This programme focuses.....developing your ability to work in a team.2019 المنوفية
 a.on b. from c.with d.of
- My grandfather was very intelligent, and get he got several.....2019 المنوفية
 a. sums b. awards c. brains d. months
- He designed an amazing skyscraper. That is a great..... 2019 الاسماعيلية
 a.amusement b. achievement c.opinion d. prize
- You can use the internet in this café because it has..... 2019 بورسعيد **SB**
 a.a wi-fi b. an ebook c.a telephone d. a TV screen
- Knowing how to use modern technology is.....because people use it every day
 a.expert b. essential c.encourage d.Effect 2019 بنى سويف
- My grandfather has never bought a/an because he doesn't have a computer to read it on. **WB**
 a.CD b. ebook c.data d. story
- Omar won a/an for his amazing invention. **WB**
 a.invention b. data c.award d. discovery
- Travellers want freein airports because they need to send emails. **WB**
 a.ebook b. data c.online d. wi-fi
- I want to buy a/an because it is easier to carry around than a computer. **WB**
 a.laptop b. ebook c.television d. Wi-fi
- I don't talk much on my I use it to send photos and messages. **WB**
 a.graph b. ebook c.Smartphone d. wi-fi
- I don't likebecause I don't enjoy reading novels online. **WB**
 a.engines b. graphs c.stories d. ebooks
- Hassan used histo find out what time the museum opened. **SB**
 a.graph b. ebook c.Smartphone d. wi-fi

22. The students used thefrom the experiment to draw a graph. **SB**
 a. tablet b. data c. skill d. problem
23. It is to take your passport when you go to another country. **PT**
 a. easy b. essential c. enjoyable d. enormous
24. Children shouldhow to develop their skills. **LM**
 a.learn b. do c.teach d. make
25. STEM school students follow thetechnology. **LM**
 a.latter b. late c.least d. latest
26. In STEM schools, all the lessons are English. **LM**
 a.in b. at c.by d. with
27. Our try to develop education. **LM**
 a.experiments b. exports c.experts d.experiences
28. STEM schools areschools which focus on developing students' abilities. **LM**
 a. private b. special c. Personal d. own
29. Ola is always..... She will do very well in her exams. **PT**
 a. hard work b. lazy c. hardworking d. exhausted

Grammar

Expressing certainty and uncertainty

التعبير عن التاكيد وعدم التاكيد

must + inf

❖ تستخدم لعمل استنتاج (مثبت) في المضارع

- لا بد / أكيد أنه كذا / يفعل كذا.. مع (I'm sure/certain)

- ❖ You must be Salma's sister You look very similar!
- ❖ STEM school students must be hardworking
- ❖ Manal must be at home. I can see lights on in her house.

can't + inf

❖ تستخدم لعمل استنتاج (منفي) في المضارع

- لا يمكن / مستحيل أنه كذا، / يفعل كذا. مع (I'm sure/certain)

- ▶ it can't be easy if you don't know how to use a computer or send an email
- That can't be a real dinosaur There aren't any dinosaurs on earth!
- I'm sure it is a British coin; it can't be Egyptian.

might + inf

❖ تعبر عن احتمال أو استنتاج حدود شيء في المضارع والمستقبل ولكن غير مؤكد جداً.

❖ مع كلمات (I'm not sure/ I'm not certain/ I don't know/perhaps)

- ❖ The phone is ringing It might be Aunt Mona, but I'm not sure
- ❖ If there's a lot of traffic. I might be late. /It might be using data to make a graph

(Drill) Rewrite

1- Adel might visit us tomorrow. (I'm not sure)

I'm not sure if Adel will visit us tomorrow.

2- Perhaps I'll wear a jacket today, I'm not sure. (might)

I might wear a jacket today. I'm not sure

3- I know that it is my pen. It is the only one that is red. (must)

It must be my pen. It is the only one that is red

4- I'm sure work in Antarctica isn't very easy (can't)

work in Antarctica can't be very easy

I choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1. Igo to the party: I'm not sure. 2018 البحيرة
a. might b. must be c. Can't be d. might
2. she has a lot of work to do. she.....free. جنوب سيناء
a. must b. must be c. Can't be d. can
3. Wear a coat. It rain today. 2018 المنيا
a. must b. mustn't c. Can't d. might
4. The tourists.....be happy. they are smiling and taking photos of the pyramids. 2019 القليوبية
a. must b. can c. should d. Shouldn't
5. I'm sure it is a British coin, itbe Egyptian. 2019 الجيزة
a. must b. might c. sure d. Can't
6. ThisHassan's bicycle. He doesn't have one. 2019 القاهرة SB
a. might be b. must be c. Can't be d. Won't be
7. the phone is ringing. it.....my friend Samy .I am not sure. 2018 اسوان
a. might be b. must be c. Can't be d. Mustn't
8. There is a lot of traffic today. We be late. 2019 جنوب سيناء PT
a. Couldn't b. should c. might d. Won't
9. this.....be ahmed. ahmed has gone to America since last year. 2019 الوادي الجديد
a. must b. Can't c. may d. Mustn't
10. stem school students.....be hardworking. 2018 دمياط SB
a. must b. Can't c. might d. Mustn't
11. In this photo, everyone is wearing warm clothes. Itvery cold there. SB
a. Mustn't b. can't be c. must be d. might be
12. You've been working very hard today, Mum. Youtired. SB
a. Won't be b. can't be c. must be d. might be
13. "Is this Nadia's bag?" "It Let's see if her books are in it." SB
a. should be b. can't be c. must be d. might be
14. That Ali in the street. He's gone away on holiday for two weeks. SB
a. must be b. Can't be c. maybe d. should be
15. Thatbe a real dinosaur. there aren't any dinosaurs on earth. SB
a. must b. Can't c. might d. Mustn't
16. Manal at home. I can see lights on in her house. SB
a. must b. Can't c. might d. Won't
17. The museum.....closed. There are no lights on. SB
a. must be b. Can't be c. might be d. should
18. You won first prize! You very happy. SB
a. Mustn't be b. Can't be c. might be d. must be
19. We're not sure how old this coin is. It.....hundreds of years old. SB
a. will b. Can't be c. might be d. must be
20. You Salma's sister. You look very similar! SB
a. Won't be b. Can't be c. might be d. must be
21. It's a gold watch. It..... be very expensive. LM
a. must b. might c. Can't d. Mustn't
22. Hatim is absent. He ill, who knows?! LM
a. Mustn't be b. Can't be c. might be d. must be
23. You joking! A camel can't fly. LM
a. Mustn't be b. Can't be c. might be d. must be
24. It easy to send an email if you don't know how to use the computer. LM
a. Mustn't be b. Can't be c. might be d. must be
25. That bookbe good. Ahmed hasn't stopped reading it all day! WB

- a. May be b. Can't be c. might be d. must be
26. It be hot in the desert in summer. **WB**
- a. can b. must c. might d. Mustn't

2— Rewrite the following using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. I'm not sure if Nada will visit us next week. (might)
..... اسوان 2019
2. I'm sure the museum is closed. there are no lights on. (must)
..... الفيوم 2019
3. He has red hair. I'm sure he isn't egyptian. (can't)
..... البحر الاحمر 2019
4. I am sure that my friend Adel is not at school now. (can't)
..... سوهاج 2019
5. It is the only one that is red. now that it is my pen (must) **PT**
..... الفيوم 2018
6. Adel might visit us tomorrow (I'm not sure)
..... **PT**
7. Perhaps I'll wear a jacket today, I'm not sure. (might)
..... **PT**
8. Perhaps Amal is in the office now (might)
..... **LM**
9. Samir must be ready for the exam. (I'm sure that)
..... **LM**
10. It is certain that Ramy isn't in the club (can't)
..... **LM**
11. Mona might be an archaeologist (I'm not sure)
..... **WB**
12. I am sure that my friend Adel is not at school now. He's gone on holiday for 3 days. (can't)
..... سوهاج 2018
13. He must be rich. (can't)
..... قنا 2018
14. I'm not sure if this man is a tourist (might)
..... **WB**
15. I'm sure Work in Antarctica isn't very easy. (can't)
..... **WB**

Language Functions

- Expressing certainty التعبير عن التأكد

- ☞ I'm sure (he/she /it) is ... – He win a prize. I'm sure he is proud.
- ☞ (He/She/It) must be ... – She didn't answer. She must be outside.
- ☞ (He / She / It) can't be ... – He is an honest boy. He can't be a thief. نفي

- Expressing uncertainty التعبير عن عدم التأكد

- ☞ I'm not sure (he / she / it) is ... – I'm not sure he is a scientist.
- ☞ (He / She / It) might be ... – She might be your sister.
- ☞ Perhaps (he / she / it) will ... – Perhaps Mona will win award.

I— Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

1. Your mother asks you how you did on your English exam . Express certainty. 2018 السويس
2. You are certain that cats aren't allowed in the hotel. Your friend thinks he saw a cat in the hotel 2019 الأقصر
3. You are sure that your father is not at home. 2019 بنى سويف
4. You are certain that people find it difficult to use new technology. 2019 فنا
5. Your friend asks you about STEM schools. 2019 الشرقية
6. Your mother is in the kitchen. you are certain. 2018 الاسكندرية
7. You express uncertainty of watching the football match at the stadium. 2018 محافظة الغربية
8. You are certain that your team will win the cup. 2018 دمياط
9. Your sister thinks she saw a dog in the hospital. You're certain that dogs aren't allowed in the hospital. 2018 الاسماعيلية
10. You are asked about your exams. You're sure of getting the full marks. 2018 المنيا
11. A friend says that Athens is bigger than London. you don't think this is right. PT 2019 الاسماعيلية
12. Ahmed will come by train. Express uncertainty

Unit 5 (achievements)

Important vocabulary

achievement	انجازات	several	عديد	online	متصل بالانترنت
genius	عبقري	awards	جوائز	Put out	يطفى حريق
computer		graduates	خريجين جامعه	possible	ممکن
intelligent	ذكى	trophy	كأس	polite	مؤدب
software	برامج الكمبيوتر	as well as	بالأضافة الى	At the age of	فى عمر
skill	مهارة	brain	مخ	however	على الرغم
sum	مسألة حسابية	furthermore	بالأضافة الى	Achieve	يحقق نتيجة
award	جائزة	result	نتيجة	understand	يفهم
businesses	شركات اعمال -	medal	ميدالية	Get a medal/ award	يحصل على ميدالية/ جائزة
hear about	يسمع عن	memorise	يتذكر	medicine	دواء / طب
invite	يدعو	course	دورة تدريبية	In addition to	بالأضافة الى
quite	الى حد ما	excellent	ممتاز	interview	مقابلة
improve	يحسن	Work out	يجل مسألة	university	جامعة
on shows	فى البرامج	Do a sum	يجل مسألة حسابية	decide	يقرر / يحدد

تدريبات علي الكلمات

Exercises on Vocabulary

1- choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d

Ability and inability

① للتعبير عن قدرة فعل شئ او عدم القدرة في الماضي نستخدم: مصدر could/couldn't + inf

Ex-I **could** swim when I was six, but my brother **couldn't** swim until he was about ten
→ after only three months, he **could** read, write and speak English quite well
→ When I was young, I **couldn't** ride a bike.

عند السؤال بـ Yes / No نتبع الاتي:

Could you **read** when you were six? Yes, / could. I No, / couldn't

② للتعبير عن قدرة فعل شئ في مواقف محددة في الماضي نستخدم:

♣ was/ were(not) able to + inf Or couldn't مصدر

I **was able to** find your street, but I **couldn't** find your house.

I **wasn't able to** come to your house last weekend because i was ill

He **was able to** teach university graduates about computer programming

عند السؤال بـ Yes / No او Wh question كالاتي:

? تكملة الجملة + مصدر able to + فاعل + was/were + كلمة استفهام

→ What **were** you **able to** see at the concert?

→ Were you able to do the homework? Yes, I was. / No, / wasn't.

Rewrite(drill):

1- Last month, I **wasn't able to climb that wall. (couldn't)**

last month, I couldn't climb that wall

2- When he was young, he **played football well. (could)**

When he was young, he could play football well

3- I **couldn't find the pen that you lost. (able)**

I wasn't able to find the pen that you lost

4- **Why couldn't they solve the problem? (able to)**

Why weren't they able to solve the problem?

5- **could you speak English when you were young? (were you)**

Were you able to speak English when you were young?

بالإضافة الى ← جملة كاملة, In addition, الجملة الاولى ①

❖ تستخدم لربط جملتين ويأتي بعدها جملة

My father always goes to work on time. In addition, he does his work well.

بالإضافة الى ← الجملة الثانية, in addition to + (v ing / noun) ②

❖ تستخدم لربط جملتين ويأتي بعدها (v.+ ing / n.)

In addition to doing his homework, Youssef helps his mother in the kitchen every night.

علاوة على ذلك ← جملة كاملة, Furthermore, الجملة الاولى ③

Heba revises her lessons well. Furthermore, she does all her homework on time

أيضاً - كذلك also ④

تأتي في بداية الجملة وقبل الفعل الأساسي, وبعد (v. be / have)

1-Sami has a mobile. I also have a mobile.

2-Dina is good at Arabic. She is also good at English.

أيضاً - كذلك too / as well ⑤

❖ تأتي في نهاية الجملة المشبهة

1-Tarek is very good at tennis. He's good at basketball, too

2-Sally visited Rome. She went to Athens as well.

1 Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1. The maths homework was very difficult. Were you do it?
a. able to b. could c. should d. Can 2018 الجيزة/الشرقية/الفيوم
2. why weren't you do the maths homework? Was it difficult? 2018 الغربية
a. able to b. could c. able d. can
3. Heride a bike when he was six. 2018 البحيرة
a. could b. can c. able d. was able
4. When I was ten, I was.....to swim. 2019 الاسكندرية
a. could b. can c. able d. Couldn't
5. Icome to your office last week because I was ill. 2019 المنوفية
a. could b. Didn't have c. Wasn't able to d. Weren't able to
6. Mozartplay music when he was three. 2019 اسيوط
a. can b. is able to c. was able to d. must
7. I was able to fix my computer; this mean that I.....fix it . 2019 دمياط **LM**
a. Can't b. Couldn't c. could d. Didn't
8.you ride a bike when you were five? 2019 الاسماعيلية
a. can b. Able to c. Were d. Could
9. Hespeak, read and write English quite well after only five years. 2018 بنى سويف
a. capable of b. able to c. could d. is able
10. Mr Bakr is a great teacher., he never gives private lessons. 2018 الاسكندرية
a. In addition to b. Addition c. More d. Furthermore
11. In addition to.....her home work, Arwa helps her mother in the kitchen. 2019 الاقصر
a. do b. doing c. make d. making
12. My sister is very polite., she is very active. 2019 ازر القاهرة
a. Not more b. Furthermore c. Although d. However
13. There was afire at the hotel , but firefighters.....to put it out very quickly. **SB**
a. were able b. was able c. could d. Couldn't
14.you able to speak to the teacher today about the homework? **SB**
a. can b. Was c. Were d. Could
15. Ito come to your house last weekend because I was ill. **SB**
a. can't b. wasn't able c. weren't able d. couldn't
16. My friend.....answer all the questions correctly in the math test. **WB**
a. has b. Was able c. Were able d. could
17. My cousin is very good at speaking English., he speaks French. **WB**
a. In addition to b. Addition c. More d. Furthermore
18.reading after dinner, I write emails to friends. **WB**
a. In addition to b. Addition c. More d. Furthermore
19. We're going to paint the room., we're going to get new furniture. **WB**
a. In addition to b. In addition c. Not More d. but
20.being a great player, Ramadan Sobhi scores amazing goats. **WB**
a. In addition to b. Addition c. More d. Furthermore
21. My sister is very polite.,she is very active. **SB**
a. In addition to b. Addition c. Not More d. Furthermore
22. My brother swim until he was about ten. **SB**
a. Wasn't able b. Can't c. Couldn't d. Weren't able
23. Whatyou able to see at the concert? **SB**
a. could b. was c. did d. were
24. When you were ten,stand on one leg? **LM**

- a. could you b. can you c. were you able d. do you
25. I wasn't able the heavy box yesterday. **LM**
- a. carry b. to carry c. to carrying d. carried
26. Were you able to answer all the difficult questions? – Yes, I..... **LM**
- a. Wasn't b. were c. can d. was
27. Gamal could all his homework alone. **LM**
- a. do b. did c. done d. doing
28. I could drive my father's car when I was sixteen, but my brother drive it until he was eighteen. **LM**
- a. Can't b. Couldn't c. Wasn't able d. could

2— Rewrite the following using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. Nadia could play the piano in an early age.
..... | (to)
الوادي الجديد 2018 |
| 2. Mona wasn't able to finish the project yesterday
..... | (could) PT
كفر الشيخ 2018 |
| 3. Mahmoud Wael could give all the answers to the sums.
..... | (able)
الاسكندرية 2018 |
| 4. Could you find the lost bag?
..... | (Were)
اسوان 2019 |
| 5. Ahmed spoke two languages when he was 12.
..... | (able)
القاهرة 2019 |
| 6. He couldn't use the new mobile.
..... | (able)
جنوب سيناء 2019 |
| 7. Ahmed couldn't get the full marks.
..... | (able)
قنا 2019 |
| 8. Heba could speak two languages when she was ten.
..... | (able)
2019 خارج مصر |
| 9. Noha wasn't able to leave early last Monday.
..... | (couldn't)
اسوان 2018 |
| 10. She wasn't able to do her homework yesterday.
..... | (could)
اسيوط 2018 |
| 11. Samir could solve the problem before his friends.
..... | (able)
سوهاج 2018 |
| 12. Hassan is interested in reading. He also writes short stories
..... | (in addition) PT
الجيزة 2019 |
| 13. Soha helped her mother. she did her homework
..... | (in addition to)
القاهرة 2018 |
| 14. Omar revises the lessons. Furthermore, he does his homework.
..... | (In addition to)
الفيوم 2019 |
| 15. I could play tennis when I was eight. I also use the internet.
..... | (In addition)
بنى سويف 2019 |
| 16. I couldn't find the pen that you lost
..... | (able)
PT |
| 17. Could he repair the car alone?
..... | (Was)
LM |
| 18. What were you able to do when you were twelve?
..... | (could)
LM |
| 19. When Hatim was ten, he had the ability to ride the bike alone.
..... | (could)
LM |
| 20. Why couldn't he solve the problem?
..... | (able to)
LM |

1-Finish the following dialogue

- Adam and Faris are talking about Dr Ali Moustafa Musharrafa. **PT 2**

Adam : Hi, Faris. What are you doing?

Faris : I'm reading about Dr Ali Moustafa Musharrafa.

Adam : (1)

Faris : Musharrafa was able to work out some really difficult problems maths and science

Adam : (2) What else does the article say?

Faris : It says here that he was the first Egyptian to become a doctor of science

Adam : That's a great achievement! (3)

Faris : I'm not sure but he was definitely really smart.

Adam : (4)

2- Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

- you tell a friend what you could do when you were young
.....
- You talk about the things you couldn't do at he age of ten.
.....
- a friend tells you that he/she got a medal at the age of six
.....
- A friend wants to know what you like in addition reading.
.....
- You ask your friend about the hobbies he was able to do when hw was young.
.....
- You tell your friend that you play video games and you listen to music as well.
.....

Unit 6 inventors

Important vocabulary

inventor	مخترع	remind	يذكر	expert at/in/on	خبير في
invention	اختراع	papyrus	ورق البردي	winner	فائز
robot	انسان الى	oars	مجداف المركب	across	عبر - خلال
personal	شخصي	transport	النقل / ينقل	cross	يعبر
lawn mowers	الآلة قص العشب	goods	بضائع	scientific	علمي
volcanoes	براكين	experiments	تجارب	Science	متحف العلوم
planet	كوكب	research	بحث	century	قرن
voice	صوت انسان	steamships	سفن بخارية	steam	بخار
vacuum-cleaner	مكنسة كهربية	sail	يبحر / شرع	Think about / of	يفكر في
entertain	يسلى / يمتع	sailor	بحار	necessary	هام / ضروري
recognise	يتعرف على	starve	يموت جوعا	Reason for	سبب ل
dangerous	خطير	remember	يتذكر	along	بمحاذاة
design	يصمم	Feel better	يشعر بتحسن	underwater	تحت الماء
include	يشمل / يتضمن	gas	غاز	completely	تماما

1- choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d

1. Use the cleaner to clean the kitchen floor. 2018 الجيزة
 a. lawn b. mower c. vacuum d. oar
2. Use the mower to cut the grass in the garden. 2018 الاسكندرية
 a. vacuum b. oars c. space d. lawn
- 3.- means to do something that interests people. 2019 الغربية
 a. Recognise b. Recommend c. Entertain d. Emphasize
4. There are eight that go round the sun. 2019 القاهرة/سوهاج
 a. plants b. shops c. sails d. planets
5. A is a machine to cut the grass in gardens and parks. 2018 المنوفية
 a. vacuum cleaner b. lawn mower c. toy d. space robot
6. that girl has a very loud..... I can hear her from across the road. 2018 الجيزة
 a. face b. ability c. voice d. head
7. I don't want to hear about your.....problems. 2018 الشرقية
 a. personal b. purpose c. person d. expert
8. I couldn'tmy home village after spending 10 years abroad. 2019
 a. unknown b. recognise c. realise d. decide
9. Scientists have usedfor a long time. 2019 الازهر دمياط
 a. drums b. volcanoes c. Lawn mowers d. robots
10. I could hear him because he has a very loud.....2019 القاهرة
 a. graph b. ability c. voice d. sound
11. The ancient Egyptians made small boats from for transporting goods. 2018 القليوبية
 a. paper b. ropes c. oars d. papyrus
12. Ancient Egyptians used to move boats forward. 2019 بنى سويف/اسيوط
 a. oars b. steamships c. cars d. inventions
13. Egyptians used the Nile togoods. 2018 البحيرة
 a. make b. transport c. take d. give
- 14.-steamships and powerful ships didn't need the.....2018 الوادى الجديد
 a. oil b. steam c. wind d. petrol
15. What's the name of the.....who made the first radio? **WB**
 a. visitor b. worker c. inventor d. discoverer
16. When water boils, we can see..... **WB**
 a. steel b. cloud c. smoke d. steam
17. There was no wind, so they used the..... to take the boat to the island. **WB**
 a. ropes b. stones c. poles d. oars
18. many people would.....if the crops didn't grow.
 a. start b. starve c. stir d. export
19. Other robots are sent intoinstead of people because it's dangerous work. **LM**
 a. wells b. earthquakes c. volcanoes d. rocks
20. Dr musharfa was anin maths
 a. experience b. experiment c. expert d. export
21. personal robots are.....to help people with jobs at home. **LM**
 a. done b. designed c. refused d. advised
22. The got into the boat and used the oar strongly.. **LM**
 a. driver b. pilot c. sailor d. rider
23. The film was; I really enjoyed it much. **LM**
 a. unknown b. terrible c. fantastic d. boring
24. People the sail in order to move boats faster. **LM**
 a. invented b. discovered c. refused d. did
25. Robots can.....you to send emails. **LM**
 a. hear b. forget c. remember d. remind

26. In the twentieth, oil was used to take powerful ships around the world. **LM**
 a. century b. month c. year d. decade
27. It's better to stay than make a mistake. 2019 الشرقية
 a. talk b. speech c. speak d. silent
28. Engineers have invented robots that.....you when you speak. **SB**
 a. hear b. forget c. remember d. remind
29. we will visitmuseum next week
 a. scientist b. science c. scientific d. scene

Transitive and intransitive verbs الافعال المتعدية واللازمة

Intransitive verb 1- الفعل المتعدى هي التي يأخذ مفعولاً به مباشراً وبعض الافعال المتعدية أيضاً تأخذ مفعول غير مباشر

- Tarek asked a question. (What did he ask? a question = direct object) مفعول مباشر
 → Tarek asked me a question. (Who did he ask? me = indirect object) مفعول غير مباشر
 → Samir bought me a present. = Samir bought a present for me.

عند استخدام مفعولين بالجملة تكون كالاتي:

مفعول مباشر + مفعول غير مباشر + فعل + فاعل

→ Transitive verbs + indirect object + direct object: Ali sent me an email .

Heba gave her sister a pen .

مفعول غير مباشر + to/for + مفعول مباشر + فعل + فاعل

→ Transitive verbs + direct object + to/for + indirect object: Ali sent an email to me .

Heba gave a pen to her sister .

- نستخدم (to) مع افعال (write – sell – lend – give – offer – tell – show – send)

نستخدم (for) مع افعال (make – cook – buy – book – leave – get – call – keep – bake – save)

⊗ Grandmother baked him a cake. = Grandmother baked a cake for him .

→ Omar bought his mum a present. = Omar bought a present for his mum.

Intransitive verb

2- الفعل اللازم هو الفعل الذي لا يأخذ مفعول به ويكتفي بالفاعل مثلاً

- ▶ the baby is sleeping.
 → Ahmed runs fast.
 ➤ We left early in the morning.

Rewrite(drill)

1- The class brought their teacher some flowers, (for their teacher)

The class brought some flowers for their teacher

2- Heba gave her sister a present. (to her)

heba gave a present to her sister

3- Did you buy me that smart phone? (for me)

Did you buy that smart phone for me?

4- He sent me a book. (to me)

He sent a book to me

تدريبات علي القواعد

Exercises on grammar

I choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Eman sent an email 2019 بنى سويف/قنا/سوهاج
 a. For me b. mine c. To me d. me
2. I gave the message. 2018 البحر الاحمر

- a. for my sister b. my sister c. hers d. to my sister
3. I gave the pen he needed. 2018 المنيا
- a. my friend b. for my friend c. to my friend d. his
4. Here's Mona's book. Please can you give it.....? WB
- a. To her b. for her c. her d. hers
5. I went to the shops for some eggs. I carried..... carefully. WB
- a. they b. them c. their d. theirs
6. Robots entertain in hospitals. WB
- a. for children b. to children c. children d. their
7. Tourist information centres give mapsfor free. WB
- a. to tourists b. tourists c. for tourists d. of tourists
8. I offered a drink..... WB
- a. the guest b. for the guest c. him d. to the guest
9. They asked a difficult question. LM
- a. she b. her c. hers d. to her
10. I bought a mobile phone LM
- a. my brother b. my brother's c. to my brother d. for my brother
11. Here is Ali's book. – Can you? LM
- a. give it him b. give it to him c. give him it d. give it for him
12. Have you sent the new book? LM
- a. she b. her c. for her d. to her
13. Have you listened to the news? – Yes, I listened to LM
- a. its b. their c. them d. it
14. The teacher rewarded the boys. He rewarded well LM
- a. theirs b. their c. them d. him

2— Rewrite the following using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. My father bought me a smartphone.
.....
(for me)
2018 الاسماعيلية
2. Grandmother baked him a cake.
.....
(for)
بورشعيد 2018
3. Ahmed gave me a present.
.....
(to)
الوادى الجديد 2018
4. Maha gave her sister a pen.
.....
(to)
الفيوم 2018
5. The sons bought their mother a present on her birthday
.....
(for)
بنى سويف 2018
6. My cousin sent me an email yesterday.
.....
(to)
الشرقية 2019
7. Yasser bought me a present.
.....
(for me)
اسوان/المنوفية 2019
8. Alaa gave Mona a book
.....
(to)
الاسكندرية 2019
9. The children brought their mother some flowers,
.....
(for)
الاسماعيلية 2019
10. The owner sold the house to Ahmed
.....
(sold Ahmed)
WB
11. Grandmother baked him a cake
.....
(for)
WB
12. I sent the manager the final report
.....
(The final report)
LM
13. Did you buy me that phone?
.....
(for me)
الدقهلية/الغربية 2019

14. Mona offered Hala a cup of tea

(to)

15. Maya gave her sister a pen.

(to)

WB

Language Functions

Emphasising a point تأكيد نقطة

► You must remember to (infinitive):

You must remember to describe characters! well.

► You must remember that (sentence):

You must remember that grammar rules are important.

► Don't forget to (infinitive). ✂ Don't forget to wait us at the train station.

✂ Don't forget that (sentence). Don't forget that we will come tomorrow

→ It's necessary / important to (infinitive). It's necessary to eat healthy food

1-Finish the following dialogue

- Salem and Omar are talking outside a classroom in their school

PT 2 b

Salem : Who is our science teacher talking to in the classroom?

Omar : She is talking to the scientist who is giving us a talk next week.

Salem : Oh, yes, I forgot.

Omar : ❶ It's essential

Salem : (3). Then what happened/What happened after that?

Omar : Yes, you're right, it is very important. ❷?

Salem : ❸..... I think he's going to talk about useful robots.

Omar : That's a very interesting topic. (4)..... ?

Salem : Maybe he'll bring a robot with him!

2- Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

1. You are emphasizing the importance of remembering friends' birthdays 2019 المنوفية

.....

2. - Remind your brother to do his homework. 2019 المنيا

.....

3. You want to remind your father to buy you a mobile. 2019 الشرقية

.....

4. You ask a friend to name two Egyptians who won the Nobel prize. 2018 المنوفية

.....

5. You are in a busy street with your younger brother. You advise him not to walk too close to the road. PT

.....

6. A friend asks you for the best way to revise before the test. PT

.....

7. your brother will go on a picnic. remind him to pack his bags.

.....

8. your classmate doesn't correct his mistakes. Emphasize that point

.....

9. remind your father to buy you a present on your birthday.

.....

Unit 7 All about sports

Important vocabulary

sports	العاب رياضية	tie	يربط	congratulate on	يهنئ
history	تاريخ	similar to	مشابه لـ	light	يشعل / مصباح / خفيف
racket	مضرب	believe	يؤمن - يعتقد	Fill with	يملى بـ
indoor	داخل (مبنى)	necessary	ضروري	comfortable	مريح
court	ملعب	accurately	بدقة	Different from/to	مختلف عن
leather	جلد	spectator	مشجع / متفرج	trophy	كاس
rubber	مطاط	athlete	لاعب رياضي	weather	طقس
measure	يقيس	Olympic	الالعاب الاولمبية	during	اثناء
poles	عصا - حديدة	stadium	استاد	injured	مصاب
score	يحرز	referee	الحكم	compete	يتنافس
wooden	خشبي	opponent	خصم	apologise	يعتذر
weigh	يزن	events	احداث	Go camping	يقيم معسكر
inside	بالداخل	helmet	خوذة	list	قائمة اسماء / اشياء
hit the ball	يضرب الكرة	no longer	لم يعد يفعل	disagree	لا يوافق

تدريبات علي الكلمات

Exercises on Vocabulary

1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- Long ago, tennis players didn't have to wear special shoes on tennis2018 الاسماعيلية
 - pool
 - theatre
 - court
 - park
- Which of the following can you use to hold up a tent ? 2019 دمياط
 - poles
 - costumes
 - signs
 - flutes
- In games like tennis, you use a.....to hit the ball.2019 الفيوم
 - rocket
 - racket
 - jacket
 - pocket
- We must use to hold up a tent. 2018 الغربية/دمياط
 - poles
 - flutes
 - pools
 - flats
- You should congratulate your when he wins the match. 2018 الغربية
 - spectator
 - opponent
 - inventor
 - sailor
- If you are the , you have to decide if something is right or wrong in a match.2018 اسبوط
 - spectator
 - referee
 - opponent
 - athlete
-go to stadiums to enjoy watching football matches there. 2019 القليوبية
 - soldiers
 - Scientists
 - Spectators
 - Opponents
- Who is your in a tennis competition? 2018 بورسعيد/الفيوم/قنا
 - spectator
 - opposite
 - opponent
 - inventor
- Ten thousand were at the football match yesterday. 2018 بنى سويف
 - referees
 - teams
 - Spectators
 - Opponents
- Hala's cousin is a very good She wants to compete in the next Olympic Games
 - athlete
 - footballer
 - referee
 - Spectator**WB**
- Mariam got a for winning the sports competition. **WB**
 - trophy
 - metal
 - present
 - degree
- The..... stopped the game and told the basketball player to throw the ball again.
 - teacher
 - tourist
 - referee
 - Spectator**WB**
- A.....is a place where you play tennis or basketball. **WB**
 - theatre
 - museum
 - court
 - cinema

14. When they went camping, they had to a fire.
a. fight b. might c. catch d. light
15. you need to to win a sports game. LM
a. kick b. score c. hold d. grab
16. A tennis ball has to56-59.49 grams. LM
a. weigh b. count c. hit d. add
17. in basketball, players have to.....the ball into the basket. LM
a. kick b. score c. hold d. throw
18. the Olympic games are an important.....
a. event b. accident c. play d. film
19. Hassan,the glass with water, please.
a. feel b. full c. fill d. fall
20. A.....is a place where you can watch sports events
a. garden b. cinema c. studio d. stadium

Grammar

Necessity and obligation

الضرورة والالتزام

Present Necessity

الضرورة فى المضارع

تستخدم have/has to للتعبير عن قاعدة او قانون او اشياء مفروضة علينا ولا خيار لنا فيها

I , you , we , they → have to + inf.
he , she , it → has to

→ We have to go to school on time

❖ She has to get a passport to travel to London. We have to go to school five days a week.

have to / has to + inf. = It is necessary to + inf.
It is necessary (for + مفعول) + to + inf.

❖ It is necessary for us to go to school on time = We have to go to school on time

lack of Present Necessity

نقص الضرورة فى المضارع

❖ تُعبر عن عدم الضرورة لفعل شيء فى المضارع (لا داعى لفعل الشيء ويمكن أن تفعله إذا أردت)

I , you , we , they → { don't have to + inf.
he , she , it → { doesn't have to + inf.

❖ She doesn't have to hurry. She isn't late for school.

❖ I don't have to do my homework today.

don't have to + inf. = It isn't necessary (for + مفعول) + to + inf.
doesn't have to + inf. = It is unnecessary (for + مفعول) + to + inf.

❖ It is not necessary for her to hurry. She isn't late for school = she doesn't have to hurry

Past Necessity

الضرورة فى الماضى

❖ تستخدم للتعبير عن الضرورة بفعل شيء في الماضي، وبالتالي تم التنفيذ.

I, he, she, it, you, we, they →→→ had to + inf.

❖ I couldn't go to the park yesterday because I had to finish my homework.

❖ In those days, players had to hit the ball with their hands

had to + inf. = It was necessary to + inf.
It was necessary for + مفعول + to + inf.

❖ It was necessary to study hard. = he had to study hard

❖ It was necessary for her to take a taxi.

lack of Past Necessity

نقص الضرورة في الماضي

❖ تُعبر عن عدم الضرورة لفعل شيء في الماضي، (شيء لم يكن مهمًا ولذلك لم أفعله).

I, he, she, it, you, we, they → didn't have to + inf.

❖ I didn't have to hurry as I was early.

❖ We didn't have to do computer studies when we were at primary school

didn't have to + inf. = $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{It wasn't necessary (for + مفعول) + to + inf.} \\ \text{It was unnecessary (for + مفعول) + to + inf.} \end{array} \right.$

❖ It was not necessary for him to book a ticket. = he didn't have to book a ticket

مصدر + have to + فاعل + Do / Does / Did

عند تكوين السؤال ب Yes / No نتبع الاتي :

❖ Do you have to get up at seven o'clock? Yes, I do. / No, I don't.

→ Does she have to eat breakfast? Yes, she does. / No, she doesn't.

عند تكوين السؤال ب أداة استفهام :

مصدر + have to + فاعل + Do / Does + كلمة استفهام

⊙ When do we have to finish our homework?

⊙ Why does she have to go now?

← بينما تستخدم must :

1- للتعبير عن نصيحة قوية

e.g. . you must see a doctor. You've been ill for a week

↔ you must wash your hand before you eat.

2- تستخدم للتعبير المشاعر والرغبات عن إحساس قوي بضرورة عمل شيء من وجهة نظر المتكلم أو للتعبير عن أن شيء مهم بالنسبة لنا وفي هذه

الحالة تستخدم فقط مع الضمائر I / We

→ We must buy souvenirs for our friends. → I must visit my uncle more often

3- كما تستخدم في حالة توجيه دعوة أو التعبير عن مشاعر صادقة

→ You must come and see us at the weekend. → You must try a piece of my cake

← بينما تستخدم mustn't : تعبر عن الحظر أو التحريم. (لن يُسمح لك بفعل الشيء لأنه ممنوع أو محرم أو ضد القانون

Mustn't =	}	Be not allowed to	غير مسموح	} + مصدر
		Be forbidden to	ممنوع	
		Be prohibited / banned to	ممنوع	
		It's against the law to	ضد القانون	
		No + v.ing		

Ex-He mustn't park here. = It's against the law to park here

= it is not allowed to park here = it is forbidden to park here.

Rewrite(drill)

holiday. (have to)

1- It is not necessary to get up early tomorrow. It's a

We don't have to get up early tomorrow. It's a holiday

2- It is necessary for him to study hard. (must)

He must study hard

3- It isn't necessary for her to buy vegetables (She)

She doesn't have to buy vegetables

4- Does your father have to work on Fridays? (Is)

Is it necessary for your father to work on Fridays

5- It was not necessary for him to book a ticket. (didn't)

He didn't have to book a ticket

6- You don't have to pay to go into the museum. (necessary)

It isn't necessary for us to pay to go into the museum

Contrast التناقض

1- (but/however,) → ولكن/ على الرغم تربط بين جملتين متناقضتين في وسط الجملة

→ Basketball is a popular sport. However , I prefer tennis

Basketball is a popular sport, but/ however I prefer tennis

2- (although) → تستخدم لربط بين جملتين متناقضتين في اول الكلام او وسط الجملة → بالرغم من

→ Although I was ill, I went to school .

I went to school although I was ill

تدريبات علي القواعد

Exercises on grammar

I choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

- How long did you..... wait till the bus arrived?2019 قنا
a. has to b. have to c. must d. have
- I couldn't go to the park yesterday because I to finish my homework2019 بنى سويف
a. have b. could c. mustn't d. Had 2019 بورسعيد
- What did you do before you came to school this morning?2019 الدقهلية/2018 الغربية
a. had to b. have to c. must d. have
- You.....do that. it's against the law. 2019 البحيرة
a. Needn't b. Shouldn't c. Mustn't d. Don't have to
- You.....to get a passport to travel to other countries.2019 البحر الاحمر
a. has b. have c. must d. will
- Hewash his hands before he eats. 2019 كفر الشيخ
a. must b. Mustn't c. have to d. Hasn't
- Sheget a passport to travel to London.2019 ازر القاهرة
a. have to b. Mustn't c. has to d. Doesn't have to
- She hurry. She isn't late for school. SB LM
a. should b. Has to c. don't have to d. doesn't have to
- In those days, playershit the ball with their hands. SB
a. has to b. had to c. must d. have to
- We to do computer studies when we were at primary school. SB
a. mustn't b. didn't have c. don't have d. Shouldn't
- Did you.....do P.E when you were at school? SB
a. has to b. had to c. must d. have to
- Yousee a doctor. You've been ill for a week. SB
a. has to b. need c. must d. have to
- Long ago, tennis players wear special shoes on tennis court. SB
a. mustn't b. Shouldn't c. don't have to d. didn't have to

14. Halago to hospital yesterday as she was ill.
 a. has to b. had to c. must d. have to
15. you take photos here. It's forbidden.
 a. must b. Mustn't c. don't have to d. have to
16. We go to school on time.
 a. has to b. Mustn't c. don't have to d. have to
17. We travel to Alexandria; it was a must to go there.
 a. didn't have to b. had to c. must d. have to
18. It is an achievement to be an Olympic athlete.,it is really hard work
 a. Furthermore b. However c. although d. in addition to
19. Basketball players need to be tall, some good players are short.
 a. Furthermore b. but c. Although d. in addition
20.I really enjoy playing speed-ball, I don't have any time to practise it
 a. Furthermore b. but c. Although d. in addition
21. Ali is very good at tennis., he is a very fast runner
 a. in addition to b. However c. because d. in addition
22. I enjoy watching tennis on TV., I never play it.
 a. However b. In addition c. Furthermore d. Addition
23. Iremember to turn off the lights before I go to bed.
 a. must b. have to c. has to d. had to

2— Rewrite the following using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. It is not allowed to park your car here

 (mustn't)
 اسيووط 2019
2. It isn't necessary for Basem to buy me the newspaper

 (doesn't)
 القليوبية 2019
3. It wasn't necessary to wear a jacket. It wasn't so cold

 (have to)
 القاهرة 2019
4. It's necessary to get a passport to go to London.

 (have to)
 المنوفية 2019
5. It is necessary to run to catch my train.

 (have to)
 الاقصر 2019
6. It is necessary for students to go to school on time

 (have to)
 الاسكندرية 2018
7. It's against the law to drive a car without a license

 (mustn't)
 الدقهلية 2018
8. It's not necessary to get up early tomorrow. It's a holiday.

 (have to)
 القاهرة/المنوفية 2018
9. You don't have to pay to go into the museum.

 (necessary)
 الشرقية 2018
10. He wants to park here but it's against the law

 (mustn't)
 الغربية 2018
11. You don't have to get up early. It's a holiday.

 (necessary)
 القليوبية 2018
12. He woke up early. However, he missed the bus.

 (Although)
 القاهرة 2019
13. It's sunny today, but it's not very hot.

 (However)
 دمياط/المنيا /السويس
14. It is necessary for him to study hard

 (must)
 LM
15. I had to buy another mobile phone.

 (necessary)
 LM

16. Parking here is against the law.

17. Although watching too much TV is not good, I watch it a lot.

18. Eman is still young. However, she can speak English and German.

(mustn't)

PT

(However)

2019 الاسكندرية

(Although)

2019 القليوبية

3- Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

1. Although you lost the match, you congratulate you opponent. 2019 دمياط
2. Your friend came first in a competition. 2018 المنيا
3. Your brother is parking his car in a No parking place. You know it's against the law 2019 القليوبية
4. You tell your friend that you're short but you like playing basketball.
5. You tell a friend that basketball is a popular sport but you like tennis.



unit 8 (how we learn)



Important vocabulary

intelligent	ذكي	trouble	مشكله	interesting	شيق
intelligence	الذكاء	afraid = sorry	اسف	lying	النوم/الرقود
athletes	رياضيون	online	متصل بالانترنت	understand	يفهم
muscles	عضلات	offer	يعرض	Do things	يفعل اشياء
breathing	التنفس	relax	يسترخى	others	الآخرون
balance	توازن	good for	مناسب - مفيد لـ	Go on the internet	يدخل على الانترنت
diagrams	رسوم تخطيطية	good at	جيد في	Better at	افضل في
certainly	بالتأكد	brain	المخ	Such as	مثل
physical	جسدي	information	معلومات	As well as	بالاضافة الى
feelings	مشاعر	matter	امر - موضوع	Good idea	فكرة جيدة
nature	الطبيعة	Do research	يقوم ببحث	Do puzzle	يحل لغز
sailors	بحارة	marks	درجات	amazing	مدهش
in fact	في الحقيقة	find the way	يجد الطريق	Do tests	يجل امتحانات

تدريبات علي الكلمات

Exercises on Vocabulary

1- **choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d**

1. You need strong to be good at most sports. 2019 المنيا / الجيزة/مطروح
2. My father said that the car was difficult to because it was raining. 2019 جنوب سيناء
3. My wife lost her.....and fell on the ground. 2019 الازهر
4. Athletes have fantastic control over their 2019 الاسكندرية

- a. medicines b. physics c. goods d. muscles
5. Did you have any Finding your way to the new school? 2018 الدقهلية
- a. tree b. trip c. tribe d. trouble
6. the scientists did some experiments to measure the animals' WB
- a. intelligent b. diagram c. intelligence d. housework
7. It's so hot! I find it difficult to WB
- a. breath b. breathing c. breathe d. breeze
8. athletes have fantasticover their muscles ,breathing and balance.2018 اسوان
- a. feeling b. control c. movement d. thinking
9. We used my father's computer to buy the book..... WB
- a. online b. In line c.offline d. At line
10. I'm that we can't go swimming because the pool is closed. WB
- a. fear b. afraid c.fair d.fare
11. I didn't understand this. Do you know the answer? WB
- a. song b. film c.puzzle d. story
12. Everyone should do 30 minutes of Exercise each day. WB
- a. medical b. scientific c.physical d.historical
13. athletes are good at controlling their muscles and their..... WB
- a. breath b. breathing c. breathe d. breeze
14. you cana lot of muscles when you go swimming. WB
- a. use b. do c. make d. study
15. the scientists have.....some important research into climate change. WB
- a. sent b. gone c.done d. used
16. it is important for old people to continue to.....their brains everyday. WB
- a. use b. do c. make d. win
17. some people prefer to learn by drawing pictures or..... LM
- a. diagrams b. languages c. exercises d. muscles
18. scientists do different experiments to.....animal's intelligence. LM
- a. count b. measure c. weigh d. add
19. A.....is someone who sails on boats or ships. 2019 المنيا
- a. doctor b. chemist c. pilot d. sailor
20. Do you know how to.....this computer? LM
- a. use b. do c. make d. be
22.fact, he had problems with reading. SB
- a. Of b. In c. For d. To
23. You need good..... to ride a bike. LM
- a. balance b. information c. feelings d. intelligence
24. when I go on the internet, I see.....games. they are enjoyable. SB
- a. boring b. bored c. interesting d. interested

Grammar

-ing Forms صيغ الـ ing

1- يمكن ان تستخدم كاسماء

→ Reading is enjoyable. (reading = noun)

Moving or physical exercise helps other people

2- يمكن ان تكون الفاعل او المفعول فى الجملة

→ I love learning. (learning = object)

Washing up isn't my favourite thing to do. (washing up = subject)

Being very intelligent can help people to do amazing things

3- ليس كل المنتهى ب ing يكون اسماء

noun)

Swimming is fun. (swimming =

We are swimming. (are swimming = verb)

4- حروف الجر تأتي قبل (-ing form):

- ▶ Thank you **for baking** the cake.
- ▶ We congratulated her **on passing** the exam.
- * I look forward **to seeing** you.

تعلم تغييرات الهجاء عندما تضيف ing

1- إذا كان الفعل ينتهي بحرف (e) ، نحذف (e) ونضع (ing) مثل :-

move → moving come → coming live → living breathe → breathing

ماعددا .

dye → dyeing singe → singeing be → being

2- إذا كان الفعل ينتهي بحرف ساكن مسبقاً بحرف متحرك واحد (a - e - i - o - u) يُكرر الحرف الأخير ونضع (ing) مثل :-

swim → swimming / put → putting / get → getting / travel → travelling

- ماعددا :

remember → remembering visit → visiting listen → listening play → playing

happen → happening enjoy → enjoying snow → snowing fix → fixing

3- إذا كان الفعل ينتهي بحرف ساكن مسبقاً بحرفان متحركان ، نضع (ing) مثل :-

eat → eating read → reading need → needing see → seeing

4- إذا كان الفعل ينتهي بحرف ie تحذف، ونضع (ying) مثل :-

lie → lying die → dying tie → tying

Lying in bed for a long time isn't healthy

Rewrite

1- It isn't healthy to lie in bed for a long time. (lying)

Lying in bed for a long time isn't healthy

2- It's enjoyable to read stories. (Reading)

Reading stories is enjoyable

3- I feel happy when i listen to music (listening)

Listening to music makes me feel happy

4- It isn't comfortable to watch too much television. (watching)

Watching too much television isn't comfortable

تدريبات علي القواعد

Exercises on grammar

1 choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1. very intelligent can help people to do amazing things. 2018 المنوفية
a. Been b. Be c. Being d. Is
2.by bus is the best way for tourists to see pats of the country. 2018 بنى سويف
a. Travelling b. Travel c. Travelled d. Travels
3. what about.....a break now? I got tired. 2018 سوهاج
a. take b. taking c. took d. takes
4.television for a long time isn't good for you. 2019 الجيزة/الاسكندرية
a. Watch b. To watch c. Watched d. Watching
5. Doesto music make you feel happy? 2019 الفيوم/البحيرة
a. listening b. listen c. to listen d. listened
6.tennis is my favourite sport . 2019 المنيا .
a. Plays b. Played c. Playing d. Play
7.pictures is my favourite hobby. 2019 البحر الاحمر
a. To paint b. Paints c. Paint d. Painting



8. blind means that you cannot see. 2018 كفر الشيخ/دمياط
- a. Be b. Will be c. Being d. Am
9. too quickly is not good for you. 2018 اسيوط
- a. Eat b. Eating c. To eat d. Will eat
10. Albert Einstein had problems with SB / LM
- a. read b. reader c. reads d. reading
11. Thank you for my cake, Mum. SB
- a. baked b. bakes c. will bake d. baking
12. Mona thinks that..... bottles and paper is very important for the environment. WB
- a. to recycle b. recycling c. recycled d. recycle
13. I loveabout different countries. SB
- a. learn b. to learning c. learned d. learning
14. It's not easy to understand people's SB / LM
- a. felt b. feelings c. feels d. feel
15. I was interested in football when I was young. M
- a. Plays b. Played c. Playing d. Player
16. is Huda's favourite activity. SB
- a. singer b. To singing c. Sings d. Singing

2— Rewrite the following using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. I congratulated noha because she bought a new car
.....
(buying)
الدقهلية 2018
2. It's polite to help your friends.
.....
(Helping)
مطروح 2019
3. To stay up late at night is not good for your health.
.....
(Staying)
قنا 2019
4. It is always the most expensive to travel by plane
.....
(Travelling)
الاقصر 2019
5. Noran likes to play tennis. It's her favourite sport.
.....
(Playing)
الاسكندرية 2019
6. It isn't good for you to watch too much TV.
.....
(Watching)
اسيوط 2019
7. It's not healthy to lie in bed for a long time
.....
(Lying)
الجيزة/بورسعيد 2019
8. It isn't comfortable to watch too much television
.....
(Watching)
الغربية 2019
9. The best way to travel is by train
.....
(Travelling)
القليوبية 2018
10. It's dangerous to swim in deep water
.....
(Swimming)
الاسماعيلية 2019
11. I feel happy when I listen to music
.....
(Listening)
SB
12. Do you have a problem?
.....
(matter)
PT
13. What's the matter with you?
.....
(problem)
الدقهلية 2018
14. My favourite hobby is to play tennis.
.....
(Playing)
LM
15. Do you feel happy when you listen to music?
.....
(listening)
SB
16. My sister finds it easy to learn new languages.
.....
(Learning)
SB



Language Functions

Talking about problems السؤال عن المشاكل

- ▶ I am afraid that I have a problem using the internet.
- ▶ I find it difficult to solve this sum.
- ▶ The trouble is that I spend too much time on computer.

Asking about and offering help السؤال عن وعرض المساعدة

- ▶ Have you got any problems?
- ▶ Let me see if I can help.
- ▶ What is the matter?
- ▶ Can I help you?

1-Finish the following dialogue

Fawzi is talking about sport with his friend Munir. **PT 3 B**

- Fawzy** : How do you become good at basketball, Munir?
Munir : You have to be tall and fast.
 (1).....?.
Fawzy : I'm not tall or fast. (2)
Munir : I'm sure that you are good at some sports. What about chess? I'm playing a game of chess this evening. Would you like to play?
Fawzy : (3)
Munir : OK, we can play another evening when you're not visiting your grandparents. (4)?
Fawzy : Tomorrow evening is perfect. See you then!

2- Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

1. You see an old man crossing the street. You offer to help him. 2019 بنى سويف / سوهاج
2. You see a person looking for his bag. You want to know if he needs help. 2018 اسبوط الجيزة 2019
3. An old woman needs your help. 2018 الدقهلية
4. You see a child crying in the street. 2018 سوهاج
5. You fell down in the street and you ask the help of someone passing near to you
سوهاج 2018
6. You see a person looking under his car. you want to help. 2019 القاهرة
7. Your friend is looking under his desk. You want to know if he needs help. 2018 بنى سويف
8. Someone has a problem and you offer to help him 2018 البحيرة .
9. Your friend finds it difficult to learn. Offer to help him with his problems. 2018 الوادى الجديد
10. You want to tell your friend that you have a problem using the internet. 2019 الغربية
11. You offer to help someone who has a problem using the internet. 2019 الفيوم
12. An old man wants to cross the street. you offer to help him. 2019 بنى سويف

13. someone has helped you. جنوب سيناء

14. A friend asks you why you look worried. It's because you have a problem using the printer

PT

Unit 9 the senses



Important vocabulary

senses	الجواس	make up	يؤلف	slightly	الى حد ما
blind	أعمى	dictionary	قاموس	communicate	يتواصل مع
shape	شكل	Instead of	بدلا من	encourage	يشجع
system	نظام	improve	يحسن	for the blind	للمكفوفين
sign	إشارة/علامة	meaning	المعنى	include	يشمل/يضمن
soldier	جندي	orchestra	اوركسترا	Go back	يعود/يرجع
adult	بالغ/راشد	concert	حفلة موسيقية	invite	يدعو
work out	يفهم- يحسب- يحل	change into	يحول الى	invitation	دعوة
equipment	معدات	look up	يبحث عن معنى كلمة	accept	يقبل
Braille	نظام كتابة للمكفوفين	take up	يتعلم	refuse	يرفض
accident	حادثة	hand out	يوزع/يعطي	learners	متعلمون
Sign language	لغة الاشارة	set up	يقيم- ينشأ	At the	عطلة الاسبوع
Take his name	يسمى على اسمة	deaf	أصم	Be called	يسمى/يدعى

تدريبات علي الكلمات

Exercises on Vocabulary

1- choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d

- a/an..... person who works to protect the country. 2019
a. solider b. doctor c. teacher d. baker
- You become..... when you are eighteen years old. 2019 مطروح PT
a. an adult b. a solider c. a hero d. honest
- The teacher asked Ahmed to the books to the class. 2018 القاهرة WB
a. hand out b. hand up c. look up d. look out
- Ahmed usually plays the violin in a / an on Sundays 2018 المنوفية WB
a. orchestra b. music c. invitation d. spectator
- That boy is , so he cannot see. 2019 اسوط
a. deaf b. blind c. intelligent d. clever
- Reem's family enjoyed their holiday in Nuweiba and they want to..... again next year
a. go back b. go forward c. go on d. go in WB
- The School was 40 years ago. 2019 ازر القاهرة WB
a. set to b. set down c. set up d. set off
- That girl is , so she cannot hear you. 2019 كفر الشيخ WB
a. blind b. intelligent c. tired d. deaf
- Deaf students.....up sigh language. 2018 الوادي الجديد
a. take b. stand c. look d. set
- In Egypt,.....deaf students are now included in general education schools.2019 القليوبية
a. slowly b. accurately c. slightly d. amazingly
- The tourist did not speak Arabic, but we..... in English. PT
a. handed out b. set up c. communicated d. made up
- some computers cantext into Braille
a. work b. change c. invent d. touch

13. can you work..... What that new word means. **LM**
 a. out b. on c. in d. up
14. Look, I've got an to Mona's family party next week!
 a. orchestra b. adult c. invention d. invitation
15. The writing of most languages uses different lines. **LM**
 a. system b. survey c. surname d. measure
16. Louis Braille signs for maths and music, as well as letters. **LM**
 a. looked up b. handed out c. made up d. worked
17. To find the meaning of a word, you should look it in the dictionary. **LM**
 a. down b. up c. for d. after
18. books of blind people use dots instead.....letters.
 a. on b. with c. of d. in
19. the orchestra is having a.....next Friday.
 a. match b. game c. music d. concert

Grammar

Relative Clauses عبارات الوصل

Who - Which - That - Where

(who - that)

الذى - التى : تستخدم مع العاقل

→ Miss Amal is the teacher who teaches us science.

→ Louis Braille, who was born in 1809, became blind after an accident when he was three.

لاحظ - عند استخدام comma قبل وبعد عبارة الوصل لا نستخدم that فى هذا النوع.

→ My mother, who is standing beside me, is very kind.

→ Mr Zaki, who lives next door, is a scientist.

(which - that)

الذى - التى : تستخدم مع غير العاقل (أشياء وحيوانات)

→ That's the horse which/that won the competition.

☎ What's the name of the book which you are reading?

✂ Elephants, which live for around 45 years, are found in Africa.

(where)

حيث : تستخدم مع المكان

✂ This is the house where Grandfather lived.

▶ This is the village where my father was born.

▶ We went to visit my cousins in Luxor, where they have lived since the 1970s.

(when)

عندما : تستخدم للزمان

The photo shows Alexandria in 1990, when my parents lived there

(whose)

: تستخدم للملكية

.Mr Adel, whose factory produces cotton clothes, is very rich

لاحظ : نستخدم (which) مع المكان إذا جاء بعدها فعل وليس فاعل (أو كانت جملة لتعريف المكان).

☎ This is the school which was built last year.

* The post office, which is opposite the bank, is crowded today

ملاحظات هامة

1.	للعاقل	نختار who أو that
2.	لغير العاقل	نختار which أو that
3.	للملكية	نختار whose ويتبعها اسم الشيء أو اسم الشخص الذى يملكه.

يحدث شيء بداخله نختار where ويتبعها فاعل وفعل مع عدم وجود حرف الجر قبله أو في نهاية الجملة ، وفي حالة وجود حرف الجر نختار which	مكان	.4
لم يذكر حدث يتم داخله نختار which ويتبعها فاعل وفعل.	مكان	.5
جاء بعده فعل مباشرة بدون فاعل نختار which	مكان	.6
يحدث فيه شيء نختار when ويتبعها فاعل وفعل.	لزمان	.7

Rewrite

1-Ahmed's cousin is a doctor. He lives in Assyut. (who)

Ahmed's cousin, who lives in Assyut, is a doctor.

2- This is the bank. My brother works there. (where)

This is the bank where My brother works

3-Mr Adel is very rich. his factory produces cotton clothes. (whose)

Mr Adel, whose factory produces cotton clothes, is very rich.

4- Squash keeps me fit. It is my favourite sport. (which)

Squash, which is my favourite sport, keeps me fit.

تدريبات علي القواعد

Exercises on grammar

I choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

- My neighbour Is a teacher, helps me with my English.2018 الغربية/المنيا
a. whose b. who c. which d. where
- The photo shows Alexandria in 1990, my parents lived there.2019 القاهرة
a. when b. who c. which d. where
- Mr Yasser lives next door, is a scientist.2018 الشرقية /الاقصر
a. whose b. who c. which d. whom
- We went to the supermarket, we bought some food. 2018 الفيوم
a. when b. who c. which d. where
- The museum, is near my house, is always busy in the afternoon. 2019 دمياط/جنوب سيناء
a. whose b. who c. which d. where
- I played a wonderful game with my friends,.....made us so happy.2019 الازهر
a. whose b. who c. which d. where
- The photos show Alexandria,.....my parents lived once. 2019 القاهرة
a. when b. who c. which d. where
- Ahmad,father is ill, is really sad. LM
a. that b. who c. which d. whose
- This is the company we work in. LM
a. when b. who c. which d. where
- Winter is the quietest time I can travel to Alexandria. LM
a. when b. who c. which d. where
- The email I received yesterday gave me exciting news. LM
a. when b. who c. that d. where
- Luxor, thousands of tourists stay every year, is near the Nile WB
a. which b. when c. that d. where
- English all students study at school is a very important subject WB
a. which b. who c. whose d. where
- My brother, his muscles are very strong , carried the heavy bags. WB
a. which b. who c. whose d. where
- The post office, is opposite the bank, is crowded today. SB
a. when b. who c. which d. where
- Our school, I like very much, is ten years old. SB
a. when b. who c. which d. where
- Mr Adel, factory produces cotton clothes, is very rich. SB

- a. which b. who c. that d. whose
18. March is the month,.....I was born
- a. which b. who c. when d. where
19. The professor, works at the university, knows everything about maths. **WB**
- a. which b. who c. whose d. where
20. This is the house.....my father bought last year.
- a. when b. who c. which d. where
21. The story, was written by a famous Egyptian, is very good. **WB**
- a. which b. who c. that d. whose

2— Rewrite the following using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. I went to visit my cousin last week. She lives in Luxor. (who)
الجيزة 2018
2. My uncle is an engineer. He lives in Tanta. (who)
الاسكندرية 2018
3. This is the village. My grandfather was born there (where)
القليوبية 2019
4. Those are the people. Their car was stolen (whose)
الشرقية 2019
5. Swimming keeps me fit. It's my favourite sport (which)
بنى سويف 2019
6. The story is very good. It was written by a famous Egyptian (which)
WB
7. Ahmed's cousin is a doctor. He lives in Assyut (who)
WB
8. Mona received a medal for winning the race. She is an excellent runner. (who)
WB
9. Heba travelled to Hurgada. She spent a nice holiday there (where)
LM
10. Ramzy sent beautiful flowers to his mother (which)
LM
11. Maya is slightly deaf. She is learning Egyptian Sign Language (who)
WB
12. The Deaf School was set up in Cairo. It is for all children from all over Egypt. (which)
WB
13. Mr Adel is very rich. his factory produces cotton clothes (whose)
SB
14. July is the month . We go on holiday in it. (when)
15. Our school is more than 100 years old. It has about 1,000 students (which)
WB
16. My brother carried the heavy bags. his muscles are very strong (whose)
WB

Language Functions

Invitation → الدعوة

Do you want to come to (my party) ? I'd like to invite you to Would you like to come to ?	هل تود أن تأتي الى حفلتى؟ أود أن أدعوك الى..... هل تود أن تأتي الى.....؟
* <i>Accepting invitations</i> قبول الدعوات	* <i>Refusing invitations</i> رفض الدعوات

-I'd be pleased to come. يسرنى ذلك.
-I'd love to . اود ذلك
-that /it sounds great. فكرة عظيمة

-I'm afraid I can't.....
-I'm Sorry , I can't استطيع
-I'd love to , but..... كنت اود ولكن

1) Finish the following dialogue:

5- Fatma is at school with her friend Lamia. PT 3 A

- Fatma** : You look worried.
Lamia : Yes, I am very worried.
Fatma : (1).....?
Lamia : I'm afraid that I can't find my book
Fatma : (2)Is this it?
Lamia : Yes, it is. Thank you! We're discussing the book in my book club.
(3).....?
Fatma : yes, I would love to come. Thank you for inviting me.
Lamia : (4)
Fatma : OK. I'll be there at 5.

2- Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

1. A friend invites you to go to the museum this Friday. You would like to go. القاهرة 2019
2. Your friend invites you to dinner. Refuse politely. بورسعيد / الاسماعيلية 2019
3. Your friend invites you to lunch. You accept his invitation. السويس 2018
4. You accept your friend's invitation to the sports club. الاسكندرية 2018
5. You want to invite your friend to your birthday party. القاهرة / اسيوط 2018
6. Your friend invites you to lunch. Refuse politely. 2018 الاقصر
7. You invite your friend to your birthday party. 2018 بورسعيد / البحيرة
8. Your cousin invites you to have dinner with him. You don't accept his invitation 2018 الغربية
9. Your friend invited you to his wedding. Accept. 2018 القليوبية / المنوفية
10. You want to invite your friend to your house next Friday. اسوان / قنا 2019
11. You want a friend to go with you to the club tomorrow. 2019 سوهاج
12. A friend asks you to go to the cinema this week. You like to go. 2019 السويس
13. Your friend invites you for lunch. Refuse politely 2018 الفيوم / الوادي الجديد
14. A friend asks you to go to the beach this Saturday. You would like to go. PT
15. You want to invite your friend to attend your birthday party. 2019 الجيزة
16. You want to invite your mother to a concert for Mother's Day. WB
17. You want to invite your friend to your house this Saturday. PT